Kentucky Farmers To Receive $11,000,000

Benefit payments in the 1936 agricultural conservation program, which are expected to be practically complete by early spring, will total nearly $11,000,000 in this state, according to the University of Kentucky College of Agriculture.

This will be more than $100 per farm operating in the program, or 107,000 farms, in round numbers, came under the provisions of the program last year. The total number of land-owners and tenants to benefit by the payments for last year will be about 168,000.

The agricultural conservation program for this year, which is similar to last year's program, now is being placed before farmers in all counties, and is being widely accepted, according to the college. In fact, it is expected that at least 15,000 farmers will cooperate this year who did not take part in the program last year.

As in last year's program, provision is made this year for reducing tobacco acreage and for shifting from acreage to grass and hay soil conserving crops.

State Entomologist Writes Bee Circular

Beekeeping, which is one of the oldest phases of farming in Kentucky, is the subject of a new circular written by Prof. W. A. Price, state entomologist and head of the department of entomology at the University of Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station.

Prof. Price believes beekeeping in a state that has as much honey-producing vegetation as Kentucky should be well worth developing. The season is at hand when the bees will go forth to feed upon the blossoms of the peach, plum, cherry, apple, tulip, maple, redbud, clover, blackberry, strawberry and scores of other trees, shrubs and plants.

For the beginner or for the old timer, the 36 pages in this circular are packed with suggestions and pictures. It begins with the statement that "Anyone can engage in beekeeping successfully who makes himself acquainted with the habits, instincts and behavior of bees."

Then follows information about how to get bees, where to locate the bees on the farm, beekeeping equipment, the handling of bees in seasonal management, wintering, spring management, swarming, gathering honey, feeding, requeening, transferring, removing bees from trees or houses, diseases and enemies and fortify some thing about stings and their remedies.

Copies may be obtained from county and home demonstration agents or by writing to the College of Agriculture, University of Kentucky, Lexington.

Every strand of silk on an ear of corn is attached to one of the kernels.

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All our chicks are from flocks blood-tested for B. W. D. by the tube agglutination test and U. S. Approved.

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IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By REV. HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, Dean of the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. © Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for April 4

GOD THE CREATOR

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 1:1-5, 26-31.
GOLDEN TEXT—In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth. Gen. 1:1.
PRIMARY TOPIC—When God Made the World.
JUNIOR TOPIC—In the Beginning—God.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—God the Maker of All.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—God in Creation.

From the completion of the great Gospel of John, which took us back to that time "in the beginning" when the Living Word "was" and "was with God and was God," we turn to the first book of the Bible, which is, as indicated by its title, a book of "beginnings." We find in it not only the record of the creation of the heavens and earth, but of man, and the beginning of his history, the entrance of sin into the world, the beginning of God's revelation of redemption. It is indeed a most important book, fundamental to an understanding of the rest of the Bible.

Genesis has been the special object of attack on the part of critics, and especially by those who saw in its account of the creation statements which apparently did not square with the announced findings of science. Fortunately, as men make advances in scientific discovery, as well as in the understanding of God's Word, they are beginning to realize that there is no real conflict between the established facts of science and a proper interpretation of Scripture. When there is an apparent clash it will be found that either the Bible has been misinterpreted by men or they have mistaken a hypothesis of science for a fact.

We are in error when we talk about the Bible's being confirmed by archeology or by science. If the United States naval observatory should find that its master clock is not agree with the observation of the stars, it would not be in error that the universe had gotten out of order. It would know that the clock is wrong, and would make the correction. Science does not confirm the Bible; the Bible confirms true science.

The account of creation may be considered in two great divisions.

I. The Creation of Heaven and Earth (1:1-3).

"In the beginning God"—what awe-inspiring words! How fully and satisfactorily they state the origin of all things.

Men ask us to believe their theories, but there is no assurance offered which does not call for a measure of credulity. Man cannot explain the origin of matter, the origin of life, the origin of rational life. These three great gaps and many smaller ones his theories cannot bridge. Man asks us to take his word for them. But we prefer to take God's Word.

