### Soybeans, Cowpeas May Be Grown For Hay

Soybeans and cowpeas may be grown as emergency hay crops in Kentucky, under provisions of the Agricultural Conservation Program, provided they are followed with cover crops, according to an announcement from the College of Agriculture at Lexington. This fact is said to be of particular interest at this time, since the drouth has focused attention to the need of these crops to offset the scarcity of hay in the state. Thousands of farmers may still sow soybeans, cowpeas, sudan grass, millet and other hay and pasture crops.

Soybeans and cowpeas pastured, grazed or hogged-off, either when green or mature, are classified as soil-conserving crops in the Agricultural Conservation Program. They also may be harvested for hay, and still be classified as soil conserving, provided a winter cover crop is planted on the acreage prior to October 31.

Other changes contemplated in the program, as a result of the drouth, include permission to plant additional acreage of sudan grass, sweet sorghum and millet without affecting soil-conserving payments.

The College of Agriculture recommends soybeans as the best emergency hay crop that still may be grown, if weather conditions are favorable. Cowpeas make equally as good hay, but the seed is more expensive and the hay harder to cure. Millet may be sown with a grain drill at the rate of 25 to 30 pounds to the acre, is recommended.

Sudan grass and millet may be grown for hay and seed, even later than soybeans, but these have a shorter growing season and must be sown as late as August 1.

Sudan makes a good emergency grass crop, and will produce an abundance of grazing until frost, if not weather, if the fall is favorable.

The college also suggests that farmers wherever possible sow alfalfa this fall. Alfalfa is considered the most dependable hay crop that can be grown in Kentucky.

### THE NATION HEALED

(Owensboro Messenger)

When the postoffice department ordered the printing of stamps carrying the pictures of Robert E. Lee and "Stonewall" Jackson, it healed the last wound open by the War between the States, and memorized two of the nation's greatest soldiers, who as the products of the states that seceded, were the choicest laurels for the crown the nation which now honors them.

Those who sheathed their swords at Appomattox and put away their grey uniforms in a reaffirmation of loyalty to the union should not forget this day when their commanders would be honored with Lincoln and Washington, and the kindred flame of '76 years be not been extinguished in the seething fragrance of a reunited nation, and those were marched down to Dixie with deadly weapons now have children and grandchildren who refuse to become excited over the questions that rent the country in two.

It is meet, then a fitting pause for the federal government to honor Lee and Jackson as showing the great soldiers of the days from Revolutionary days to a recognition of the supreme qualities that set apart the loved and lovable chieftain of the south land and his first lieutenant, a virtue that transcends state lines.

Simple country life on a farm is declared the most hazardous.


Calotabs
For Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Flatulence, Nausea and Sick Headache, due to Constipation.
10¢ 25¢

Big $1 Bottle For Only 49c
HOPKINS DRUG CO.

Indian Tonic will drive from your system all poisons caused by constipation, and purify the blood. It tones a weak stomach, relieves indigestion, and helps you get the most out of your food. It stimulates the liver, regulates the bowels, and benefits in acne, pimples, boils, and other skin blemishes caused by sluggish bowels. Even one dose will relieve you. Get a bottle today. Sold by druggist. Ask for product—ADV.



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It costs money to be sick. You see it directly if your pay envelope is short. You lose out on some important work if you live on a farm or if you are one of the few who are not docked for lost time. You can't afford to show up on the job unless you are feeling fit. The two wants results—not excuses.

How many times do you scratch your head, ache, sour stomach, "That Tired Feeling," That "Morning After" Feeling, Nervousness, Sciatica, Rheumatic Pains? Pains keep you at home or interfere with your doing it well.
All these troubles are caused or made worse by too much acid in your body. To correct this condition take
ALKA-SELTZER
The New Pain Relieving, Alkalizing, Effervescent Tablet.
It is called Alka-Seltzer because it makes a pleasant alkaline drink, and as it contains no sodium bicarbonate (baking soda) relieves the pain of everyday ailments and does not overalkalize the alkaline balance essential to health. Alka-Seltzer is pleasant to take, effective, non-habit forming. Why don't you try it? Get a drink at your drug store soda fountain for a nickel. Buy a package for your home.

Large Package 60 cents
Small Package 20 cents


## THE GARDEN

### EMERGENCY POTATOES

John S. Gardner, Kentucky College of Agriculture.)

