

Tax Relief From Republicans?

NO WAY

Reduce Auto Tags? NO!
Louie Nunn Raised Them From \$5.00 to \$12.50

Question
Are there any service charges or fees, such as for auto license tags, that you think should be increased or decreased?

Answer
EMBERTON — "No, I know of no license fees or any others that I'm recommending any change in."

Reduce Income Taxes? NO!

Question
"Do you believe any changes should be made in the state's present income-tax arrangement, such as possibly abolishing exemption of the amount paid in federal income tax?"

Answer
EMBERTON — "At this point in time, I see no reason why there should be any necessity for its (changes in the state's income-tax arrangement)." He said there are no changes that he would advocate.

City-County Revenue-Sharing? NO!

Question
Do you favor state government's sharing some of its tax money with city and county governments, regardless of fate of proposed federal revenue sharing?

Answer
EMBERTON — Under our present structure, I don't see how it (state-local revenue sharing) can be worked out."

New Taxes? YES!

Question
Do you support any new tax, such as a severance tax?

Answer
EMBERTON — "I favor the levying of a severance tax on coal and natural gas which is mined in Kentucky." He said Kentucky is rapidly becoming the nation's No. 1 coal producer and a severance tax on coal "would give an expanded source of revenue as we move up the ladder of coal producers."

All questions and answers are printed verbatim from an interview with the candidates in the Louisville Courier-Journal.

Not This Way, Either!!!

Hundreds Employed Since The Freeze

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1971

State employes top 30,000 mark again

By WILLIAM BRADFORD

FRANKFORT, Ky.—The total number of state employes has climbed past the 30,000 mark again, about 300 more than when Gov. Louie B. Nunn ordered a freeze and cutback in jobs two years ago. As of the quarter that ended June 30, Personnel Department records show 30,453 permanent full-time employes, 2,187 seasonal full-time workers and 2,065 others, for a total of 30,707. The "other" category covers temporary, emergency and seasonal employes.

For comparison, the figures for June 1969—before Nunn ordered his freeze and cutback—were 28,589 permanent, 2,368 seasonal and 1,568 other, for a total of 30,525.

And when compared with four years ago—during the final year of former Democratic Gov. Edward T. Breathitt's term—the latest figures show a 2,528 increase in total number of employes. Broken down by category, the 1971 figures show 2,858 more permanent employes than in 1967, 716 fewer seasonal workers and 667 more other employes.

Every four years there are charges that the incumbent governor is handing out jobs as favors to drum up support for the candidacy of the man that governor would like to succeed him.

The total number of state employes now as compared to four years ago reflects an average increase of 1.5 per cent a year, but the boost over last year's

total of 28,774 represents a 6 per cent jump. The seasonal and other jobs are those most often mentioned as being handed out for political gain since the control over them is not so strict as over permanent full-time jobs under the merit system.

But the 4,272 employes now in such jobs actually number 149 fewer than was the case four years ago.

The high point in employes in these two categories was 4,756 in 1969, when the only statewide political race was an auditor. In that contest, Democrat Mary Louise Ford defeated James Thompson, the Republican Nunn had appointed to the post upon the death of Clyde Conley.

The total number of seasonal and other (not permanent or full-time) employes dropped from 4,701 in 1967, Breathitt's last year, to 3,096 in 1969, Nunn's first year. Then it went to 4,706 in 1969, dropped to 3,436 in 1970 and rose to 4,272 this year.

The total number of permanent full-time employes for that period went from 23,110 in 1967 to 21,005 in 1969, 23,509 in 1969, 25,416 in 1970 and 28,456 this year.

The decline in all categories for 1969 was a result of mass firings of Democratic employes—up to around 4,000—during the early months of Nunn's administration. The state Personnel Board subsequently ordered various state agencies to rehire more than 100 or more on the ground that their alleged political involvement had not been proved.

the surest way to remove the 5¢ tax on groceries is to vote Democratic

HERE'S WHY

- Only the Kentucky General Assembly can remove Governor Louie Nunn's 5c sales tax on groceries.
- There are **95 DEMOCRATS** in the Kentucky General Assembly.
- There are **ONLY 43 REPUBLICANS**.
- The Majority rules.
- **REPUBLICAN TOM EMBERTON** can only **PROMISE** to remove the 5c sales tax passed by **REPUBLICAN Louie Nunn**.
- **DEMOCRAT WENDELL FORD** can get the job done!
- He removed Louie Nunn's 5c tax on prescriptions, didn't he?
- He removed the sales tax on farm machinery, too!
- He even removed the sales tax on intra-family car transfers.
- That's why Wendell Ford needs your vote on November 2.
- He's a Fighter For People.

Isn't it time the people had a Governor?

Wendell Ford
FOR GOVERNOR



Julian Carroll
FOR GOVERNOR
Fighters for People

Phot. for by Democratic Campaign Committee, J. Donald Riney, Treasurer

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