Study the entire account of creation. Space here forbids more than the briefest reference to its parts in order and summary. It is complete—as the scientist's fact that it is a true account of the wisdom of God. It is so received by thoughtful men and women of our day. Even scoffers have long since ceased to speak flippantly about "the fairy tales of Moses."

II. The Creation of Man (vv. 26-28).

"Let us" is an indication that the Holy Trinity who active in creation. God the Father, the Creator (v. 1), the Holy Spirit (v. 2), and without the Son was nothing made (John 1:3).

Man was created in "the likeness and image of God." This simply and edly refers to a moral and spiritual likeness. Man as a moral being possessed of all the characteristics of true personality. He is a living spirit, with intelligence, feeling, will power. This image, no matter how it may have been defaced by sin, is that in man which makes it possible for us to seek him in his sin and bring him to "do no more good to God," Divine in the human heart, crushed by the tempter, forever lie buried that grace can restore.

Notice that God gave man "a firmament unto him," that he established the family as the center of life on this earth. He gave man dominion over the entire creation, and his restless pioneering spirit still carries him on to the complete realization of that promise. He provided not only for man's spiritual and social needs, but also for his every physical need. Surely we may say with Moses that "everything that he (God) had made . . . was very good" (v. 31).

A Man of Sorrow

One reason why Jesus was a man of sorrow was that He saw as none else the pain and sin and woe of the world.

A Hard Road

The hard road of sin is always so crowded that it gives little room for turning around and going back.

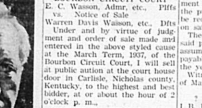
Determination

He only is a well-made man who has a good determination.—Emerson.

TIME TO SET STRAWBERRIES

Now is considered at the Kentucky College of Agriculture to be the best time to set strawberry plants. Those set after the middle of April often are slow in beginning to grow. Most growers take plants from one-year-old patches for starting new beds, using sturdy young plants with light-colored roots and a strong crown. To avoid crowdsorer, they start new patches at some distance from old plantings.

EXPLORERS' CHIEF



A new distinction for variously distinguished Vilhjalmur Stefansson, world famous American explorer, scholar and author, was his recent election as president of the Explorers' club, New York. Renowned for his many researches and studies of Arctic archeology, anthropology, ethnology and geography during the last quarter century, Stefansson holds degrees, medals and other high honors.

THE GARDEN

ASPARAGUS

By John S. Gardner, Kentucky College of Agriculture

Asparagus should be more generally included in Kentucky gardens if for no further reason than that it adds a new flavor to the vegetable regimen. No doubt more gardeners would include it, except for the fact that at planting time that arranging for it should be done. Their minds are occupied by other details incident to start the vegetables whose growing time has been their habit, and the matter of starting asparagus is left to slip for another year. The time to set asparagus seems when the ground is well in hand for work, and ends about April 15. Never plant later than April 20 or soil has become warm.

When making your asparagus bed, it must be kept in mind that this vegetable cannot stand much water in the winter, but on the other hand, dare not suffer from drought in the summer. Deep, well drained soil must be chosen. Home gardeners must take the additional precaution to choose the site so that their asparagus will not be in the way of the plowing of the garden. Any spot in the garden is the best location, and usually one can be found, suitable.

The soil should be fertile, or it should be made so by turning under manure in the winter. Barnyard manure, in addition, commercial fertilizer should be employed. Stable manure should be specially rich in nitrogen, and the commercial fertilizer should be broadcast and disked in as the fitting of the bed. Lime will usually be needed, and should be worked in with the fertilizer.

After the soil is prepared, the bed should be staked off 12 inches apart, or, if there is only one row to a bed, 18 inches. Then a furrow or vegetable or from a fence to the stakes. This furrow should be dug about 15 inches wide, and 12 inches deep; the top soil being put on one side and the subsoil on the other.

When the bottom of the trench, as much of manure may be spread as the soil will hold, and be dug into this covered with an inch of top soil. Then, the crowns should be set, spreading the fully apart, and covered with about 2 inches of soil. This is the sheets grow, the rest of the top soil should be added to fill the trench, and then be subsoil.