Because the spring crop of potatoes is short, and because there is unprecedented dearth of seed, from which to grow a late crop, planting is being increasingly tagged to urged for seed the small lubers among the potatoes now being dug. On the face of it this seems a feasible idea, except for the seriously drawback that such potatoes might not sprout in time to make a crop before frost came.

What is not generally understood is that after a potato becomes edibly mature, a certain length of time must elapse before the tuber becomes ripe enough for the eyes to start sprouts. This is called the "rest period," which, for Irish Cobblers, is from 8 to 12 weeks, and for Bliss Triumphs, a week or two less.

There are several ways of shortening this period. One is "sunsprouting," merely spreading the potatoes on a floor, so they receive direct sunlight for several hours a day, and day-light, the rest. After an interval, sprouts start; then, the potatoes should be planted. This method may shorten the rest period from 2 to 4 weeks, but that is not enough, unless the potatoes were ready to dig in June, and the fall season extraordinarily favorable and long. That is to say, a late crop produced from sun-greened seed might not include many tubers large enough to use for the table, except optimum conditions prevailed. However, even though no table crop resulted, potatoes of seed size, excellent to plant in the spring to follow, might be made. This worthless potatoes might be turned to good account.

Another way to shorten the rest period is to use chemicals that induce maturity. Of all that have been tried, thylene chlorhydrin and sodium thiocyanate give most promise. Of these two, the latter is the more reliable.

The methods for using these chemicals differ in some respects, but in these they are the same. The potatoes should be dug early and fully, so as not to bruise them or scarify them, and they should be stored in air 30 days." They may be treated cut or whole, but whole potatoes succeed better.

In the thylene method, 1 pint of the chemical is stirred into 4 gallons of water. In this solution, the potatoes are dipped to wet them completely. Then, they are put into airtight containers and left for 24 hours, thoroughly to become permeated with the gas the thylene sets free. The ethylene treatment has been more successfully used on Triumphs.

In the instance that thiocyanate is the treating material, the procedure is to dissolve 10 ounces of this chemical in 4 gallons of water. Into this solution, the potatoes are put, but left there for 1 hour, after which they are dried and planted. If economy of material is an object, the amounts of chemicals may be halved, but the soaking time doubled.

Whichever chemical is used, the potatoes should be planted immediately after treatment, for they cannot be stored successfully. The rotation may be somewhat shortened, but not unreasonably, the rotation may be changed to corn, potatoes, soybeans, cowpeas, and wheat, with the potatoes following the wheat. Potatoes should not be grown on the same land more frequently than every third year, and if nothing more than every fourth year.

Many Anniversaries During Month Of July

### Suggests Sudan, Soybeans As Emergency Crops

Sudan grass is named by Prof. R. J. Kinney of the Kentucky College of Agriculture as probably the best emergency crop to sow for late summer and fall pasture. Sown now, with favorable weather conditions, it should furnish a large amount of grazing until killed by frost. Drilling is preferred to broadcasting, using 20 to 30 pounds of seed to the acre.

Soy beans, supply of hay in Kentucky is certain to be scanty, Prof. Kinney suggests planting seedings of rye or other small grains, in order to lessen the amount of hay needed.

For an emergency hay crop, he recommends soybeans, the seed of which is said to be plentiful. Four varieties for late seeding are Virginia, Wilson and other medium late kinds. Cowpeas give better yields than soybeans from late seedings, but the seed costs more and the hay is more difficult to cure.

Sudan grass and millets permit even later seeding than soybeans or cowpeas, but the hay is less valuable. Millet will make a crop when sown as late as August 1, if moisture conditions are favorable.

If most of the lespedeza is killed by the drouth, seed will be scarce for the carry-over was small. Therefore, Prof. Kinney recommends that surviving stands be kept for seed.

He also suggests that alfalfa be sown this fall wherever possible. Alfalfa is unquestionably the most dependable hay crop that can be grown in Kentucky. He also would sow more grass with small grains.

### Advises Culling And Better Care

Scarcity of feed brings a statement from J. E. Humphrey, college of Agriculture field agent in poultry, urging the culling of the pullets, so that better care can be given to the birds that will lay eggs next fall and winter when prices are good.

In the first place pullets that developed rapidly, are the first out in the morning and the last to go to roost, have vigor and vitality possess broad, deep and short heads that stand high and broad with good spring of ribs. Their backs are deep and well-developed rather than shallow and round. They stand well and have room between the shanks.

