POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Sheriff

We are authorized to announce **FLOYD (Humpty) CLARK** as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff of Nicholas County, subject to the action of the voters in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **WALTER STONE** as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff of Nicholas County, subject to the action of the voters in the August Primary.

For County Judge

We are authorized to announce **WALTER SHEPHERD** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for County Judge subject to the action of the Democrats of Nicholas county in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **L. B. BARTON** as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for County Judge, subject to the action of the Democrats of Nicholas County, in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **D. M. CURRY** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for County Judge, subject to the action of the Democrats of Nicholas county in the August Primary.

For County Attorney

We are authorized to announce **BRUCE MORFORD** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for County Attorney of Nicholas County, subject to the action of the voters in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **WILLIAM H. CONLEY, JR.** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for County Attorney of Nicholas County, subject to the action of the voters in the August Primary.

For Magistrate

We are authorized to announce **JESSE T. OCKERMAN** as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Second Magisterial District subject to the action of the voters in that District in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **FRANK J. REED** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Third Magisterial District, subject to the action of the voters in that district in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **R. M. SMITH** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the First Magisterial District subject to the action of the voters in that district in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **RAY HAMILTON** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Fifth Magisterial District, subject to the action of the voters in that district in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **HAMER MILLER** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Fourth Magisterial District subject to the action of the voters in that district in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **WILSON J. (Buster) CLARK** as candidate for Magistrate in the Third Magisterial District subject to the action of voters in that district in he August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **PHILIP SUGG** as candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Second Magisterial District, subject to the action of voters in that district in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **J. W. BURNAW** as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Fifth Magisterial District subject to the action of the voters in that District in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **LUTHER "Peck" FINCH** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Third Magisterial District subject to the action of the voters in that district in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **GLENN BOOTH** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Fourth Magisterial District subject to the action of the voters in that district in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **LEONARD ALEXANDER** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Magistrate in the Second Magisterial District subject to the action of the voters in that district in he August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **A CLAY CLINKENBEARD** as candidate for Magistrate in the Fourth Magisterial District that District in the August Primary.

We are authorized to announce **WM. LOVELL HOLLAR** as candidate for Magistrate in the First Magisterial District subject to the action of voters in subject to the action of voters in that District in the August Primary.

For State Senator

We are authorized to announce **W. J. CURTIS** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for State Senator from the Thirtieth Senatorial District subject to the action of the Democrats in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **S. C. TILTON** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for State Senator from the Thirtieth Senatorial District subject to the action of the Democrats in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **D. H. HILDRETH** of Robertson County, as a candidate for State Senator in the Thirtieth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Bracken, Harrison, Nicholas and Robertson, subject to the action of the Democratic Party, at the Primary Election, August 2, 1941.

We are authorized to announce **H. STANLEY BLAKE** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for State Senator from the Thirtieth Senatorial District subject to the action of the Democrate in the August Primary.

For Representative

We are authorized to announce **HYLEND WINKLE LINVILLE** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Representative of the 70th District subject to the action of the Democrats in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **FOLEY CONNER** as a candidate for Democratic nomination for Representative of the 70th District subject to the action of the Democrats in the August primary.

For Jailer

We are authorized to announce **J. W. SMITH** as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailer of Nicholas county, subject to the action of the voters in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **GEORGE DONAHUE** as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailer of Nicholas County, subject to the action of the voters in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **W. S. OWENS** as candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailer of Nicholas county, subject to the action of the voters in the August primary.

We are authorized to announce **MRS. BERTHA C. CAMERON** as candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailer of Nicholas County, subject to the action of the voters in the August Primary.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Nicholas Circuit Court
Mary E. Campbell Plaintiff
vs. Notice of Sale in Equity
Eva Barbee Blount, Defendant

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale rendered in the above styled action at the May, 1941 term of the Nicholas Circuit Court, the undersigned Master Commissioner will on

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1941

at or about the hour of 2:30 p. m. offer for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder on a credit of six and twelve months, the following described property:

Two certain tracts or parcels of land lying near the City of Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky, more particularly described as follows:

FIRST TRACT: Beginning at a post in Fishers line corner to second tract therein: S 78 E 34.80 poles to a stone in Waugh's line; corner to Fisher; thence S 78 E 34.80 poles to a post in Dick Metcalfs line, corner to colored cemetery; thence S 20.75 poles to a stone, corner to second tract; thence N 81 W 34.60 poles to the beginning, containing four and five-eights (4 5-8 acres).