The best variety to use in Kentucky is Conover's Colossal. It is relevant to asparagus rust, the disease that this variety must not be over-drawn, if the bed is to remain productive over a long term of years, as it should. In the second year after the bed is started, cutting should cease after 3 weeks; lest the reserve in the roots be too much depleted. It should be kept in mind that the shoots are produced entirely from surplus food stored for roots during and in the growing season previous, and that this surplus must not be over-drawn, if the bed is to remain productive over a long term of years, as it should. In the second year after the bed is started, cutting should cease after 3 weeks; lest the reserve in the roots be too much depleted. Subsequent harvesting may continue 6 weeks, provided steps are taken to maintain fertility at a high point, and provided, also, that the harvesting may continue 6 weeks, provided steps are taken to maintain fertility at a high point, and provided, also, that the harvesting may be broadly, after the cutting season is over.

When soaking salt fish add a small glass of vinegar to the soaking water and it will draw out more of the salt.

Benjamin Franklin came from a large family, being the 15th of the 17 Franklin children.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT
E. C. Wasson, Admr, etc., Pltfs
vs. Notice of Sale
Warren Davis Waisson, etc., Dfts
Under and by virtue of judgment and order of sale made and entered in the above styled cause at the March Term, 1937, of the Bourbon Circuit Court, I will sell at public auction at the court house door in Carlisle, Nicholas county, Kentucky, to the highest and best bidder, at or about the hour of 2 o'clock p. m.,

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1937,

the following described real estate to-wit:

FIRST: A certain tract or parcel of land, lying in Nicholas County, Kentucky, on the waters of Hinkston Creek, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a coffee bean stump on the east side of public dirt road corner to F. M. Darrell; thence S 1 1-2 E 21.47 poles to a stone corner to Darrell; thence out of the road corner to J. T. Hardwick; thence with center of said road S 10 1-2 E 11.52 poles to a stone corner to Fletcher Donalson; thence with the center of said road S 5 W 28.28 poles, S 8 W 21.08 poles to a cross on a flat rock in said road corner to J. W. Henry; thence leaving said road S 84 1-2 E 28 poles to a stone corner to Henry; thence up Hinkston N 4 1-2 W 45 poles to a small black walnut corner to Jas. Hardwick; thence N 8 1-2 E 40.32 poles to a stone corner to Hardwick; thence S 89 W 20.21 poles to the beginning, containing 6 Acres, 2 Roods, and 18 poles. Being a part of the same land conveyed to W. B. Wasson by E. T. Wasson and R. H. Wasson by Mary Wallace H. Wasson, et al, by deed recorded in Deed Book 72, page 439 in the office of the Clerk of the Nicholas County Court.

SECOND: Beginning at a set fence post on the west side of the road corner to Mary Lou Wasson; thence N 89 W 21.82 poles to a stone; thence N 1 E 40 poles to Hardwick's line corner to J. J. Sparks; thence with Sparks' line S 89 E 21.82 poles to the center of public dirt road; thence with the center of said road S 1 W 40 poles to the beginning, containing 5 Acres, 1 Rood and 21 Poles of land. Being a portion of the land conveyed to A. F. Wasson by Commissioner's deed of record in said office in Deed Book 21, page 617, Nicholas County Clerk's office.

Said above described tracts of land will be offered for sale first as separate parcels and then as a whole and the bid or bids agreeing the most advantageous will be accepted by your Commissioner.

TERMS:

Said sale will be made upon credits of six and twelve months equal parts, the purchaser to give note with the purchaser, or purchasers as the case may be, to execute to the undersigned commissioner bonds each for a one half of the purchase price one and twelve months from date and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum. A lien will be retained in each deed as further security for the payment of the purchase price and the purchaser or purchasers will be required to give good surety on said bonds.

The purchaser or purchasers of said property will be required to assume and pay all taxes due and payable against said property in the year 1937 and thereafter.

Witness my hand this 24th day of March 1937.

EMMETT M. DICKSON,
M. C. B. C. C.