Then there is a class of pullets, less quite so good, which are fairly mature, with bodies and heads not so good. These birds will probably should be culled. A third class, those that are slow to feather out, culls, most of which should be sold. They have bare backs and long, slim necks. Their heads often are knock-kneed.

Mr. Humphrey says the good birds should be moved to clean ground, if possible, and to a field where there are alfalfa, lespedeza or other green feed, and plenty of fresh water and mash, and yet not too much scratching feed or grain which was a big part of the mistake of last year.

2. The tenth law, 5, 6, 7. "Thou shalt not kill" is the commandment which was a big part of the mistake of last year.

IV. Peter Witnessing Before the Sanhedrin (Acts 4:7-21).

1. The leaders. Both priests and believers joined in this persecution (vs. 1).

The priests were indignant because they were teaching the people and showing their loyalties. The Sadducees did not believe in the resurrection which was a vital part of the message of the apostles.

2. The lowly (vs. 7, 8). The apostles were humble men of the people. Peter was filled with the Holy Spirit and so was empowered to speak with boldness.

3. They took knowledge that Peter and John had been with Jesus (vs. 13). They failed to listen to words in Christ's name (v. 7). They should not deny the miracle or attempt the action because of their own unbelief or attempted satisfaction.

4. Peter and John's reply (vs. 19, 20). They answered from their own hearts. They chose to obey God rather than men. They were not willing to deny the people were on the side of the apostles. (Matt. 21:26).

V. The Church at Prayer (vs. 23-31). The apostles went to their own people and reported what had happened. They did not complain but praised God for deliverance and power.

Failing Together

If the lowly sinners would join together in a united effort to help each member in all their troubles and sorrows, they would be much happier than they are now. Each would be helped.

Loving Others

One whom I love is not necessarily one who loves me. Jesus loved the world and died for it. This was a great task for Him.


One Drop of Bourbon Poultry Medicine does 3 jobs—STOPS GAPES
A few drops in drinking water cures and prevents white diarrhea, cholera, other bowel troubles. Helps chicks grow faster, keeps them healthier. Costs little. Guaranteed. Sold by druggists, hatcherymen, or by mail postpaid. Bourbon Remedy Co., Lexington, Ky.
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A Classified Ad Will Sell It.

## IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY School Lesson

By HUGH S. FITZGERALD, D. D., Member of Faculty, Kentucky Bible College. © Western Newspaper Union.

### Lesson for July 12

WITNESSING UNDER PERSECUTION

LESSON TEXT—Acts 3:1-4:31.
GOLDEN TEXT—We ought to obey God rather than men.—Acts 5:29.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Peter and John.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—The Power Which Overcomes.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Courageous Witnessing for Christ.

In I Corinthians 1:22-25, Paul sets forth the attitude of the world toward Christ and his gospel. The one who preaches Christ crucified must expect opposition, and even violent persecution. This attitude of the world, instead of being a deterrent, should be a spur to activity.

**I. Peter Healing the Lame Man** (Acts 3:1-10).

The place (vs. 1, 2). It was at the beautiful gate which leads from the outer to the inner court of the temple. This beautiful gate had been placed at the entrance of the place of worship where he might receive the sympathetic attention of worshipers.

2. The time (vs. 2). This beggar was infirm from his birth. He was not more than forty years old (Acts 4:22). When he saw Peter and John, he asked alms.

3. The method (vs. 3-8).

a. Gaining the man's attention (vs. 4). Peter and John commanded him to look on them. He asked for money and got healing.

b. Peter commanded him in the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth to rise and walk (v. 6). This was the very thing he had been unable to do all his life. He had never before had the ability to do.

c. Peter took him by the right hand (v. 7), gave impetus to his faith, not strength he lacked.

4. The man's response (v. 8). Strength was given to his feet. He stood, walked, leaped, and shouted praises.

5. The effect (vs. 9-11). The people were filled with wonder when they saw him walking and leaping. There could be no question as to the genuineness of the miracle for the man had been a familiar figure for many years.

a. This helpless man had to be carried to the temple. Men and women out of Christ are as helpless that they must be carried to the church. Only the Spirit of God can be applied to them.

b. Peter, being the man by the hand, shows the manner of helping the lost. Christian witnesses should bring the lost to Christ.

**II. Peter Witnessing Before the Multitude** (Acts 3:12-26).

Though this miracle directed the attention of the people to Peter and John, Peter seized the opportunity to direct them to Christ.

