

Agree or Not?
say what I Think...

By S. C. VAN CUREN
Frankfort, Ky.—The big question facing school boards throughout Kentucky is which of the three optional local taxes to choose that are provided in House Bill 471—half per cent occupational tax; three per cent tax on utilities; or 20 per cent excise tax on state income tax liability. Approximately two thirds of the

school districts are in position to derive benefit, but there is little hope for the other third, listing income, director of the Division of Finance, Department of Education said.

A study of the local tax officer will in all counties has been made and will be sent to school superintendents this week. This offers a guideline to superintendents and school boards to administer and provide least amount of revenue, but the easiest to administer and provide least. Would put hardship on retired persons living on fixed income. Would include farmer who would fare better than other two.

It is important to note that these estimates of revenue are based on projections for 1966 economic activity. While the projections for the state total appear reasonable, individual counties may vary substantially from these figures on one or more of the tax sources. Therefore, any particular figure should be interpreted with these qualifications in mind," the Revenue Department warned.

Thus, school boards would be advised to study the three possible revenue sources more thoroughly before taking action on any one.

Generally speaking, the excise tax on income would produce most for the greater number of counties, Harry Sparks, superintendent of public instruction, said. However, it would be the most expensive to administer, he believes.

The legislation provides that Fiscal Courts are to appoint a local tax officer to administer and collect the tax. "While some districts could receive excellent financial help, others could not pay the administrative cost of the provisions of the legislation," Sparks said.

The table below shows the high, state average, and low that each tax would produce per pupil in the counties:

	High	State	Low
Occupation	\$64.00	\$29.72	\$3.00
Excise	\$1.00	\$4.30	\$1.00
Utilities	\$1.00	\$18.02	\$1.00

There are good features and problems in each of the three, depending on times on conditions in the counties. However, on a statewide basis, here they are by the tax.

Occupation—produces the most revenue; but persons employed outside their home counties would pay no tax; farmers and persons receiving income from rental property and investments would escape tax; business would pay half percent on profits. Excise on income—be expensive to administer. Persons making income

reports to state would be required to fill out three line forms and file with local tax officer, listing income paid to state, rate, plus amount owed. State Revenue Department would furnish local tax officer only these figures from state returns by individuals.

Utilities tax—would provide least amount of revenue, but the easiest to administer and provide least. Would put hardship on retired persons living on fixed income. Would include farmer who would fare better than other two.

During the past year the United Salvation Army celebrated its 100th anniversary. Marking a century of service to God and men with a compassion for those in need for the necessities of life, regardless of class, nation, creed or race.

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one million service men attended classes, athletic or other events at these clubs during the past year.

The League of Mercy visited almost three million individuals in hospitals and other institutions. Many times small gifts were given to these individuals.

The Salvation Army can only do these things because of you. Your giving of your time and money during the annual campaigns for funds. Again The Salvation Army is

turning to their many friends to help during this campaign for funds. Won't you give generously? If you are not contacted for your contribution you may send or give your donation to Charles K. Watkins at The Deposit Bank in Carlisle. Checks should be made payable to The Salvation Army.

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Churches

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The Church at Worship 10:45 a. m.

HEADQUARTERS METHODIST
E. H. Gaines, Pastor
11 a. m. Worship Service
7 p. m. Youth Service
6:30 p. m. Youth Service
Every First and Third Sundays
10 a. m. Sunday School
Every Sunday Morning
11 a. m. Class Meeting,
every second and fourth Sundays
7 p. m. Prayer Meeting,
every Wednesday night.

CARLSLE PILGRIM HOLINESS
Clarence Hester, Pastor
Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.
Morning Worship, 11:00 a. m.
Evening Worship 7:30 p. m.
Prayer service, Thursday, 7:30 p. m.

SALTWELL METHODIST
L. J. Brooks, Pastor
James D. Gaunce, Lay Leader
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Worship Service, 10:30 a. m.
(1st & 3rd Sundays) 10:30 a. m.
(2nd, 4th & 5th Sundays) 10:30 a. m.
Sunday Evening Worship Service (1st & 3rd Sundays) 7:00 p. m.
MPT Sunday, 6:30 p. m.

CARLSLE BAPTIST
August Peters, Pastor
Sunday School -- 9:30 a. m.
Morning Worship -- 10:40.
Sermon: "The Crucifixion and Death of Jesus."
Training Evening -- 6:30.
Evening Worship -- 7:30.
Film: "The Crucifixion."
Midweek Prayer Service -- Wednesday, 7:30 (except 1st Wednesday which is business meeting.)

LOCUST GROVE BAPTIST
J. E. Chapman, Pastor
10:00 a. m. Sunday School
11:00 a. m. Morning Worship
7:00 p. m. Evening Worship

ROSE HILL METHODIST
L. J. Brooks
Ted Myrator, Lay Leader
Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.
Sunday Morning Service
Sunday Evening Worship Service (1st & 4th Sundays) 7:00 p. m.
Bible Study & Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p. m.
2nd & 4th Sundays, 10:30 a. m.
Methodist Class Meeting 1st, 2nd & 4th Sundays 10:30 a. m.
Bible Study & Prayer Meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

PLEASANT VALLEY CHURCH OF GOD
Frank Simons, Pastor
Teaching Service 11 a. m.
Youth Meeting - 6:30 p. m.
Evening Service - 7:00 p. m.
Midweek prayer meetings, 7:30 p. m.