SECOND TRACT: Beginning at a stone on the east margin of passway being Northwest corner to King Bros. lot; thence S 81 E 33.80 poles to a stone corner to King Bros. in Veach and Taylors line; thence N 1 1-2 E 10 poles to a small elm and stone in Veach & Taylors line; thence N 81 W 34 poles to a stake on the margin of said passway; thence with east margin of said passway S 3-4 W 10 poles to the beginning, containing 2 acres and containing in both tracts 6 5-8 acres.

This being the same property conveyed to Eva Blount by John H. Campbell and wife by deed dated March 1st, 1939, D. B. 45 page 514, Nicholas County Clerk's Office. All tax assessments for the year 1941 and thereafter shall be paid by the purchaser, all prior taxes to be paid out of the proceeds of sale.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved surety for the payment of the purchase money having the force and effect of a replevin bond, bearing 6 per cent interest from date until paid.

A lien will be retained on the land sold to secure the payment of the purchase money bonds. Amount to be made on day of sale, $625.00 with interest from March 1st, 1939. School taxes, $14.50. Cost of this action $——.

Wm. Conley, Master Commissioner, Nicholas Circuit Court.
Roger Womack, Attorney for plaintiff. 7-10-3t

Dispelling The Fog

By Charles Michelson Director of Publicity, Democratic National Committee

If you were stranded in a snake-infested swamp, you would doubtless prefer being rescued by a beautiful lady driving a new Rolls Royce. But if that sort of rescuer failed to show up and, instead, appeared a recreant bootlegger fleeing from the vengeance of his gangster colleagues, and driving a dirty old truck, would you decline his proposition that he was going in the same direction you had in mind and was quite agreeable to traveling in your company?

With some qualifications, that is the position in which America finds itself in regard to Soviet Russia.

We have the biblical injunction to love our enemies, but nowhere is the obligation to love our allies made a duty. In other words, as long as the Communists are doing their part toward staying the on-march of Hitler and the system he represents we are going to help the Reds, without indorsing their destructive and subversive principles. The fight the Soviets are putting up against the power-mad dictator is not with any notion of helping this country, except that our benevelent neutrality toward Great Britain makes us partners in the enterprise of preserving democracy. That enterprise perhaps leaves Russia cold, but we happen to have the same immediate objective, even with contrary motives.

In this kind of fracas it does not do to look a gift horse in the mouth. Every German tank destroyed, every Luftwaffe bomber shot down, every Panzer division shattered is so much gained by the forces opposed to totalitarianism, and it is not a matter of consequence whether the destruction is accomplished by the British R. A. F. or by Stalin's troops. A good many people visualize Stalinism and Hitlerism as twin enemies of civilization. Certainly civilization is going to find it easier to survive if the twins fight each other until one or both are exhausted, than if they made common cause against democracy.

Total triumph either for the Soviets or for the Reich is the most improbable of possible outcomes to the struggle. Germany may beat back the Russians, occupy their western cities an doverrun the wheat and oil fields, but the Russians falling back would duplicate the situation in China where Japan apparently can take what she pleases but cannot conquer the country. On the other hand, the Russians may be able to stem the Nazi tide. Some of the military experts tell us that a stalemate is the most that can be hoped for. At all events, America has no reason to fear Russian success, while Hitler success spells all manner of peril for our country.

Any set-back for Hitler, even the stalemate that would keep a huge German force fighting on an eastern front means that much greater advantage for England, and consequently for us, for the longer such a struggle lasts, the nearer will be our approach to complete preparation and the maximum of production of the defense material for Great Britain.

An unhappy element of the situation is that the Baltic countries are forced by stress of circumstances into the German sphere. So we have Sweden permitting the passage of a German division to take part in the anti-Russian campaign from Finland, and we have Finland—America's favorite among the small European nations—siding with Hitler. This is not because either Sweden or Finland cherishes any love for the Nazi axis, but simply because they exist under the paw of the Russian bear. The Soviet outfit constitutes their immediate peril. Actually, these Baltic countries have no more affection for Nazi Germany than we have for Red Russia, but expediency works in both instances.

