ABNERS MILL

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Hildreth entertained in honor of their sons and their wives who are home on furlough from camp, Cpl. and Mrs. Robert M. Hildreth, Jr., of Camp Adair, Oregon, and Pfc. and Mrs. Henry A. Hildreth of Salt Lake City, Utah.—Mr. and Mrs. Roy Workman of Flemingsburg, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Moss of Ellisville, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Fulton of Fairview, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Kenton, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sampson, Cpl. Roger Sampson, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Standiford, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Hammonds, Roy Workman, Jr., J. T. Hammonds, Geraldine and J. A. Standiford, Jr. In the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hildreth of near Mayslick, called.—Pfc. and Mrs. Henry Austin Hildreth will return to Utah the first of the week and Cpl. and Mrs. Robert M. Hildreth, Jr., expects to return to Oregon the following week end.—Cpl. Roger C. Sampson is home from Memphis, Tenn.—Mrs. Martha Kenton has gone to Maysville to visit her sister and son.—Mrs. Joe R. Delaney spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Jess Hughes.—Mr. and Mrs. Jess Hughes, Mrs. J. B. Delaney and Mrs. Joe Hughes spent Sunday with Mrs. Martha Kenton.—Mrs. S. F. Cannon visited her parents recently. Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Duncan and accompanied Gilbert Watkins back to Dayton Ohio to the Veterans Hospital.—The Ladies Christian Society of Mt. Tabor church will have their Christmas program at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Payne, Dec. 9th. Bro. Donahue and Mrs. R. C. Standiford will have charge of the program.

LOCUST GROVE

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Cannon and daughter and Mrs. Willie Stone were in Paris Friday.—Rheba Cannon spent Saturday night with Mary E. Shaw at Carlisle.—Mr. and Mrs. Justice Barbee and daughter visited relatives in Paris last week.—Mrs. Robert Grayson and Mrs. James Sadler visited Mrs. Tivis Minton Monday.—S. T. Minton visited David Grayson Friday night.—Mrs. Thelma Gilvin and children, Mrs. Douglas Shrout, son and daughter and Mrs. Ruby Tedder and son visited Mrs. Tivis Minton Thursday.—Raymond Sadler visited James F. Minton in Carlisle one night last week.—Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Shrout and children and Mrs. Tivis Minton and G. T. visited Mrs. U. G. Hawkins, who has been very ill. She is improved.—Mr. and Mrs. Willie Stone and sons and Linda Shrout spent Thanksgiving with Mrs. Mattie Parsons.—Mr. and Mrs. Verna Stone, Mr. and Mrs. John Stone and Willie Stone and family spent Sunday with Joe A. Stone and family.—Mr. and Mrs. George Wallace McClain and Cecil Stone visited Mr. and Mrs. James Stone Thanksgiving.—Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hopkins and children visited relatives over the week end.

PLEASANT VALLEY

Mrs. Robert George and three children, Mrs. Leonard Wilcoxson and three children and Mrs. Henry Hunt spent Saturday with Mrs. Addie Hunt and Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Hunt.—Mrs. James Herndon and Mrs. Henry Herndon spent Tuesday with Mrs. G. N. Maxey.—Mrs. Mollie Mitchell spent Thursday with Mrs. Leslie Vanlandingham and family.—Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Wilcoxson and son and Mrs. Taylor Hunt, son and daughter spent Thursday with Mrs. C. F. Letcher and family.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Owens and little daughter spent a few days with Mrs. Sallie Dayton.—Brenda Vanlandingham spent a few days with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Mitchell.—Mrs. James Herndon spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. C. F. Letcher.

BANTA

Mrs. Jackson Woodard, Mrs. Taylor White and daughter, Miss Goldie White of Mt. Sterling, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Woodard.—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Moran and little son of Maysville, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Walls McCowen.—Mr. and Mrs. Everett Dale of Montgomery county, spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Woodard.—Mrs. Lawrence Woodard and daughter, Oddie Woodard, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Vaughn of Carlisle, Saturday.—Mr. William Sellers of Ohio, has returned to his home after visiting relatives here.—Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hamm were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walls McCowen Saturday afternoon.—Mr. Henry Woodard of Paris spent a few days last week with his brother, Lawrence Woodard.—John Marshall is building a new house on his farm near here and will move to it in the spring.

