SORE THROAT? DON'T GARGLE

This Doctor's Prescription Gives Quicker, Better Relief

Don't suffer the pain and discomfort of sore throat. Use a doctor's prescription called Thoxine guaranteed to relieve with the very first swallow. Gargles and salves are too slow and if they do relieve, it is usually only temporary.

Thoxine has a double action—it loosens the soreness and goes direct to the internal cause. It contains no harmful drugs and is safe and pleasant for the whole family. There is nothing better to stop coughing due to irritated throats. Just ask for Thoxine, put up ready for use in 30c, 60c, and $1.00 bottles. Money back if not relieved. Sold by Turemans and Sons Drug Store and all other good drug stores.

On Fifth Avenue many of the Parisian chief ideals in Mistinguett CLEANSING CREAM "Nature's way to beauty"

PATTON'S, CARLISLE, KY

Wheat bread has decreased in importance in the American diet since the world war.

FOR SPRING PLANTING

FRUITS AND ORNAMENTAL TREES VINES - - EVERGREENS ROSES - - SHRUBS STRAWBERRY PLANTS SEED POTATOES ETC.

FREE—90 PAGE CATALOG Tells you how, when and what to plant

Hillenmeyer Nurseries Lexington, Ky. [Established 1841]

The New Ford

Buy it for real value and economy of operation. Ask those who have them how little the cost of upkeep. The big sale they are having tells you what the public thinks of them.

Better get in your order now for delivery when you want it, and thus be in line to get it.

See the New Truck with extension and 12 foot body at our place

R. C. A. Radios

Supplies Of All Kinds For All Makes

Second hand outfits for sale.

Copeland Electric Refrigerator

The equal of any on the market

Nearly two years service in Carlisle without the least trouble or a penny expense to owners. Come in and let us show you in detail.

USED CARS—Model A Tudor looks like new, Fordor, Sport Coupe, Runabout, Model T Touring and Runabout. Chevrolet 1½ Ton Truck in fine condition. Come see it before it is sold.

Harper's Garage

Wall Papers

That Enhance Your Home

The Right Paper for the Right Room

Selecting the right paper—that's the big thing when you plan to paper your home. Helping the customer is part of our service. Our new papers are works of art—the best that can be produced—and the price can't be beat.

Sam T. Howe & Co.

(Incorporated)

W. R. McCOWAN

Formerly With Standard Oil Co.

Is Now Distributor

For Carlisle and Nicholas County

—of—

Shell Gasoline
Shell Motor Oils
Shell Kerosene

Your Patronage Is Solicited

The qualities of these products are well known to the public

Telephone 26

666 Tablets

Relieves a Headache or Neuralgia in 30 minutes, checks a cold the first day, and checks Malaria in three days.

666 also in Liquid

You May Enjoy Health Through Chiropractic

W. G. COWAN
CHIROPRACTOR
Carlisle, Ky.

A. T. GARDNER
Optometrist
Eyes Examined—Glasses Fitted
Farmers Bank Building
CARLISLE, KENTUCKY.

JOE MATHIAS
Mathias Insurance Agency
OFFICE MOVED TO RESIDENCE
ON EAST MAIN STREET
Dry Cleaning Agency
TELEPHONE 249

Paid-Up Stock
FOR OVER 15 YEARS HAS BEEN
PAID 7%
INVESTIGATE
Lincoln Building & Loan Ass'n
124 E. 6th St., Lexington, Ky.
Tune in on WHAS, 345 Meter Wave

NOTICE

This advertisement, under Section 2072 of the Kentucky Statutes (Carroll's Edition, 1915 and 1922), as amended by the Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, Chapter 70 of the Acts of 1922, approved March 22, 1922, is to comply with the law as set forth the following: On the 23rd day of May 1921, by an order of the County Court (Juvenile Session of Nicholas County, Kentucky, an infant named Elizabeth Bixby, of female sex, and sixteen (11) years of age, was committed to said Society as a neglected and dependent child, and said Society will, in conformity with said Section as amended, proceed in due course to consent to and consummate the adoption of said infant by an Adoptor and accord to such Adoptor the parental control of the infant. This advertisement is inserted and published once a week for four weeks in The Mercury, a newspaper published in Nicholas County, Kentucky and the newspaper prescribed by said Section as amended. 2-27-4t

T. H. Ewing, Pres.
Kentucky Children's Home Society

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

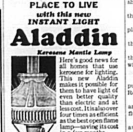
All persons having claims against the estate of Z. B. Clarell, dec'd will file the same, properly proven, with the undersigned, or I. B. Rose, attorney; and those knowing themselves indebted to said estate will call upon the undersigned at once and settle same.