I. B. Ross, Atty. 3-25-3t

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Willard's Message of Relief

PRICELESS INFORMATION for those suffering from STOMACH ULCERS, DUE TO HYPERACIDITY, GASTRITIS, HEARTBURN, SOUR STOMACH, GAS, BELCHING, BAD BREATH, SLEEPLESSNESS, due to EXCESS ACID. Let Us Explain the marvelous Willard Treatment that has relieved many, and is now offered on 15 days trial.

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The New **ATLAS TIRE**
WITH GRIP-SAFE SILENT TREAD

Service in connection with tires means trouble-free long life, positive safety, sure-to-perform-ance and long wear. The new Atlas Grip-Safe, Silent Tread tire offers all these features. But there's another angle to this matter of service. On those rare occasions when an Atlas needs road-service or an Atlas owner needs advice, there are 36,000 nationally-located Atlas service stations at his command. All render uniformly high standards of service—regardless of where the tire was bought. And any of these thousands of stations will make good on the Liberal Atlas guarantee. It means a lot to know you're protected by 36,000—all ways. Thousands of motorists know Atlas service—from the tires and to the tire wherever you are. Come in today and compare prices.

Atlas Tire Sale Specials

We are selling this week, one lot of tires, all sizes, at special low prices. These tires are better tire prices advanced. We're passing the savings on to you. Remember the dates—

Thurs., Fri., Sat., April 1, 2, 3

Smith Service Station

THE NEW 1937 Electric REFRIGERATORS
GIVE YOU
MORE ICE CUBES
MORE FROZEN DESSERTS
MORE COLD DRINKS
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We Sell the WESTINGHOUSE REFRIGERATOR
Local dealers sell other standard lines, but we are moderately proud and add an economical items.

With Better Food Protection...Lower Operating Cost ...Greater Convenience...Really Dependable Service

MRS. HOMEFOLKS: When mid-summer brings sweltering days and nights, you'll find it mighty satisfying to know it's greatly to your advantage to install a new 1937 *electric* refrigerator this month.

Come in tomorrow for a demonstration, and let us explain why it is greatly to your advantage to install a new 1937 *electric* refrigerator this month.

REDDY KILOWATT
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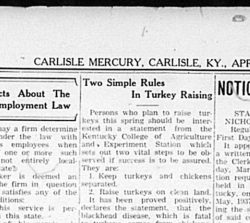
De Forest's New "Dynathern" Fights Flu



Dr. Lee De Forest, wizard of radio and talking pictures, took a look at the influenza epidemic and decided something ought to be done. So, he offered his latest electrical invention in Los Angeles, the "dynatherm," to a world suffering from coughs, sneezes and aching muscles. Built on radio principles, the dynatherm uses ultra-short waves over a small area. The patient is placed between two electrodes. The waves set up vibrations in the tissues, and the resultant heat kills the germs. It attacks the organs internally, relieving congestion.

Aviatrix Studies World Air Route

Amelia Earhart, noted aviatrix as she studied charts at Newark, N. J., preparatory to a globe-circling flight in her "flying laboratory." Miss Earhart and her navigator, Fred Noonan, will take to accompany her as navigator from Oakland, Calif., to Darwin, Australia.

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Country Gentleman	2.50	Pictorial Review	1.50
Country Home	1.50	Radio Broadcast	2.50
Country Home, 2 yrs.	2.50	Radio News (Monthly)	2.50
Dairy Farmer	1.00	Radio News (Monthly)	3.75
Dairy Poultry Journal	1.25	Scholastic	2.50
Farm and Fireside	1.00	Scholastic Coach	2.50
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Farm Mechanics	1.00	Silver Screen	1.75
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Gleaner's Digest	1.00	True Story Magazine	1.75
Good Housekeeping	2.50	Woman's World	1.00

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Gentlemen:
I enclose $_____ for which please send me the magazines I have checked, together with a year's subscription to your newspaper.

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Street or R. F. D._____
Town and State_____

Some Facts About The State Unemployment Law

Q. How may a firm determine its liability under the law with respect to its employees when the service of one or more such employees is not entirely localized in this state?