All we can hope is that when the struggle is over, and Hitlerism has passed into history as a nightmare of this generation, we may be in a position to save these Baltic countries from being punished for their forced adherence to a hideous ideology.

SALTWELL

Born—July 9th to Mr. and Mrs. Leland Jones, a son, Larry Stephens.

Mrs. C. C. Tanner returned home Saturday evening after visiting relatives near Cincinnati.

U. G. Mattox and family, Lee Hollar and family and Charles Tanner spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hollar.

Mrs. Strawder Feeback and daughter, Evelyn, spent Sunday with Mrs. Myrtle Kenney and children.

Sorry to hear of the passing of Rev. R. D. Huston at Wilmore. Rev. Huston was pastor here a few years ago.

Rev. C. C. Tanner filled his appointment at Mt. Pleasant Sunday.

Mrs. W. S. Rule and son, Allen, visited Mr. and Mrs. Berry R. Gaunce near Shadynook Sunday.

Mrs. Flossie L. Asbury and son, Griffith, spent Sunday with Mrs. Vera Gaunce.

Mr. and Mrs. Mack Gaunce of Gratz are visiting Mrs. Vera Gaunce.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnnie Collins and daughter visited Mrs. Louella Kendall Sunday evening.

Claud Fryman and family, Floyd Gaunce and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John G. Allison.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Barlow and two daughters spent Sunday with Russell Barlow near aPris.

Mrs. H. N. Herrington of Robinson Station spent Sunday and Monday with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Earlywine. Darold accompanied her home for a visit.

Mrs. T. R. Kendall and daughter, Janice, are visiting Mrs. Louella Kendall.

BANTA

Mr. an dMrs. Hanson Walton had as Sunday guests, Mr. and Mrs. Willie Rogers and two children of Newport, Lena Hawkins of Sardis, and Howard Tucker of Maysville.

Mrs. Faye Wagoner and daughter, Dorothy, spent Wednesday with Mrs. Owen Fresleric kand Mrs. Jennie Vagoner.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Earlywine had as Sunday guests, Mr. and Mrs. Jess Earlywine and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Ade Earlywine and son, Kenneth, Christine Fryman and William Fryman.

Mrs. Radford Banta and son spent the week end with relatives in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Tommy Dwelly of Paris spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Annie Brinegar and Mr. Brinegar.

Miss Josephine Walton and Miss Martha Jo Flora spent last Thursday in Paris.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Gilkison are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a 7 pound daughter born July 7.

J. D. Earlywine spent the week end with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Early Flora.

OAKLAND MILLS

Geneva Shannon spent Sunday with Louise Hughes at Blue Licks.

Billy McCowen of Lexington spent the past week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert McCowen.

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Hollar spent Sunday with Mrs. Ettie Swartz.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Ruddell of Carlisle spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Robert McCowen.

Imogene Shannon spent Sunday with Katherine Dalzell in Carlisle.

Mr. and Mrs. Hobart Shannon and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hamm and daughter spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Burke and family near Sprout.

Velva and Martha Jo Flora

War is a cold-blooded business, and its sole objective must be victory. We are not in it; and our sole hope of avoiding total involvement lies in the checking of the Nazi drive for world dominion before it reaches this hemisphere. It is not for love of England that we have disrupted our whole economic system and made ourselves the arsenal of democracy. It is not for love of England that we are rushing towards the achievement of the greatest navy the world has ever known and are expanding the tiniest army of any big power into an actual defense force competent [illegible]

spent Sunday afternoon with Geneva Shannon.

SUGAR CREEK

Mrs. Lizzie Laughlin and Mrs. Annie Purcell spent Thursday night with Mrs. Purcell's daughter, Mrs. R. T. Brayfield at Carlisle. Mrs. Purcell is in very bad health and under the care of a doctor.

Mr. and Mrs. Onie Sears and son and Mrs. Frank Sears of Sugar Creek, Mrs. Bessie Morton and two sons of Paris spent Sunday at Joyland Pak and the airport in Lexington.

Mrs. Laura Selby, Mrs. William Ritchie, Mrs. Anie Purcell all remain ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Omer Anderson and son, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Elrod of Ellisville spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. Lizzie Laughlin fell one day last week and fractured her knee.