TUNNELL HILL

Mrs. Ted Beckett and three children, June, Bonnie Sue and Noal Lynn of Maysville, spent from Thursday until Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Mattie Boone.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bowles and children of Mt. Sterling, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Tony Hammonds.—Miss Lucy Hammonds returned to Mt. Sterling Sunday after several weeks stay with Mr. and Mrs. Marion Cannon.—Miss Laura Boone of Maysville, spent Saturday and Sunday with her brother, Shirley Boone and wife in Carlisle.—Mr. and Mrs. Paris Fern and Evelyn Fern were in Carlisle Saturday.—Mrs. Nick Smoot and Mrs. Lucy Dinsmore of Carlisle, spent Tuesday and Wednesday with Mrs. Mattie Boone.—Mrs. George Henson of Chicago, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mont McGohan last week.—G. N. Maxey of Ironton, Ohio, spent the week end here.

CONCORD

Miss Hemma Ruth Hamilton and Miss Hester Ann Smoot spent Friday afternoon with Mrs. George Bell.—Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Smart [illegible]

OAKLAND MILLS

[illegible]

BALD HILL

Frank Guthrie and family spent the holiday season with their daughter [illegible]

JACKSTOWN

[illegible]

WILSON

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Grimes and sons spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Tapp.—Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Skeen spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. C. C. Skeen.—Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Scott spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Tommie Colliver.—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Banta entertained the following Sunday in honor of their son, Jimmie's eighteenth birthday: Mr. and Mrs. Dick Hickey and family, Mr. and Mrs. Pat Hickey, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Hickey and family of Bethel, Mr. and Mrs. John Hickey of near Winchester, Mrs. Margaret O'Connell and family, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Johnson, Miss Bridgett Hickey of Lexington.—Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Thompson of Carlisle, visited the East Union school last Monday morning for the chaple exercises. Their visit was very much appreciated by both pupils and teachers. Mrs. Thompson's reading was greatly enjoyed by all.—Robert Skeen of Cincinnati, spent a few hours with his mother, Mrs. C. C. Skeen, Friday night.

BARTERVILLE 4-H CLUB NEWS

The Barterville 4-H Club gave its regular monthly meeting Friday afternoon, Nov. 19 at 2:30 o'clock.

The sixth grade, led by Edward Small, gave in the form of a play, "The General's Army."

The fifth grade, led by Mildred Burden, gave "The General's Kitchen."

The fourth grade, led by Billie Feeback, gave, "A Skit by Four Members."

[illegible]

121,319 WAR CASUALTIES

[illegible]

RETONGA "BEATS ANY MEDICINE HE EVER SAW"

He Didn't Want To Eat And Everything Caused Distress From Indigestion, Says Mr. Burnett. Is Always Recommending Retonga Now.

MR. T. C. BURNETT

Mr. T. C. Burnett, well known automobile man and former grocery store proprietor, who resides at 210 E. 5th Ave., Knoxville, Tenn., is among the latest to come forward with a strong public endorsement of Retonga. Discussing his relief through this noted medicine, Mr. Burnett gratefully states:

"Sour indigestion, gas pains, and bloating after meals made me almost afraid to eat. My appetite was so poor that I did not want much anyhow, but no matter how little I ate I seemed to suffer just the same. My sleep did not seem to refresh me or do me much good, and constipation forced me to use strong laxatives regularly. I felt so bad that I knew something had to be done or I would soon be unable to work.

"I heard Retonga is good, but the way it relieved all this distress was a big surprise to me. I now eat everything without the slightest feeling of distress. I sleep fine, that stubborn constipation is relieved, and I feel fine. Retonga beats any medicine I ever saw."