A. The two-state test is deemed an employee of the firm in question if his service satisfies any of the following conditions:

(1) If his service is performed in this state, and under the direction or control of the employer, or

(2) if some of his service is performed in this state but is incidental to such service in this state, provided contributions are not required to be paid under an unemployment law of another state, or

(3) is performed under a contract of hire made in this state for an enterprise located in this state, and some of his service is performed in this state, provided no payment required under an unemployment law of another state or the United States controls the action the same for employer and employee?

A. No. The rate for the employee is nine-tenths of one per cent (.009%) of wages received for 1937, and thereafter one per cent (.01%) until such time as his employer's rate drops below two per cent (2%); the rate for the employer is graduated, beginning at one per cent (.09%) for 1936, one and eight-tenths per cent (1.8%) of the annual payroll for 1937, two and seven-tenths per cent (2.7%) for 1938 and thereafter except as affected by the merit rating system.

Q. To what extent are employees required to share in the payment of their contributions?

A. Employees are not directly responsible for actual payment; the employer is required to deduct the contributions from their wages, furnish evidence of such deductions to the workers and transmit the workers' contributions, together with his own contribution, to the office of the Unemployment Compensation Commission.

Q. If the employer should fail to deduct the contributions from the employee's wages, can he be disqualified from participation by the employer?

A. No. If an employer fails to deduct the contributions of any employee from his wages, he is liable himself for such contributions.

Q. Are there any contributions by employees begin?

A. Employer contributions will be collected on wages earned after December 31, 1936.

Q. What is the base upon which the employer's contribution for 1937 and thereafter will be computed?

A. The employer's contribution will be computed as a percentage of the total amount of wages paid by him during a calendar year. Actually the employer will contribute the amount of his contributions on the basis of his total payroll for the reporting period which will be prescribed by the Commission.

(To be continued)

Tells How To Care For The Mule Foal

Prof. W. S. Anderson of the Kentucky College of Agriculture offers the following suggestions on the care of the mule foal:

1. Disinfect and bind the umbilical cord immediately after birth.

2. Handle the foal from birth on to keep it tame.

3. Train it to lead by the halt, or when only a few days old.

4. If the dam must work after the foal is three or four weeks old, keep it in a box stall. Let the nurse at noon after the mare has had water and time to eat well. Let her drink and rest at the end of the day when the foal is turned with her.

5. Let the foal eat grain and hay when only a few weeks old, weaning time let it have its own portion of grain.

6. Oats, corn and bran are good for the growing young animal. It should have access to salt at all times, no other mineral is needed.

7. Use mixed hay, clover, alfalfa or lespedeza rather than timothy.

8. Keep the young mule growing from birth to maturity.

9. The mule should be broken to harness in the two-year-old form and can do some light work.

10. In the three-year-old form the animal can do a reasonable amount of work, as it comes that year to full maturity.

MARINE CORPS SEEKING MEN

Word has just been received from Lieutenant Colonel A. H. Miller, officer in charge of the recruiting district of Louisville, Cincinnati, that the Chicago office of the Marine Corps is ready to enlist 40 men each month until July 1st.

Applicants must be between the ages of 18 and 30, at least five feet six inches in height, free of good character, and be able to meet the high physical standards of the Marine Corps.

Full particulars concerning enlistments, including application forms, may be obtained by writing to the U. S. Marine Corps Recruiting Station, 824 New Post Office Building, Van Buren & Canal Streets, Chicago, Illinois.

A Classified Ad Will Sell It.

Two Simple Rules In Turkey Raising

Persons who plan to raise turkeys this spring should be interested in a statement from the Kentucky College of Agriculture and Experiment Station which says that two vital steps to be observed if success is to be assured. They are:

1. Keep turkeys and chickens separated.

2. Raise turkeys on clean land. It has been proved positively, on the strength of many tests, that blackhead disease, which is fatal to turkeys, comes from chickens. Practically all of the turkeys raised locally all of the time, and in many cases the entire flock is lost.