Mrs. Onie Sears and son spent Saturday with her mother, Mrs. Maude Hardwick in Carlisle. Her sister, Mrs. Rella Wilson came Saturday for a short visit with her.

Mrs. Eula Hilander and daughter of Paris returned home Tuesday after a ten day visit here and in Carlisle.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sears and three sons spent the week end in Paris with Mr. and Mrs. Silas Jackson. Cosotha Jackson returned home with them after a two months visit with her sister, Mrs. Arthur Sears.

Mrs. Bradley Logan and two small daughters of Paris are guests of Mrs. J. L. Logan.

Miss Frances Ward of Ellisville, is spending two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Paul Logan.

Lloyd Selby and son have returned to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gorge Selby.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Fryman and two sons spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charley Hamm at Ellisville.

CONCORD

(Mrs. E. K. Owings, Cor.)

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Alexander and daughter, Wanda Lee, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Terrell, Mrs. Ida Swim and Misses Della Mae, Lucy Nell and Martha Sue Terrell visited Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Owings and Mrs. E. K. Owings and daughter Carolyn Faye last Sunday.

E. K. Owings accompanied his brother, Sam Owings, back to Charleston, W. Va., and has accepted a position there. Sam Owings came home to spend the 4th with his parents.

Mrs. Sam Feeback and Mrs. Cecil Smart and son, visited Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Alexander and daughter Tuesday.

Charles Allison left for a year's training of army duty last Tuesday. He will be stationed in Texas.

Mrs. Will Whirles and daughter visited her sister, Mrs. Mynear, Friday.

This community extends its deepest sympathy tothe Bishop family upon the loss of their brother, Mr. Doc Bishop.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Alexander spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Alexander and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Crawford and Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Watkins and son visited Mr. and Mrs. Dorsey Watkins and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tommy Kincart of Carlisle, Mrs. Omar Workman, Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Owings and Mrs. E. K. Owings and daughter visited Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Hamilton and family Sunday.

Harold Shrout, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Shrout of Broadway, was called into service Monday morning from Harlan County and left for Fort Thomas. Young Shrout for the past two years has been coach and instructor at Loyall high school, but during vacation has held a position in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Jenkins and Mrs. Artie Grey of Lexington and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Grey were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Grey and sons.

MT. MORIAH

(Mrs. Mauda Kearns, Cor.)

Heavy rains have helped crops in this locality.

Richard Hollar remains about the same.

Mauda Kearns is not so well at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Hollar and family visited Ed Hollar and family at Headquarters.

Jay Kenney and wife visited Richard Hollar Friday.

Ruth and Dorothy Berry of Powell county returned home Friday after a visit with Richard Hollar.

Sherman Greene, wief and two children visited her father, Richard Hollar Sunday.

Kendrick Sundy and wife have rented the Butler Ritchie property on the Barterville pike vacated by Emery Hollar.

Mrs. Willie Wells was visited by her daughter from Cincinnati from Thursday until Saturday.

BIRTHDAY DINNER

A large number of relatives and friends and neighbors assembled at the home of Miss Lucy Letton on the Lower Jackstown road Wednesday evening, July 9 and surprised her with an elaborate dinner in celebration of her birthday. She received many lovely gifts.

Later in the evening games and refreshments of ice cream and cake were enjoyed by all present.

Herman King spent four days last week with Bill Henderson at Buffalo Trace.

Mr. and Mrs. Sloop visited Warden Ramey Sunday.

Jay Craig visited Homer Gordley and family Sunday.

Clarene Roundtree is visiting in Carlisle.

C. D. RAZOR
with
Baugh & Garner
Lexington, Ky.
Night Phone 8879-X

MATHIAS
Insurance AGENCY
The key to success INSURANCE

Lincoln county farmers have ordered 40,000 pounds of vetch seed to use in the conservation program.

Signature Household Livestock
LOANS $10 to $300
GUARANTY FINANCE COMPANY
Incorporated
Our rates prescribed by Kentucky Small Loan Act.
233 E. MAIN ST. TEL. 1887
First Floor
(Corner Main & Esplanade)
Lexington, Ky.

MERCURYS
ON SALE AT
CARLISLE DRUG & TUREMAN,S

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE DEPOSIT BANK OF CARLISLE, KENTUCKY

of Carlisle in the State of Kentucky at the close of business on June 30, 1941.