Retonga is intended to relieve distress due to Vitamin B-1 deficiency, constipation, insufficient flow of digestive juices in the stomach, and loss of appetite. Accept no substitute. Retonga may be obtained at Carlisle Drug Store and Hopkins Drug Co. Adv.

War Worker

Bobby Gregory is doing his war work by salvaging fat from his lunch [illegible]

C. D. RAZOR
with
Baugh & Garner
Lexington, Ky.
Night Phone 2187-R

Here Is The Way Your Frozen Food Locker Will Look

$100 - Mr. and Mrs. Homekeeper, do you know you can make $100 and live better by renting a locker from Carlisle Locker Storage? - $100

Interior View Of A Frozen Food Locker Building

Do you need a Locker? If so, you must sign your application and deposit for it. There is no other way to get one. The Government has made that ruling.

Your application and deposit must be on file at the Bank to prove that Carlisle and the Community needs the system. Here's what a modern Food Locker will mean to you:

80 Per cent less labor is required than in canning or preserving and you have no failures.

You can have Fresh Strawberries, Blackberries, Raspberries, Fresh Lima Beans, String Beans and your Fresh Corn on the Cob any time of the year. When your spring chickens are ready for broilers or frying, you can dress them, saving on your feed bill, and put them in the Locker, and have spring chicken any time you wish. You can butcher any time that it is convenient for you, Winter and Summer and eliminate your chances of spoiling your meat by the weather changes.

Preserve the full flavor and vitamin content of YOUR OWN HOME-PRODUCED Vegetables, Fruits and Meats the most modern way.

QUICK FREEZE

Authorities agree that food [illegible] higher [illegible] value when QUICK FROZEN and properly stored than when home-canned [illegible] the result is increased energy, vitality and good health. A Locker will hold [illegible] of food; a [illegible] one-half of a [illegible] Beef. One Hundred Spring Chickens, [illegible] same amount of fruit or vegetables.

[illegible]

Door Type $12 Per Yr
Drawer Type $15 Per Yr

—HELP YOUR GOVERNMENT IN PRESERVING FOOD—

You Can Sign For One Now At The Following Places. Why Not Do It Now?

The First National Bank — County Agent's Office

COMMITTEE
W. T. STRAW, E. M. SMITH, C. S. WHALEY, S. F. HUTCHINGS, W. G. IRVIN, W. E. PIPER, GEO. RANKIN CARTER

QUICK RELIEF FROM Symptoms of Distress Arising from STOMACH ULCERS DUE TO EXCESS ACID
Free Book Tells of Home Treatment that Must Help or It Will Cost You Nothing
[illegible]
HOPKINS DRUG CO.

DR. P. R. MYERS
CHIROPRACTOR
712 Main St., Paris, Ky.

GROWERS WAREHOUSES
NO. 1, 2, AND 3
Poplar And Union Streets Phone 925
MAYSVILLE, KENTUCKY

Now Open To Receive Tobacco
(ALL CROPS FULLY INSURED)

WE INVITE YOU TO INSPECT OUR NO. 3 HOUSE AND SEE THE MANY IMPROVEMENTS.

Unload You At Any Time
PROMPT AND COURTEOUS SERVICE
WE WILL GET YOU THE FULL VALUE FOR YOUR TOBACCO

P. P. Parker — Sales — Gene Crain
— Floor —
Hermon Stapleton — Frazee Stapleton
Ned Saunders — Office — Fred Hinton

FARMERS ASKED TO JOIN BUREAU

Unity In Agriculture Stressed, Contact Committees Arranged; Resolutions Are Adopted

Nicholas county Farm Bureau directors are asking that farmers and others interested in the welfare of agriculture join the Farm Bureau in order to assist with the program of equality and parity of agriculture. The Farm Bureau directors are arranging committees of three to contact farmers and others for membership in the Farm Bureau for 1944. These committees will work on Tuesdays and Saturdays with a completion of the membership campaign on November 27.