Bluffton Vice, Admr. of Z. B. Clarell
I. B. Rose, Attorney. 2-6-3t

Every Home Without Electricity Made a BRIGHTER-BETTER PLACE TO LIVE with the new INSTANT LIGHT

Aladdin

Kerosene Mantle Lamp



Here's good news for all homes that use kerosene for lighting. The Aladdin Model Five makes it possible for them to have light of even better quality than electric and at less cost. Hitherto four times as efficient as the best open flame lamp—saving its cost in a few months.

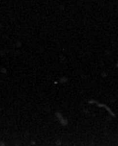
This Modern White Light of extreme brilliancy is as natural as sunlight from kerosene is a modern miracle. Homes once dark and dreary are made bright and cheerful. Over seven million people enjoy its comforts. Note the many desirable features.

FEATURES

Burns common kerosene (coal oil). Lights instantly at touch of match. Simple to operate and keep in order. Absolutely safe. Burns 10c. an hour. The most economical light known. Gives 300 candle power of brilliant, soft, white light. NO odor, NO smoke, NO noise. NO pumping. NO generating or wicks. Just a match and a minute that's all. Can be carried anywhere. Guaranteed by many years of success. Every lamp tested by Aladdin's highest authorities.

C. R. KING

Goes Alone to Jungle



Miss Elizabeth Niven, twenty-nine-year-old graduate student of zoology at the University of Chicago, who, unattended except by native guide and a negro cook, will penetrate the central Brazilian jungle in search of tribes of Indians never seen by white men.

INSIDE INFORMATION

If the clothesline has been left out, wipe it carefully with a damp cloth before using. Clothespins must be perfectly clean.

Watercress fine stemmed and creamed with butter, makes a delicious spread for graham bread sandwiches for club meetings, teas, and other social occasions. Minced parsley, flavored with a few drops of lemon juice, and mixed with butter is another appropriate spread for sandwiches that are to be cut into fancy shapes with cooky cutters.

Mercerization is a process used in finishing some cotton fabrics that adds not only beauty, in a glossy finish, but durability. Sometimes mercerized yarns are combined with plain ones to make stripes, plaids and figures of unusual attractiveness. The more or less temporary glossy finishes applied to fabrics by means of paste mixtures should not be confused with mercerization, nor should they be applied in quite different from mercerized cotton.

Bright colors like red, green, orange, coral blue, or yellow are desirable for children's out-of-doors play clothes especially if the little ones must play where automobile traffic is passing. Motorists see these colors easily, although they may not notice the brown grass, and other dull colors used for outer wraps which blend with the landscape. Children like the bright colors best, and are protected by wearing them. Mark the name in true of bathing suits in bright shades. The child is visible wherever he ventures.

For washing and rinsing utensils a clean, safe water supply is absolutely necessary. Contaminated water may be a source of danger not only to persons living on the farm but also to those who use milk from the farm. Wells and springs should always be protected from surface drainage. The privy opening with wood, alcohol, or tarred alcohol, or plain water Mud stains may be taken off black silks of firm weave by rubbing the spot with a cut raw potato. The thin film of starch left by the potato can be brushed off when dry. This treatment is not recommended for any other materials. It leaves a spot on any except black fabrics.

GIVES STEPS IN HATCHING CHICKS

The University of Kentucky College of Agriculture has made the following helpful suggestions regarding hatching eggs and setting hens, for the benefit of 4-H Poultry Club boys and girls. There will follow next week suggestions on brooding and feeding.

1. Secure eggs from a flock of known high production that has been tested for bacillary white diarrhea.

2. Do not set small, misshapen or dirty eggs.

3. Hold hatching eggs in a cool place.

4. Turn eggs once each day until they are set.

5. Do not wash hatching eggs if they become soiled. Wipe lightly with a damp cloth.

Setting The Hen

1. Select a gentle hen of the general purpose breeds, such as Plymouth Rocks, Reds or Wyandottes.

2. The hen should be free from lice and mites. Dust her with sodium fluoride.

3. Move the broody hen to a nest away from the laying flock. This should be done at night.

4. The hen should remain on the new nest for two days during which hatching eggs are placed under her.

5. Place clean hay or straw in a nest that is large enough to provide comfort for the hen. The nest should be at least 12 by 12 inches.