**III. Peter in Prison for Christ's Sake** (Acts 4:1-31).

1. The leaders. Both priests and believers joined in this persecution (vs. 1).

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One whom I love is not necessarily one who loves me. Jesus loved the world and died for it. This was a great task for Him.


Announcement
On July 1, 1936, we started to carry exclusively a complete line of
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Prices on all Peters Shoes substantially reduced.
Ask for tickets on free gifts with every purchase at our store.
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Hats Cleaned and re-blocked ..... 50c
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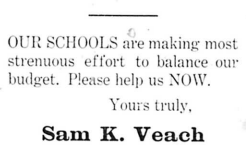
Lexington Laundry Company



Notice!
OUR SCHOOLS are making most strenuous effort to balance our budget. Please help us NOW.
Yours truly,
Sam K. Veach
Sec.-Treas.



MR. TAXPAYER Gets A BREAK WHEN TRAFFIC MOVES BY RAIL



*But he must dig into his pocket for certain other forms of transportation . . .*

● Last year the Louisville & Nashville Railroad carried 35 million tons of freight of all kinds—from sand to silk. The patron paid about 1¢ of a cent per ton for each mile this freight moved. Passengers paid an average of 1.6 cents for each mile they rode on L. & N. trains. Out of the earnings from these low rates the L. & N. paid all of the expense of operation and upkeep, as well as large taxes on its property.

● On inland waterways Mr. Taxpayer bears a large part of the transportation cost, yet generally the consumer buys his goods no cheaper. Mr. Taxpayer actually plays Santa Claus to concerns operating on the rivers—for example, it costs the taxpayers $136,000 per mile to build the locks and dams on the Ohio River; they pay $4,000 per mile per year to keep them going. The L. & N. built and maintains its own right of way for less than one-half these amounts.

● Good authority states the taxpayers' contribution to the construction and maintenance of highways is not compensated by the commercial users; that the average 20-passenger bus pays about $436 per year toward road building and upkeep, while its fair share of the cost is $1,051, and that the average 5-ton truck pays $366 per year when it should pay $1,629.

● Enormous funds are spent for lighted airways, coasts and airports, yet commercial users pay no direct tolls on what the taxpayer furnishes.

● The railroads do not get any such help. At the same time they pay taxes on those things used by some of their competitors. Notwithstanding this, and despite strict regulation, the railroads are doing the country's major transportation job, with constantly improving service.

● Give the railroads a break too.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE
"The Friendly Railroad"




## THE FARM AND HOME

(Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station)

It pays to make children's garments well. They must stand hard wear and frequent washings, which means that the materials must be good and the construction well done. Close stitching is advisable, but the seams should be smooth and flat.

Don't forget the farm economies in the rush of summer work. Acreages and yields should be carefully recorded at harvest time, when there can be no mistakes. Labor and other facts about livestock should be recorded from time to time during the season.

Weevil in the home is probably the first modern equipment to be given consideration. The College of Agriculture at Lexington and county and home demonstration agents are prepared to help farmers plan water systems for their homes.

Cream separators are designed to operate at a certain speed. Slower speed results in a larger volume of thinner cream and loss of butterfat in the skimmilk. Higher speed causes a smaller volume of richer cream and more butterfat.

To control cucumber beetles, use a well-mixed dust made of one part of calcium arsenate and five parts of gypsum or land plaster, before dawn, and while the dew is on the vines. The dust may be applied with a gunny sack.

Experiments at the University of Kentucky indicate nervous chickens are twice as lethal to Tuberculosis combined.

## STONY CREEK

(Lucene Dampier, Cor.)

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Bowles and son spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Lantern at Pecan.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Conundiser and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Schlueter, of Covington, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Tilton Stroot.

Rev. J. E. Hamilton, of Carrollton, who preached at Stony Creek Saturday night and Sunday, returned, visited Mr. and Mrs. Tom Doupier and family.

Several from here were at Payne Park for the Fourth.

Mrs. Justin Everlingood, who has been ill for the past month, is able to be out.

Mrs. Hollis Hall spent Monday with Mrs. Ora Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hall and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ora Hall.

Mrs. Ora Hall spent Tuesday with Mrs. Hollis Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hall and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ora Hall.

Mrs. Ora Hall spent Wednesday with Mrs. Hollis Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hall and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ora Hall.

Mrs. Ora Hall spent Thursday with Mrs. Hollis Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hall and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ora Hall.

Mrs. Ora Hall spent Friday with Mrs. Hollis Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hall and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ora Hall.

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