The present officers and directors of the Farm Bureau are: Frank C. Henry, president; Ernest Piper, vice-president; Claude Wealey, Sec.-Treas., Jim Miller, James G. Allison, J. A. Standiford, George Rankin Carter, Blair S. Stephenson, W. G. Irvin, Harry Letton, Howard Sidles, G. C. Grover.

The origin of the Farm Bureau is unique in that the first county units were organized by the Extension Service in cooperation with leading farmers as a means of bringing better farming methods into widespread use.

When the county units were federated into state and national federations, however, it became necessary for the Extension Service to withdraw from the organizing job, for the reason that the organization became a farmers' advocate before state and national legislatures, and for the further reason that the Farm Bureaus began to organize cooperative marketing and buying subsidiaries. Extension continued, however, to work closely with the local units in bringing about improved farming practices and in furnishing economic information to the organization.

In recent years, the American Farm Bureau Federation has been pooling its efforts with those of other farm organizations on leading farm issues, and the result is that there is a united front in agriculture to a greater degree than ever before. Leaders of the Farm Bureau, the National Grange, the National Council of Farmer Cooperatives and the National Milk rPoducers Federation have in numerous instances signed joint statements to congress, outlining the common position of all four organizations.

That the Farm Bureau members appreciate the importance of unity in agriculture is indicated in the following resolution adopted at the last convention of the organization:

"The Farm Bureau is interested in the welfare of all farm people. No restrictions as to tenure, size of farm or commodity denies the right of any farmer to become a member of the organization. The membership includes all kinds of farmers and all types of agriculture.

"The American Farm Bureau Federation believes that the first requisite for the solution of the economic and social problems of agriculture is to attain fair prices and income sufficient to pay off farm indebtedness and maintain proper standards of living.

"To the extent that farm income makes it possible, we urge that every effort be made by the voluntary cooperation of farmers and their organizations, all working together, to improve the housing conditions and standards of living of owners, tenants, sharecroppers and workers.

"We commend the unity with which the National Grange, the American Farm Bureau Federation, the National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, the National Cooperative Milk Producers Federation, and other organizations of farmers worked together as a team in several important legislative battles during the year.

"We call upon our leaders, our members, and upon all farmers to intensify their efforts to bring about the more complete organization and unification of American agriculture. Any movement that tends to arouse class antagonism in agriculture, to array small farmers against large farmers, tenants against land owners, commodity group against commodity group or section against section is un-American and must be resisted."

TRAPPING SEASON OPENED NOVEMBER 24

The Kentucky Trappers' attention is called to the trapping regulations for the 1943 fur-bearer season which began Nov. 24 and ends Jan. 9, under the Anti-Steel-Trap law, by S. A. Wakefield, Director of the Division of Game and Fish.

For the water animals, such as Muskrat and Mink, the Briddell Rubber-jawed trap, size 1, shall be used along the shores of streams, lakes or ponds where drowning-sets may be made in the water at least 22 inches deep, so that the animal will be quickly drowned. No trap shall be set without a drowning device. These prevent not only trap-thieving, but also wring-offs and injuries to fur.

For foxes, the Verbail Chain-loop trap is to be used. This trap may also be used for opossum, skunk and raccoon. But the best trap for opossum and skunk is the Box Trap, plans of which may be obtained from the Division of Game and Fish office upon written request.

As the Raccoon has been reported as being scarce in many sections of Kentucky, Wakefield urged all trappers to use discretion in the trapping of this animal so that it will not be exterminated in the Bluegrass State.

For Weasel and House Rat, the Official Weasel Trap has been adopted.

All furbearers may be taken in home-made box or cage traps, with the old-fashioned deadfall, or with instant-killers set for back in holes or burrows.

Every trap set shall be visited every 24 hours after setting, and any animal found therein killed instantly, or liberated unhurt.

Wakefield also pointed out that no person shall set any trap on the land of another without written permission from the owner of the land. And that there is a fine of not less than $10 nor more than $50 as the penalty for any violation of this trapping law.