ASSETS

Loans and discounts (Including $101.92 overdrafts)	$261,253.92
United States Government obligations, direct and guaranteed	100,800.00
Obligations of States and political subdivisions	31,650.00
Other bonds, notes, and debentures	23,600.00
Cash, balances with other banks, including reserve balances, and cash items in process of collection	114,850.82
Bank premises owned $10,000.00, furniture and fixtures $1,000.00	11,000.00
Total Assets	$546,154.71

LIABILITIES

Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	$396,130.11
Time deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	43,400.00
Deposits of United States Government (including postal savings)	167.50
Deposits of States and political subdivisions	2,635.10
Total Deposits $442,332.71	
Total Liabilities (not including subordinated obligations shown below)	$442,332.71

CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

Capital†	$50,000.00
Surplus	33,000.00
Undivided profits	19,322.00
Reserves (and retirement account for preferred capital)	1,500.00
Total Capital Accounts	$103,822.00
Total Liabilities And Capital Accounts	$546,154.71

†This bank's capital consists of 500 shares common stock with total par value of $50,000.00.

MEMORANDA

Pledged assets (and securities loaned) (book value): U. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, pledged to secure deposits and other liabilities	$8,000.00
Total	$8,000.00
Secured and preferred liabilities: Deposits secured by pledged assets pursuant to requirements of law	2,145.76
Total	$2,145.76
On date of report the required legal reserve against deposits of this bank was	29,227.00
Assets reported above which were eligible as legal reserve amounted to	114,850.00

I, Henry M. Potts, Cashier, of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, and that it fully and correctly represents the true state of the several matters herein contained and set forth, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Henry M. Potts, Cashier

Correct—Attest: Innes B. Ross, Taylor Mathers, J. W. Parker, Directors.

State of Kentucky, County of Nicholas, ss:

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 5th day of July, 1941, and I hereby certify that I am not an officer or director of this bank. John P. Ross, Notary Public, Nicholas County, Ky. My commission expires July 3, 1944.

CHARTER NO. 5959 RESERVE DISTRICT NO. 4

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CARLISLE

in the State of Kentucky, at the close of business on June 30th, 1941.

(Published in response to call made by Comptroller of the Currency, under Section 5211, U. S. Revised Statutes.

ASSETS

Loans and discounts (including $124.26 overdrafts)	$124,950.92
United States Government obligations, direct and guaranteed	151,655.73
Other bonds, notes, and debentures	36,904.37
Corporate stocks, including stock of Federal Reserve bank	1,950.00
Cash, balances with other banks, including reserve balance, and cash items in process of collection	108,538.32
Bank premises owned $4,500.00, furniture and fixtures $500.00	5,000.00
Total Assets	$428,999.34

LIABILITIES

Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	$223,409.35
Time deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	134,212.70
Other deposits (certified and cashier's checks, etc.)	33.50
Total Deposits $357,655.55	
Other liabilities	830.26
Total Liabilities	$358,485.81

CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

Capital Stock: Common stock, total par $25,000.00	$25,000.00
Surplus	38,500.00
Undivided profits	4,832.64
Reserves	2,180.89
Total Capital Accounts	$70,513.53
Total Liabilities and Capital Accounts	$428,999.34

State of Kentucky, County of Nicholas, ss:

I, Henry L. Carter, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Henry L. Carter, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of July, 1941. Harry Kennedy, Notary Public. My Commission expires May 8, 1943.

Correct—Attest: Amelia P. King Buckley, B. F. Reynolds, H. T. Letton, Directors.

Improved Uniform International SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D.
Dean of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.
(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for July 20

Lesson subjects and Scripture texts selected and copyrighted by International Council of Religious Education; used by permission.

THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHURCH REGARDING BEVERAGE ALCOHOL

LESSON TEXT—I Corinthians 5:9-13; Titus 2:1-8.

GOLDEN TEXT—Ye are the salt of the earth.—Matthew 5:13.

The church has a grave responsibility regarding alcoholic beverages, but in recent years it has largely failed to meet it with intelligence and enthusiasm. Let us never forget that the first business of the Christian and of the church is to preach the gospel, winning men to Christ. It is not our calling to attempt by social or economic methods to right the wrongs of this world. Nor is ours a "social gospel" with the emphasis on "social." But have we forgotten that it is a gospel with serious social implications and responsibilities?