THE PRESBYTERIAN
John A. Daniel, Pastor
9:30 Sunday School. There is a class here for you.
10:45 Morning Worship. Nursery available
8:30 Presbyterian Youth Fellowship.
Bible Study, Wed, 7:30.

MOOREFIELD METHODIST
E. H. Gaines, Pastor
11 a. m. Worship Service
7 p. m. Youth Service
6:30 p. m. Youth Service
Every Second and Fourth Sundays
10 a. m. Sunday School
11 a. m. Youth Service
7 p. m. Youth Service
Every First and Third Sundays
10 a. m. Sunday School
Every Sunday Morning
11 a. m. Class Meeting,
every second and fourth Sundays
7 p. m. Prayer Meeting,
every Wednesday night.

CARLSLE CHRISTIAN
Tom Lipscomb, Pastor
The Church at Study, 9:30 a class for everyone, everyone in the class.
The Church at Worshipp, 10:30. Sermon Subject: "Age of Foot" - Comparing two "fools", one lost and the other saved... as in our present day society.
The Church board will meet following the morning service.
Youth Services, 7:30. Evening Service, 7:30. Sermon Subject: "Spiriting Away" - what we plant describes our character and determines our eternal destiny.
Christian Education Committee will meet following the evening service.
"Prayer Ministries" for out spring revival at 7:30 p. m., Wednesday.

CARLSLE METHODIST
James A. Norworthy, Pastor
9:30 a. m. - Sunday Church School.
10:45 a. m. - Morning Worship.
7:30 p. m. - MPT Group Meeting.
7:00 p. m. - Prayer Group Meeting.
7:30 p. m. - Evening Service Prayer Meeting and Bible Study every Wednesday evening at 7:30.

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Farm Costs

Farm costs, already at a record high, are destined to increase further if legislation now under consideration to increase the minimum wage to \$1.40 in 1967, and \$1.60 in 1968 is passed by Congress in this election year.

Aside from extending minimum wage coverage to certain farm operators, the main impact on agriculture would be through the way the farmers buy for production.

The proposed increase in the minimum wage would increase sharply upward.

For many of the less qualified and skilled workers the increase in the minimum wage will spell unemployment rather than higher wages. This can only lead to an "escalation" in the war on poverty and require more billions from the federal treasury. If people don't want to live high school dropouts at \$1.25, how many are going to hire them at \$1.60 per hour? Under the present program Tuesday night, Mrs. Della Thompson subcommittee, farm-

ers who hire the equivalent of 300-man days in any quarter will be required to pay \$1 per hour in 1967, and \$1.15 in 1968, and \$1.30 in 1969. Roughly, this means coverage for an operator hiring seven men for 70 days a quarter. Farmers would be most affected by those producing fruits and vegetables.

Out Our Way
by Lottie O'Bannon
The Willing Workers club met at the home of Mrs. Anna Thompson Tuesday night. The voluntary workers for the Salvation Army drive are Mrs. L. E. Jarber and Mrs. Lottie O'Bannon. Mrs. Jarber will collect on Broadway and Mrs. O'Bannon will collect on Henry and Pickersil Sts. Mrs. Edna Boyd and Mrs. Corine Marshall will collect for the Red Cross this week.

The CYF will start practice for their 1st tier program Tuesday night. Mrs. Della Thompson subcommittee, farm-

Farm Income To Rise In 66
Lexington—Income per farm is expected to continue its rising trend during 1966, the University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service agricultural economist said this week in his bi-weekly business outlook report.

Kentucky's farm income per acre and per capita should increase "about, in line with the nation." The increase should not be as high as 1965's however; that year, 77 percent of the tobacco crop was sold during the calendar year, plus a large part of the 1964 crop in early 1965.

Wilder Browning, economist, said "Realized net income per acre" (cash receipts, government payments, etc.) increased during 1965. The 1965 figure was \$14.0 billion compared to \$12.9 billion for 1964, for the United States. In the same time the realized net income per acre was up in 1965, to \$14,100.

He predicted says farm income increased in 1966 probably will result from increased government payments from livestock and larger government payments, cash receipts from crop sales may be somewhat lower in 1966.

It is expected that that government payments will be up about \$1 billion "due to a change in farm program design."

Production expenses in 1966 are expected to continue to rise and will offset much of the gain in gross farm income. Prices paid by farmers for commodities, interest, taxes and wage rates) also are expected to rise. However, costs of purchased feed and livestock should remain steady and over-all production expenses are not expected to increase as much as in 1965.

In Kentucky, Browning says, "assuming tobacco production at a low at the same level as 1965, and somewhat higher prices for meat animals, slightly higher prices for dairy products, slightly lower prices for feed grains, and slightly lower production costs, the farm income will likely increase from 6 to 10 percent."

The letter pointed to a recent American Station Production Potential study, noting that (1) Kentuckians are using less of their better land than they could in cultivated crop production, and (2) income from pasture and other forage crops could be raised by better management.

"The emphasis here should be put on in-

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an hour is going to demand more money and he is likely to get it in a market already short of qualified manpower.

The increases in minimum wage rates being proposed violate the so-called wage guidelines of 3.2 percent advocated by President Johnson, and would certainly speed up inflationary trends.

February was the 16th consecutive month in which the Consumer Price Index rose higher than in the same month of the preceding year and the trend is turning sharply upward.

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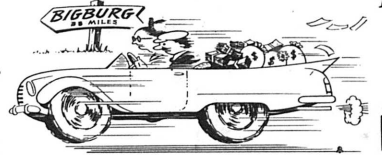
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