6. Provide a shallow feed for the nest to keep the hen well fed.

7. The broody hen should be given corn and water. Water may be kept before the hen. Corn should be given once each day.

8. The hen should be allowed to come off of the nest for feed and exercise once each day, but should not remain off long enough for the eggs to become chilled.

9. The hen should be dusted again with sodium fluoride three days before the eggs hatch.

CLOTHING HYGIENE SHOWN IN EXTENSIVE LITERATURE

The tremendous advances made in the direction of hygienic and comfortable clothing, especially for women and children, in the last 10 or 15 years are evident as one scans the literature on clothing for any given period.

Ruth O'Brien, who is at the head of the textile and clothing division of the Bureau of Home Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture, has made a study, with two of her associates, of the available sources of information about the relation of clothing to health. She reports that practically all the material on the subject is very meager, but that popular interest in it over a considerable period of time is shown by a bibliography which she has prepared of nearly 1,200 books and articles on some phase of clothing hygiene.

There have always been reformers in advance of the times, it seems, protesting against prevailing modes that hampered physical development or contributed otherwise to ill health. Attention to men's clothing seems to have been directed very much to their footwear, especially during the war years. The type of clothing advisable for various occupations has been given considerable thought, of which the best indication is the profusion of that should be worn for high-altitude flying.

A great variety and quantity of material dealing with women's clothing was found. Some of this relates particularly to the effect of style on health, while another group of reference books brings out the effect of dress on health. The controversy that has raged around the question of dress reform years can be easily traced through the literature. Women seem to have always long been scored by both lay and professional critics, and there is no dearth of literature decrying the long skirts and other styles even when their vogue was strongest.

The newer clothing for children have perhaps emerged most conspicuously of all from traditional practices. It is a far cry from the dress of 1863 which recommends flannel as the most appropriate material for children's clothing and who says dresses should have long sleeves and high neck liner to the brief sun suit and other lightweight washable children's garments of today.

Those interested in following the literature on clothing hygiene and the ideas expressed on the subject by various persons will find this bibliography a mine of fascinating references.

290 - CALL - 290

New Dry Cleaning Prices

Dresses, plain (serge or jersey)	$1.00; silk $1.50
(with six pleats or under will be considered as plain)	
(2-piece dresses same as 1-piece)	
Coats, plain	$1.50
Coats, fur trimmed	1.75 to 2.50
Coats, fur	3.50 to 5.00
Sport Skirts	1.00 to 1.50
Scarfs	35 to .50
Gloves	15 (and 2) .25
Negligees	1.50

MEN'SWEAR

Coats	$ .60
Pants	.40
Vests	.25
Suits, 2-piece	1.00
Suits, 3-piece	1.25
Pants, white flannel	.50
Overcoats (no lining)	1.25
Overcoats	1.50
Cravenette Coats	1.50
Sweaters (silk and wool)	.50

MISCELLANEOUS

Portieres	.50 pair; lined .75 and $1.00
(silk, cretonne, light)	
Portieres, velvet and tapestry	1.00
Blankets	75c and 1.00
Comforts	1.00

DYE

Ladies, Coats and Dresses	$3.50
Gents' Overcoats and Suits	$3.50

We are prepared to clean your rugs.

Lexington Laundry Company
ROBT. MANN, Agent

P. D. Q. STARTING AND GROWING MASH
MADE FROM CLEAN, WHOLESOME CEREALS
DRIED BUTTERMILK AND COD LIVER OIL MEAL
FERNCLIFF FEED & GRAIN CO. Incorporated LOUISVILLE, KY.

New Spring Arrivals
IN MEN'S SUITS

Sherman and Hartz Brands

At $23.50

A well-tailored assortment of suits in a variety of patterns. Boy's Spring Suits are in too, in prices from $6.50 to $16.50.

R. T. KIRKLAND & COMPANY
The Store Of Real Values

SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY OFFER!

GOLDEN DREAM Coffee

FOR LIMITED TIME ONLY FREE GET YOURS TODAY!