The Briddell and Verbail traps may be bought from any dealer in the state, through the wholesale firms of the Belknap Co., and the Stratton, Terstegge Co., Louisville, Ky. The Instant-killing Weasel trap may be obtained from any hardware dealer. There is no open season for beaver and otter in Kentucky. The resident state trapping license costs $1, while the non-resident state trapping license sells for $10.50.

LEXINGTONIAN, FATHER OF 9 TAKEN BY ARMY

As a soldier, Roy Lee Watford, 34, of 205 Georgetown street, Lexington, who reported for active duty with the Army at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., recently, will add $268 to the monthly expenditures of the War Department.

Inducted three weeks ago by the Woodford county draft board at Versailles, his former home, Wafford has a wife and nine children living in Lexington. His dependents will receive $240 a month and Wafford will receive $28.

Ranging in age from six months to 13 years, the children are: Charles, 6 months, Joyce 16 months, Erneestine 3; James, 4; Emery, 5; Jessie Ray, 8; Roy Junior, 10; Ruth, 11, and Violet, 13.

Make it a thrifty CHRISTMAS—give WAR BONDS. Keep on BACKING THE ATTACK.

The World At War

No. 100

By Charles [illegible] Knapp, Professor of History, University of Kentucky

THE PACIFIC AREA: A week ago, when this column was being written, the first reports were coming in of offensive operations by the Navy in the south central Pacific Ocean. Slowly definite information was forthcoming which suggested that the operations were the forerunners of a wide-spread naval and air and ground offensive aimed at the western outer fringe of Japanese-held islands. In the early days of the war, the country was thrilled by the sturdy defense of Wake Island by American Marines. In the end, however, the Japanese took Wake Island, which is located west of Hawaii, on the direct line to the Philippines through Guam. To the south of Wake lie two groups of coral islands known as the Marshall and Gilbert Islands which were finally taken from small British garrisons. It was against the Gilbert Islands, those to the south of the Marshalls, that last week end an American naval task force commenced operations.

The principal attacks were made on Tarawa and Betio Islands in the Gilbert group on Nov. 20. Warships and carrier-based planes shelled the beaches and then landing craft put off from the transports. These islands are small, long and narrow, and their surface is barely above sea level. Only a few cocoanut palm trees provide any cover or screen for either the defenders or for the invaders. The Japanese, however, had dug into the coral rock emplacements for machine guns which covered the open beaches. The water was shallow off-shore, but there was absolutely no cover for the boats or for the men as they made their way to the beaches and waded ashore. Latest eye-witness reports say that the fighting was the fiercest encountered in the whole Pacific area. Both islands and their airplane runways have been taken, though probably at heavy cost.

While these operations were going on, other task forces and carrier based planes shelled and bombed the airfields on the islands in the Marshall group. Apparently the fight developed into a hand-to-hand fight between American and Japanese fighting men. For the size of the islands, relatively large forces are reported to have been engaged. In the end the Japanese were wiped out or wiped themselves out when they faced the fact of defeat. It is perhaps important that during the operation Japanese naval craft, known to be at Truk, to the southwest, made no effort to make a diversion to help the beleaguered garrisons. The Marshalls will be the next on the schedule, and with their conquest as well as that of the Gilberts the United States Navy will have gained unsinkable aircraft carriers to add to the 40 new carriers which it has been announced have been added to the American fleet in the past twelve months. Operations against the Marshalls are likely to follow quickly and increased activity in the Solomons and New Guinea is most probable.

THE EUROPEAN FRONT: The Russians, while losing ground in the Kiev sector, have taken Gomel, further to the north, and have made steady advances during the week. Nazi resistance remains strong, strong enough to hold and to counter-attack locally on some fronts to prevent the Russians from breaking through and enveloping large numbers of German troops.

Berlin and Bremen have felt the full force of Anglo-American air power during the week. Three heavy raids are reported to have destroyed the heart of Berlin and about one-third of the German capital. Less resistance seems to have been encountered by the raiders who suffered smaller losses than in the raids of a couple of weeks ago. In Italy the situation has changed very little.