Hence the suggestion that turkeys and chickens be kept separate; also that turkeys be raised only on clean ground, land upon which there have been neither turkeys nor chickens for at least two years.

Unless these two rules can be strictly adhered to, it is the advice of the station that the farm program.

New Trouble With Chicks This Year

Reports received at the Agricultural Experiment Station at Lexington from the College of Agriculture called nutritional paralysis is occurring among baby chicks in Kentucky this spring.

The attack may become lame, develop an unsteady gait and fall to their side. While somewhat similar, the trouble is not to be confused with rickets, slip tendon or crooked toe. According to Dr. J. Hunter Martin, head of the poultry department, the chicks do not settle down on their shanks, as in the case of weakness or rickets.

Affected chicks should be separated from their companions, given liberal feedings of green feed and fed a ration that follows the suggestion that early broods of chicks and other growing young grass should be given milk or clippings of young and tender grass in addition to their regular feed.

It is the belief of Dr. Martin that the trouble is due to a feed that is deficient in essential nutrients, but that further study must be made before definite information can be given out.

SOIL SAMPLES REQUIRE CARE

The department of agronomy again calls the attention of farmers to the importance of properly getting from the Experiment Station the county agent's directions for taking soil samples for testing purposes. Last year investigation has shown that many samples are taken from a single spot in a field. That is a mistake, a sample representing an average. For the best results the samples received by the Experiment Station strongly indicate that they have been taken in such places. Many county agents are prepared to make soil tests, and in close similarity with local conditions have been made in making recommendations based upon tests.

SCHOOL STATISTICS

In 1934, out of every 1,000 persons 21 years old or over, 29 had had no schooling at all, and 130 had high school diplomas only.

Figures released by the United States Office of Education cited last week to show an upward trend in the educational report.

In 1934 the average person had attained an increase of 1 per 1,000 over the year before. The average or high school degrees in 1932 was 29.2, which showed, however, that most Americans have not been educated beyond the elementary school. Statistically, the American education picture of 1934 remains as compared to the education office revealed 1930 census.

2,201,000, or 2.93 per cent of the population had full college train-ing, 4.68 per cent had some college training, 6.85 are high school graduates, 18.68 per cent are graduates of elementary schools, 43.58 per cent have some elementary school training and 4.89 per cent are illiterates.

The study, encompassing a wide field, dealt also with the question of the cost of schools, the individual states to educate the children and the need for a wider variation from $243.60 spent for a child in Mississippi to $127.69 in Kentucky. The average with the average cost per pupil for the country at $75.58.

Cigarette lighters are licensed in Portugal. Failure to produce a license, when requested by the police, is punishable by a fine of $25.

A justice of the United States supreme court is appointed for "good behavior," which means for life, unless impeached and removed from office, or he resigns.

New York City, at its greatest length is 35 miles, its greatest width 24 miles.

The Liberty Bell was cracked on being tolled at the death of John Marshall, in 1835.

NOTICE OF ELECTION

STATE OF KENTUCKY
NICHOLAS COUNTY COURT
Regular March Term, 1937

First Day, Monday, March 8, 1937

It appearing to the Court that a written petition was filed with the Clerk of this Court on Monday, March 1st, 1937, which petition requests that an election be held in Nicholas County, Kentucky, on the eighth (8th) day of May, 1937, for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal voters of said county upon the proposition of whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned therein; and it further appearing to the Court that said petition was signed, as the law directs, by legal voters of Nicholas County, Kentucky, being equal in number to more than twenty-five (25) per cent. of the votes cast in said county at the last preceding general election; and it further appearing to the Court that said petition and the filing thereof is in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky made at its Regular 1936 Session, now Chapter 1 of the Acts of 1936, known as the "LOCAL OPTION LAW," and it further appearing to the Court that this is the first election in next regular term of the Nicholas County Court, and that a copy of the filing of said petition;

THEREFORE, it is ordered by the Court that an election be held in all the precincts of Nicholas County, Kentucky, on the eighth (8th) day of May, 1937, beginning at the hour of 6 o'clock A. M. and continuing until the hour of 4 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal voters of Nicholas County, Kentucky, upon the proposition whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in Nicholas County, Kentucky.