The man, and the church, who follows Christ should be vitally concerned about every influence in American life which is destructive to character, and right at the top of that list stands alcohol. To meet this gigantic (and growing) problem effectively the church must be

I. Separated From Sin (I Cor. 5:9, 10).

A church living in careless worldliness has no testimony against the sin round about it. In fact, its influence is definitely on the wrong side. The Christian is to be in the world, but not of it. He must live with the sinners, but he must never by word or deed, or even by his presence in the wrong place, seem to condone their sin nor fellowship with them in it.

Here we have one of the horrible weaknesses of our day. Men and women who profess to follow Christ (whether they really do, only He can judge) indulge in a social glass of wine, or sip a cocktail "for the sake of courtesy," or attend gatherings which are obviously non-Christian or anti-Christian. If there is to be effective dealing with any problem—with the liquor problem—we must have separated Christian living.

II. Cleansed of Wicked Persons (I Cor. 5:11-13).

Even a "man that is called a brother" (v. 11) may not be one at all, but may be a "wicked person" (v. 13). We are not able to judge any man's spiritual experience. His relationship to God is a matter between him and God, but if, in his life, he shows himself persistently to be on the side of wickedness, it is the duty of the church to have him "put away from among" them (v. 13).

We can only judge a man by his actions, but we are required to do that for the sake of the purity of the church and the effectiveness of its teaching. This is not to be done in self-righteousness, but in humility and with the constant effort to restore such a one (Gal. 6:1). But it should be done. We are woefully weak in the matter of church discipline, and it shows in the inability of the church to do valiant service for God and country.

III. Intelligent in Doctrine (Titus 2:1-8; esp. 1, 7, 8).

To be informed is to be wise, able to plan properly, balanced in judgment and action, useful and effective. Fundamentally every problem of life finds its solution in a proper knowledge of the doctrines of the Christian faith. It is of great importance that we have information about the liquor traffic, about the dreadful results of the use of alcohol, etc. Helpful material on such subjects is available, and the sources are known to ministers and Christian workers. **However, we must hold and use this information in relation to Christian truth if it is to be fully useful. A temperance worker without Christ in his own life and in his labors against liquor is weak, lacking the real solution and the dynamics to proclaim it effectively.**

IV. Consistent in Life (Titus 2: 1-8, esp. 2, 5, 7).

It is what we are that speaks so loudly that folk do not pay any attention to what we say. This passage clearly states the fact that both young and old, both men and women—yes, even the preacher (v. 7)—are to present before the world the undeniable teaching of a consistent Christian life.

Read the exhortations of these verses again with great care and apply them first to your own life, and then to your own church. What great Christian graces we have here! Note that again and again there is the admonition to temperance. No user of intoxicants can be sober, temperate, discreet, chaste, sound in faith, and so on.

The writer of these notes is convinced that the only consistent position for the Christian (individually or in the church) to take regarding alcoholic beverages is that of total abstinence for himself and the legal elimination of temptation from others.

It Pays To Advertise

REGULATIONS FOR GRADING FOOD HANDLING ESTABLISHMENTS

Resolution providing for the inspection and grading of all food handling establishments in Nicholas County were passed by the Nicholas County Board of Health at their recent meeting on June 28th, 1941.

I. Nicholas County Board of Health hereby adopts the 1941 Grading Regulations for Food Handling Establishments recommended by the State Board of Health and as amended by the Nicholas County Board of Health.

II. The Nicholas County Board of Health hereby requests and instructs the health officer of Nicholas County or his agent to inspect all food handling establishments within Nicholas County, and to determine the grade A establishments in accordance with the State Board of Health Regulations as amended by the local Board of Health at the end of a grading period of ninety (90) days following the adoption of this resolution by the Nicholas County Board of Health during which grading period there shall be at least two (2) inspections made by the health officer or his agent. The grade A placards shall be posted in full view of the public in a conspicious place within the food handling establishment, and a list of the establishments having grade A shall be furnished to the Nicholas County Board of Health immediately following the above grading period.

A food handling establishment within the meaning of these regulations shall include restaurants, grocery stores, sandwich stands, soda fountains, lunch stands, luncheonettes, produce houses, confectionary stores, boarding houses and all other places where food or food products are prepared for consumption by the general public or are sold in Nicholas County.