THIS WOMAN'S VALUE

In nine months on the job at the Packard Motor Car plant in Detroit, Mrs. Bernice Palmer, with no previous mechanical experience, has made 9 suggestions, each of which increased war production substantially, some as much as 100 per cent. For example observing that rubber rings used in airplane engines stuck together when they were packed while hot, she applied her experience in baking doughnuts—suggested powdering the rings, and saved countless man-hours and rings.

ARMY CUTS BUTTER ALLOWANCE

The peacetime daily butter allowance of two ounces per soldier has been reduced to approximately 1.12 ounces per man, the War Department has reported.

150TH ANNIVERSARY OF FIRST MASS IN KENTUCKY

Sunday, Nov. 28th, marked the 150th anniversary of the first mass said in Kentucky by the Rev. Stephen Theodore Badin, first Catholic priest ordained in the United States, in Lexington.

Following his ordination by Bishop John Carroll, the first bishop of the United States, Father Badin came to Kentucky on foot from Baltimore, Md., to Pittsburgh, whence he traveled by flatboat down the Ohio river to Kentucky. Arriving in Maysville, which was then known as Limestone, he walked the 65 miles to Lexington.

The only priest in Kentucky in 1793, he traveled more than 100,000miles doing missionary work until 1819, when he returned to France, his native country. There as vicar general of Bishop Flaget of Kentucky, he collected funds and recruited priests for American frontier missions.

At the age of 60 Father Badin rode west, this time with Pokagon chief of the Potawatomies. He established schools for the Indians and was planning an orphan asylum for the children of the tribe when he was interrupted by the Black Hawk War of 1832. He died in Cincinnati in 1853, and his remains now lie in a replica of his own log chapel built by an ex-slave of Kentucky.

ARMY HAS NEW PRESS RULE ON AIR CRASHES

The War Department has announced it is taking steps to expedite publishable information concerning airplane accidents. The department issued this memorandum:

"Commanding officers of all military installations within the United States have been directed by the War Department to speed up the release of information about airplane accidents in their neighborhood.

"In the orders the commanding officer of the facility nearest to the scene of the accident is required to provide newspapers, wire services and radio stations with complete releasable information three hours after the dispatch of telegraphic notification of casualty to next of kin or immediately following telephonic notification.

"Where the scene of an accident is beyond the limits of a military reservation specific instructions have been given that there shall be no interference by military personnel with reporters and photographers in the performance of their duties. Public relations officers are ordered to cooperate as much as possible.

"It is the desire of the War Department," the circular reads, "to reduce the over-all delay between the time of an aircraft accident and the release of information to the press. Such procedure will relieve the anxiety of parents and other relatives of all airmen stationed at the field which figures in the accident."

Nurses Keep Fit

Three navy nurses in training at the Treasure Island Naval Training station at San Francisco, Calif., learn to use the cargo net in the swimming pool. Wartime nurses must be fit and ready to withstand hardship.

WHAT MAKES RED HAIR

Titian beauty that has so long baffled scientists who couldn't discover the secret of red hair, has been solved. The University of Chicago investigators have found that the red pigment in glowing red hair is iron compounded with other substances. The chemical name of the material is "a complex phenolic iron compound."

IF YOU SELL BUTTER

Collect the correct number of points for the farm-produced butter you sell. Mail or take these points to your War Price and Rationing Board at the end of each month, together with a simple form the board will furnish you. Farm butter now has the same ceiling price as creamery butter.

Improved Uniform International SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D. Of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. Released by Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for December 5

Lesson subjects and Scripture texts selected and copyrighted by International Council of Religious Education; used by permission.

THE SIN OF COVETOUSNESS

LESSON TEXT—Exodus 20:17; Luke 12:13-25.

GOLDEN TEXT—Thou shalt not covet . . . anything that is thy neighbor's.—Exodus 20:17.