One Half Pound With Purchase Of One At These Leading Carlisle Grocers!

VERNA STONE
LAWRENCE'S CASH GRO.
BLUE LICK STORE CO.

Metcalfe's Grocery

All That Is Best In
Staple and Fancy Groceries

Call 13 We Deliver

IT'S A STRANGE BIRD THAT BEFOULS ITS OWN NEST

You will agree that this is true. And yet the egg-producer is doing exactly that thing when he markets eggs that are filthy and that might as easily be cleaned at the time they are gathered.

Eventually he is going to ruin his own business. The wholesaler who buys his eggs must take the cut for these dirty eggs. The cases must be worked over and these filthy eggs kept together. This costs money and in addition the people to whom the wholesaler ships cut him on the price of these foul eggs. In fact the egg-producer is already paying the penalty for his carelessness in not cleaning eggs sent to market in a lower range of price than he would get for clean eggs.

Think This Over; Don't "Befoul Your Own Nest."

In the last ten days the Blue Grass Produce Company has shipped 16,800 dozen eggs. Of these 1,800 dozen were foul and dirty, had to be worked over carefully and then reworked and on these the company will receive a substantial cut from the people they sell to. The company can not afford to give this time and lose this money on account of the carelessness and laziness of the egg-producer who could as easily clean the eggs his hens lay at gathering time. Eventually such eggs must be bought at a discount and a substantial one, in self-defense.

Give your hen a chance. Clean up her laying quarters; scatter some clean straw around. Where an egg is dirty, take a clean damp rag and clean it off when gathered. It won't hurt the egg then; it will hurt it to clean it after it gets to us later.

Farmers are urged to visit our plant and see the filthy eggs that some careless egg-producers are sending in. Then you will realize the labor involved in sorting them and the reason that the price is cut when the shipment gets to its destination. You will realize that such carelessness is ruining the egg market and that eventually producers of clean eggs will be penalized for the shortcomings of the careless poultryman.

BLUE GRASS PRODUCE & TRANSFER CO.
Incorporated
M. T. Ruddell, Manager

SPRINGTIME again! What a joy to be back on the soil....to spade it up and rake it smooth. Of course you'll have a garden. Northrup, King & Co.'s Packet Seeds, at your dealers, will reward your efforts very satisfactorily. Each vegetable packet is a wonderful value, at its price.....five cents.

Northrup, King & Co.'s Seeds

THE EXTRA-EARLY GARDEN

By John B. Gardner, Kentucky College of Agriculture

The time for making an actual start of gardening is at hand. This is true of fall-broken land, and perhaps also of gardens broken just a few weeks ago, whose drainage is exceptionally good. But, obviously, only the most hardy of the "cool" crops need consideration now.

It is assumed that a generous coat of manure was plowed under, or a top dressing applied in March. Manure is important from the standpoint of supplying humus, and, if plentiful, need not be omitted, if the soil is to stay workable.

The plantfoods that manure mainly supplies are nitrogen and potash, but it does not furnish phosphorus in sufficient amount for the general garden crops. Accordingly, it is well to broadcast superphosphate, at the rate of 50 pounds for every ton of manure applied, or else one 12½-pound sack over a space of garden 100 feet square.

In the event manuring is not done, a complete high grade fertilizer should be used instead of the phosphate. A fair analysis would be 3-8-4 or 4-10-4. The method of application is the same as for the phosphate, but the rate should be doubled.

Either method of fertilizing will adequately feed all the vegetables, except the lead crops, and for these additional nitrogen is needed. Chicken manure brings out the effect of crops, the rate of one bushel to 200 feet of row, but nitrate of soda, used at the rate of one pound to 100 feet of row, is better. Under no circumstances are we advised; the first, just as soon as growth begins, and the rest a week later.

The seedbed should be suitably prepared; the soil particles should be of the same size as the seed, or smaller. The depth of covering should be nearly as great as twice the seed's smallest diameter of the seed.

The crops that should be sown are: Parsnips; the variety, Guernsey.

Radish; or Oyster Bluntleaf; Sandwich Island.

Spring kale (really Rape); Dwarf Essex.

Spinach; King of Denmark.

The new "green"; Tendergreen.

Radishes; Scarlet Button, Sparkler White-Tip.

Peas; Alaska, and 2 weeks later, Little Marvel, Gradus, or Lastonian.