III. Reinspections of Food Handling Establishments

Each food handling establishment shall be reinspected by the health officer or his authorized agent at least three (3) times during each six (6) months grading period. One copy of the inspection report shall be posted or given to the proprietor or the manager by the inspector. Another copy of the inspection sheet shall be filed with the records of the health department.

IV. Determination of grade A.

The grade A food handling establishments shall be determined by the health officer at least every six (6) months and shall be based on three (3) inspections of each food handling establishment, such inspections cannot be made at intervals of less than twenty-four (24) hours. A grade A placard provided by the local health department shall be posted in a conspicious place upon the inside wall of the establishment by the health officer or his authorized agent, and shall not be removed therefrom except by the health officer or his authorized agent.

Grade A food handling establishments

The grade A food handling establishments are those which comply with all of the following items of sanitation:

Item 1. Floors—The floors of all rooms in which food or drink is stored, prepared or served or in which utensils are washed, shall be of such construction as to be easily cleaned, shall be smooth, and shall be kept clean and in good repair. Kitchen floors shall be impervious to water.

PUBLIC HEALTH REASON—Properly constructed floors which are in good repair can be more easily kept clean than improperly constructed floors. Floors, in rooms where food is prepared, having an impervious surface can be cleaned more easily than floors constructed of wood or other pervious or easily disintegrated material, will not absorb organic matter, and are, therefore, more likely to be kept clean and free of odors. Clean floors are conducive to clean food-handling methods.

SATISFACTORY COMPLIANCE—This item shall be deemed to have been satisfied:

(1) When the floors of all rooms in which food or drink is stored, prepared or served are of such construction as to be easily cleaned, are smooth, and are in good repair. Floors may be of concrete, terrazo, tile, etc., or wood covered with linoleum, or tight wood floors.

(2) When the floors of all rooms in which food is prepared or utensils are washed, are constructed of concrete, tile or other impervious material, in good repair and provided with drains. However, where floors of such rooms are kept clean without flushing, a linoleum or similarly impervious surfacing in good repair shall be accepted in lieu thereof and the drain requirement shall be waived. If floor drains are used they shall be provided with proper traps so constructed as to minimize clogging.

(3) When all floors are kept clean during the hours of preparing, cooking, and serving food. Floors shall be kept not only of organic filth but also of litter. Sawdust shall be considered litter. Sawdust shall not be used inside of iceboxes or refrigerators. Use of sawdust is prohibited and floor racks or rubber mats substituted.

Item 2. Walls and ceiling—Walls and ceilings of all rooms in which food or drink is stored, prepared or served, shall be kept clean and in good repair. All walls and ceilings of rooms in which food or drink is stored or prepared shall be finished in light color. The walls of all rooms in which food or drink is prepared or utensils are washed shall have a smooth, washable surface up to the level reached by splash or spray.

Public Health Reason—Painted or otherwise properly finished walls and ceilings are more easily kept clean and are more likely to be kept clean. A light-colored paint or finish aids in the even distribution of light and the detection of unclean conditions. Clean walls and ceilings are conducive to clean food-handling operations.

Satisfactory Compliance—This item shall be deemed to have been satisfied if:

(1) Walls and ceilings of all rooms in which food and drink is stored, prepar-

ment whose work brings him into contact with production, handling, storage, or transportation of food shall furnish such information, permit such physical examination and submit such laboratory specimens at least once each year as the health officer may require for the purpose of determining freedom from communicable disease.

VI. Boarding Houses with in the meaning of the regulation shall mean any residence or private home where six (6) or more paying patrons are served regular meals for compensation and shall include tourist homes when the same are prepared to serve meals to six (6) or more persons for compensation.

Regarding Food Handling Establishments—If at any time between the regular six (6) month grading period set forth for the determination for grade A's for food handling establishments a degrading becomes necessary as a result of violations determined by three (3) successive inspections the health officer shall immediately regard the establishment and remove the grade A placard.

Any manager or proprietor of the food handling establishment the grade A of which has been removed by the health officer may at any time make application for regrading of his establishment.