State of Kentucky,)
Set.
County of Nicholas,)

D. M. Curry, Judge.

Nicholas County Court, Ky.

I, Jno. F. Sugg, Clerk of the County Court, Nicholas County, State aforesaid, do certify that the foregoing is a true, complete and correct copy of an order of the Nicholas County Court as the same appears of record in my office.

Given under my hand and seal of office, as Clerk aforesaid, at Carlisle, Nicholas County, Kentucky, this, the 8th day of March, 1937.

Jno. F. Sugg, Clerk,
Nicholas County Court, Kentucky

Published by order of
J. Clarke Leer, Jr.
Sheriff Nicholas County, Ky.

OX WAGON AGE IS GONE

Stating "the ox wagon age has passed and forever gone" in Kentucky's Court of Appeals, highest legal tribunal of the commonwealth, called for a broader interpretation of the federal and state constitutions in an opinion handed down Friday.

In the opinion, given in a test case in which the validity of a tax on cosmetics was upheld, Judge written by Judge Virgil Baird, of Louisville, youngest member of the court in point of service, but only of the oldest in actual years, Judge Baird is 71 years old, resigned to fill a vacancy.

The opinion was concurred in by all the entire court with the exception of Judge William Rogers Clay and James W. Stites.

"In this age, when changes and advancements come almost over night in commercial enterprise, and industrial advancements, Judge Baird wrote for the court, "the court must not cripple or throw a barrier in the way of the legislative department of government in making laws - imposing taxes to meet the pressing demand of government, if it can be avoided.

"While we must not overlook the basic principles contained in the constitution in its application to the still the meaning of words, or by reason of whole sentences, the legislative enactments, must not be contracted and limited by bring a law in opposition to the federal or state constitution, especially as it affects 'due process of law' it can be avoided."

"The courts and officers of the court," the judge continued, "must recognize that oftentimes by our training, education and surroundings we find ourselves in these narrow channels hereto referred to and unconsciously we declare acts and adoptions acts of the legislature to be in opposition and in conflict to some parts of the state or federal constitution, when, if viewed with a broad and forward look, it would not be the case."

"The less learned citizens in the country, here, often, succeed properly, we fear, condemn and criticize the judgment of the courts," the opinion read, "especially when the question of the constitutionality of acts of the general assembly of our government attacked. These citizens are in many instances made especially by those citizens and taxpayers of the commonwealth, who by reason of innate selfishness and sometimes lack of patriotism undertake to shift the burden of taxation from their shoulders on to the shoulders of the other fellow."

A herd of whales is called a gam.

(By J. W. Rogers)

Sorry that the Editor of the Mercury has been ill with influenza. As winter merges into beautiful spring, may he merge from his illness into good health again.

As we travel on the pathway that leads from earth life to heaven, may we never meet any of our Nicholas county friends.

There are three things we should all keep out of our homes; Dirt, Debt, and the Devil. We can if we will.

Met, Mrs. Eula Long, a teacher in the Brashertown consolidated school, recently. Her profession-al spirit grows stronger as she lives longer. We have often heard it told, a real good teacher never grows old.

Funny to see how many people thought they ought to win an auto last Saturday, in Cynthiana. There were full of them, and the town full of people, each expecting to draw the "lucky number" in Joe Pressman's free auto novelty contest. Mrs. Matthews, a colored woman had said in the forenoon, "I'm going to walk up town this afternoon, but I expect to ride back in a bran new auto" and she did.

In our last conversation with Dr. C. W. Mathers, at the court house in Carlisle, we were interested very much in the trend of his conversation and mind, but did not hear think of so great a benevolent spirit as he actually possessed and proved by his acts of love, which we now read of. Often he who does most least, and who says most does least, and the good men do lives on.

News of the sickness and death of J. T. Earlywine, Barterville, reached here last week. We extend sympathies to the family. He was a close friend of ours at all times and in all conditions. We are passing away, to the great judgment seat.