The Ten Commandments (the last one of which we study today) are characterized by their brevity, their comprehensive touch with all of life, and fidelity to the right. But they are also unique and different from all other laws in that they reach into the inner recesses of a man's heart, a realm where only God can judge and act.

This last commandment (against covetousness) emphasizes that point, for it does not expressly require or forbid any act, but deals with the motive of man's action. Man can judge another man's acts, but he cannot judge his motives, desires, or thoughts. God must do that.

But man can, by the grace of God, control his motives; and hence we have this commandment and its interpretation.

I. The Sin—Covetousness (Ex. 20:17).

It may be a surprise to many to learn that coveting—or desiring what belongs to another—is a sin. It has become one of the "respectable sins" accepted in the best circles and practiced by many church people.

As a matter of fact, this sin underlies all the other sins against which the commandments speak. He who has a love for money and an evil desire to have his neighbor's possessions will hate, lie, steal, cheat, kill, in fact, as Dr. Morgan says, "The whole realm of human interrelations is disorganized and broken up by the dishonoring of the tenth commandment."

If you have become a lover of money, or one who longs to have what your friends own, beware. You are in real danger.

II. The Result — A Ruined Life (Luke 12: 13-21).

To have such a spirit makes a man greedy (v. 13), callous and selfish (vv. 17-19), and foolish (v. 20), both regarding this life and that which is to come.

The yardstick of success in the world—for an individual, an organization, or a nation; yes, even for many a church—is the possession of wealth, or property, or other "things." Write it in large letters on the hearts and minds of our boys and girls, "A man's life consisteth not in the abundance of the things which he possesseth" (v. 15).

The one who was known to his friends (and to himself) as "a rich man" (v. 16), but whom God knew as a "fool" (v. 20), had more than he could use for himself. He had to build new and bigger barns, and could not see the "barns" that were already prepared, for, as Ambrose says, "Thou hast barns—the bosoms of the needy, the houses of widows, the mouths of orphans and infants."

He was a fool who loved money for himself. One wonders what he had to say for himself when that very night he was called into the presence of God to give an account of his stewardship (v. 20). If you are similarly situated and have the same attitude, what will you say in that day?

An important point which we must note is that Jesus expressly repudiated the connecting of His name with the so-called "social gospel" in His reply (v. 14).

III. The Cure—Trust in God (Luke 12:22-25).

Because covetousness destroys the best in life, we ought to shun it like poison. The best antidote (or cure) if we have been poisoned by it is to go all-out in our trust and confidence in God.

We who are children of God are to take no anxious thought for the morrow. This does not forbid proper preparation and forethought, but it does rule out fretful anxiety. The reasons are very clear and cogent.

First of all, while food and clothing are important, they are not of first importance. The vital thing is that one have life. Otherwise things are useless (v. 23). We must keep our sense of proportion, of relative values.

Then too, God is the One who must care for every one of us. And He does care for us! Why not trust Him? He cares for all creation; can He not care for you? If then you trust the all-powerful One, what occasion is there for worry, or covetousness?

And finally comes the devastating argument. Worry never accomplished anything. Anxiety does not help anyone, anytime, anywhere. So why be anxious?

It is clear then that a desire for that which belongs to others is a sin which destroys man's happiness and usefulness. It is needless—as is all anxiety—because only God can provide, and He will provide if we trust Him.

Life becomes simple, pleasant, useful, confident, yes, really Christian, when we get our eyes off things and on the Lord.

Use Mercury Classified Ads.

NAVY WILL TRAIN QUALIFIED MEN FOR SPECIAL DUTIES

The Navy Recruiting Station in Lexington announced today that they are especially interested in qualified men for the new branch of the Navy known as the Ship Repair Unit. Among the jobs listed in this branch of service is the Diver and Powderman. The duties of the Diver is the use of hand and pneumatic power tools and gas and electric cutting torches in making under water repairs to damaged vessels. Wash holes and reeve lines sweep wires and chain under submerged objects.