Upon receipt of an application from the manager or proprietor of a food handling establishment for re-inspection and regrading the health officer or his authorized agent shall make said reinspection and in the event the findings justify it, the food handling establishment shall be regarded to grade A.

By order of:
Nicholas County Board of Health
D. B. Thurber, M. D.,
Secretary and Health Officer

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE FARMERS BANK OF CARLISLE, KENTUCKY

of Carlisle in the State of Kentucky at the close of business on June 30, 1941.

ASSETS

Loans and discounts (Including $211.30 overdrafts)	$71,885.98
United States Government obligations, direct and guaranteed	48,108.18
Other bonds, notes, and debentures	37,691.50
Cash, balances with other banks, including reserve balances, and cash items in process of collection	41,657.81
Bank premises owned $7,700.00, furniture and fixtures $450.00	8,150.00
Total Assets	$207,493.77

LIABILITIES

Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	$112,280.83
Time deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	19,733.47
Deposits of States and political subdivisions	32,256.73
Total Deposits $164,271.03	
Other liabilities	18.66
Total Liabilities (not including subordinated obligations shown below	$164,289.69

CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

Capital†	$25,000.00
Surplus	10,200.00
Undivided profits	6,684.31
Reserves (and retirement account for preferred capital)	1,319.77
Total Capital Accounts	43,204.08
Total Liabilities And Capital Accounts	$207,493.77

†This bank's capital consists of 250 shares common stock with total par value of $25,000.00.

MEMORANDA

On date of report the required legal reserve against deposits of this bank was	$10,709.62
Assets reported above which were eligible as legal reserve amounted to	41,657.81

I, Harry Kennedy, Cashier, of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, and that it fully and correctly represents the true state of the several matters herein contained and set forth, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Harry Kennedy, Cashier.

Correct.—Attest: Bruce Morford, Ruth K. Lambert, Robert T. Fisher, Directors.

State of Kentucky, County of Nicholas, ss:

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 8th day of July, 1941, and I hereby certify that I am not an officer or director of this bank.

Henry L. Carter, Notary Public. My Commission expires April 13th, 1942.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE MOOREFIELD DEPOSIT BANK

of Moorefield in the State of Kentucky at the close of business on June 30, 1941.

ASSETS

Loans and discounts (Including $45.59 overdrafts)	$57,523.20
United States Government obligations, direct and guaranteed	50,000.00
Other bonds, notes, and debentures	9,050.00
Cash, balances with other banks, including reserve balances, and cash items in process of collection	23,999.25
Bank premises owned $800.00,	800.00
Total Assets	$141,372.45

LIABILITIES

Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	65,109.62
Time deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	47,003.45
Deposits of banks	417.53
Total Deposits $112,530.60	
Total Liabilities (not including subordinated obligations shown below)	$112,530.60

CAPITAL ACCOUNTS

Capital†	$15,000.00
Surplus	8,500.00
Undivided profits	5,341.85
Total Capital Accounts	$28,841.85
Total Liabilities and Capital Accounts	$141,372.45

†This bank's capital consists of 300 shares common stock with total par value of $15,000.00.

MEMORANDA

On date of report the required legal reserve against deposits of this bank was	$5,967.77
Assets reported above which were eligible as legal reserve amounted to	23,999.25

I, J. H. Wilson, Cashier, of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, and that it fully and correctly represents the true state of the several matters herein contained and set forth, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. H. Wilson, Cashier

Correct.—Attest: C. S. Whaley, M. D. Judge, R. T. Kirkland, Directors.

State of Kentucky, County of Nicholas, ss:

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of July, 1941, and I hereby certify that I am not an officer or director of this bank. Clarine Seamands, Notary Public. My commission expires December 11, 1943.

Cloudburst Causes Much Damage In Fayette

Fayette county was visited by a cloudburst Thursday night causing extensive damage in several parts of the county. A high-tension power line on the Richmond road was knocked down, two fires were started by lightning, more than 200 telephone lines out of order, two automobile wrecks, and disrupted electric service in scattered sections of the county, was caused by the storm.

Mrs. Albin B. Kinkead, head of the Lexington Weather Bureau, reported that 1.91 inches of rain fall in a 50-minute period during the storrm. The southeastern section of Fayette county was the hardest hit.

Calloway county home makers are learning to make cottage cheese from sweet milk.

A revival of interest in home canning is reported in Fulton county.