MOOREFIELD

(Mrs. Rob Blount, Cor.)

Mrs. Adrian Clark was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Tevis Wilson, for Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Clark and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. David Alexander in Fleming county.

Mrs. Oscar Hovermale, Mrs. Anna V. Huddell and Miss Anna Ruth Leggett were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clark.

E. P. Becker, came Saturday for his wife and son, who has been spending several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Vice.

Mr. and Mrs Joe Smart were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Burgess and family of Lexington, were guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Burgess last week.

Mrs. Joe Wilson, Mrs. Howard Irvin, Misses Virginia Seamonds and Llewellyn Holmes were joint hostesses for a tea and shower Saturday afternoon at the home of Miss Holmes for Mrs. Joe Smart, a recent bride. About forty guests were present. Mrs. Melvin Burgess assisted in serving lovely and useful gifts.

Misses Lois Seamond and Joan Wilson were week end guests of Mrs. Jim Myers at Carlisle.

Miss Beatrice Ivey left recently for Decatur, Illinois, to be with her sister, Dr. Pauline Coe, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hazelrigg and two children, Mr. and Mrs. William brown and children, of Paris, Easter with Miss Lena Hazelrigg.

Howard and Buster Hovermale went to Louisville to see their sister, Mrs. Lucile Hovermale, who is in Homestead Sanatorium.

Miss Mary Lizzie Hovermale returned to her home in Chicago Saturday.

Miss Rose Asbury, of Cynthiana sister of Mrs. Ernest Booth, was the guest the past week.

Walter Schafin and Miss Stevens, of Lexington, were Sunday guests of Miss Taylor and Edna Mae Wilson.

The young people of the Union church presented an Easter program Sunday morning of select readings, special music and a talk by the pastor, Rev. Garriott.

Mrs. and Mrs. T. T. Asbury near Cynthiana.

Mr. W. F. Burgess made a business trip to Flemingsburg last week.

Mrs. Walter Stone is on the sick list.

The Ladies Aid and Missionary Society of the Christian church met at the home of Mrs. Harvey Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Wilson were guests for supper with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Smart Sunday night.

Mrs. Ernest Booth entertained the meeting of the Missionary Auxiliary of this district, held at Owingsville last Thursday, were Mrs. Tevis Wilson, Mrs. Howard Irvin, Misses Lorene Wilson and Ruth Reid.

Mrs. Ruth Clark visited friends in Lexington last week end.

Mrs. Alvin Seamonds and baby visited Mrs. Ernest Robinson last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Clerk and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Stone, of Mt. Sterling, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Whaley Sunday.

Mrs. Mary A. Myers celebrated her 86th birthday March 29. She makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. R. E. Blount.

EAST UNION

(Mrs. Essel Barr, Correspondent)

Mrs. William Barr, Mrs. Essel and Dan Barr, of Paris, were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. John George.

Everett Stephenson is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Graves Stephenson.

Mr. and Mrs. William Foster and son were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Morgan Ring.

Miss Dawson Banta spent the week end with relatives and friends at Winchester and Mt. Sterling.

Mr. and Mrs. James Stephenson and daughter were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chase Thy one day the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Conyers were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Thomas and daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Hurst and son were guests of Mrs. J. H. Gillum Sunday.

Bridge Jones preached his farewell sermon at East Union Sunday night. Bro. Jones has accepted a call from Bro. Johnson, of Lexington, is the new minister and will preach on April 11th and each second and fourth Sundays thereafter.

The community extends sincere sympathy to Mrs. A. P. McLean and all other relatives of Mrs. Hardwick.

Mrs. Richard Thomas and daughter, Dorothy Jean, spent Friday evening with Mrs. Russell Barr.

Miss Fairy McCarty is improving very nicely from the injuries she received some time ago.

WILSON

(Bella Mae Terrell, Cor.)

Mr. and Mrs. Jess Dorton, of Nelta, Ohio, visited Saturday night with Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Ritchie.

Mr. and Mrs. Onie Dezsell and baby, of Lexington, were Sunday guests with Mr. and Mrs. S