The duties of the Powderman are to blast sunken ships and other obstructions from harbors. These men must be physically qualified for and willing to be trained as a diver.

Among the other skilled men needed are the following: anglesmith, blacksmith, boatbuilder, boilermaker, carpenter, cement worker, chipper and caulker, coppersmith, crane operator, cupola tender, diesel engine mechanic, driller, electrician, engine operator, forger, foundryman, gasoline engine mechanic, instrument maker, watchmaker, machinist, patternmaker, pipefitter, radio engineer, riveter, sail maker, sheetmetal worker, shipfitter steel worker, telephone and switchboard man and welders.

All men who have had experience in any of the above trades may qualify for Petty Officer Ratings in the U. S. Navy.

PARABLE OF THE ISMS

(Falmouth Outlook)

SOCIALISM: If you have two cows, you give one to your neighbor.

COMMUNISM: If you have two cows, you give them to the government, and the government gives you some milk.

FASCISM: If you have two cows, you keep the cows but give the milk to the government, and then the government sells you some milk.

NEW DEALISM: If you have two cows, you shoot one and milk the other, and then you your the milk down the drain.

NAZISM: If you have two cows, the government shoots you and keeps the cows.

CAPITALISM: If you have two cows, you sell one and buy a bull.

Estimated State Revenue

Tax income of around $30,000,000 for each of the next two fiscal years has been estimated by the State Revenue Department as a guide for the coming legislative appropriations from the state's general revenue fund.

The totals, compared with an estimate of $29,247,000 for the current fiscal year and $33,580,000 for the peak year of 1941-42, were compiled on the assumption that the state income tax would continue to be collected.

Gov.-Elect S. S. Willis has indicated he will ask the 1944 General Assembly to abolish the income tax which brings in around $8,000,000 annually.

Stating, however, that the estimates were calculated on the basis of present revenue laws, Acting State Revenue Commissioner J. E. Luckett explained they also were based on other factors which had to be assumed. Among them were that the war, at least in the Pacific sector, would continue through 1945, and also that there would be some increase in whisky production during the 1944-46 biennium.

Luckett's general fund estimates were:

1943-44 (current fiscal year): $29,247,257, including income tax, $8,000,000 and liquor wine and beer $4,767,007.

1944-45: $30,275,750 including income tax, $8,200,000 and liquor, wine and beer, $5,762,000.

1945-46: $30,167,750, including income tax, $7,300,000 and liquor, wine and beer, $6,887,000.

For the road fund, Luckett estimated its income during its current fiscal year ending next March 31 would be $14,575,900; for its 1944-45 fiscal year, $12,869,250, and for its 1945-46 fiscal year, $12,683,750.

Save solid fats cut from meats in preparation, or left over at the table. Solid fats should be melted down when the oven is on and strained into a container.

Keep on BACKING the ATTACK with WAR BONDS

W. P. LITTLE, President — K. M. LITTLE, Sec'y. & Treas.

Tobacco Growers

Due to the tire and gasoline shortage we have been unable to see personally all our old friends and customers this season. However we are using this means of extending to you again this year our invitation to sell your tobacco crop at the Growers Tobacco Warehouse in Lexington.

Growers Tobacco Warehouse Co.
Anglin Avenue — Lexington, Ky.
REPRESENTATIVES
Mack Ritchie and Judge D. M. Curry
47-5t

KEEP ON Backing the Attack! WITH WAR BONDS

Two Farms For Sale

One farm of 119 acres, brick house, two barns, granary and cribs, other outbuildings.

Another farm of 150 acres, brick house, barn and other outbuildings.

Will sell as a whole, or as single farms. Good tobacco base.

F. G. LILE, Agent
Hillsboro, Ohio, Route 4

CLARK BROS., Owners
Hillsboro, Ohio, Route 4 48-2t

Bed-Room Suites
Living Room Furniture
Rugs
Stoves
Kitchen Furniture
AT
Wheelers
302 Main St. PARIS, KY