At this time cabbage and cauliflower should be set. If the plants are home-grown the choice of varieties has already been made, but if they are to be purchased, these are the sorts to use.

Cabbage; Charleston, Wakefield, Copenhagen, Market.

Cauliflower; Snowball.

Before setting them in the garden it is well to examine the roots of the plantlets, for these often arrive in the packed. If even just a few are found, the plants should be dipped in a tobacco-soap solution. The most convenient material is Black Leaf 40. The proportion is: Black Leaf 40 one teaspoon; soap, the size of a hickory nut; water, 1 quart.

Shipped plants sometimes reach the gardener in a wilted condition, but they may be made to start well by "puddling" the roots with muddy water and removing the top half of the leaves. But the central bud must not be injured in any wise.

PREDICTS PROFIT FROM GOOD LAMBS

Farmers raising good quality lambs will be able to make money, even with lower prices, declares a sheep-raising outlook report from the department of markets of the Experiment Station of the University of Kentucky. Producers of poor quality lambs, however, will have an increasingly difficult time to make a profit.

It is pointed out that the sheep industry has continued to expand in the United States until the number of sheep and lambs on farms Jan. 1 was the largest in 45 years. In addition, this year's lamb crop promises to be larger than that of 1929. The supply of lambs probably will exceed that of last year by two to three million head.

Another element which must be considered is the price of wool. The low wool price was one of the causes of the lamb price break in the latter part of 1929. World production has increased 23 per cent since 1923, and it seems unlikely that there will be any improvement in wool prices this year.

Consumption of lambs has been increasing, due in part to the high prices of other meats. Other meats, however, tend to be lower this year, which may affect lamb prices.

It is pointed out that there are indications that expansion in the sheep industry is about to end. While this year's prices may be lower than last year, they still will be good for high quality lambs, such as can be produced on many Kentucky farms.

A LIVING TREE SERVES

For the first time in history, a living tree has been made to serve as a monument to a man whose life work is finished and as a "memorial" in which has been laid away the record of his deeds, the spirit and ideals which made him famous.

The tree is an American elm, 50 feet in height and 18 inches in diameter, which was taken from a forest and replanted today at the entrance to Roosevelt high school at Lima, Ohio, as a memorial to John Davey, father of tree surgery.

A cavity nearly a foot deep was cut in the trunk of the tree and in the niche so formed was placed a copy of his book, "The Tree Doctor"—the book which made known his conception of a new science.

The cavity was then filled with sectional concrete according to the principles which Davey originated. The wound will start to heal immediately. Bark will creep over it and in time all traces of the "operation" will disappear.

HINTS TO FARMERS

Do not wash eggs for incubation. If the shells are dirty, reject the eggs, or scrape the dirt off with a knife.

Wheat bran contains much gluten, a protein, a medium amount of protein, and is of a bulky nature. These characteristics make it a valuable ingredient of all dairy rations.

Spring grasses that grow wild will soon be available for the trouble of picking them. Dandelion, poke, lamb's land cress, and various others are valuable in the diet and appetite as a change.

The cowpea succeeds under such a wide range of conditions that it can be used to good advantage in almost any system of crop rotation. It is especially valuable as a catch crop and for hay or seed production.

To grow quickly, chicks need high-protein feeds the first few weeks. Chicks will grow rapidly if fed for the first 3 or 4 weeks, feeds that contain 20 per cent of good-quality protein, and for the next 5 or 6 weeks, feeds that are from 16 to 20 per cent protein.

More than 104 billion dozen eggs were marketed in 1928 through nine cooperative egg-marketing associations. All the larger associations are west of the Mississippi River. In the East such cooperative associations are numerous and do not handle large volumes of business.

Feeding tests show that soybeans are desirable in poultry rations as a source of protein. However, the soybeans or grain should be supplemented with a good mineral mixture. Many farmers have found that poultry eat the whole beans more readily if soaked or cooked.

Many dairy cows are undersized and low producing because they did not get enough of the right kind of feed when they were young and growing. After a heifer has freshened and is producing milk it is difficult for her to make up for growth lost through poor feeding when young.

Growers are cautioned against placing dependence on alluring claims for medicinal cures or remedies for infectious abortion," says Dr. J. R. Mohler, Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, U. S. Department of Agriculture. "Money spent for such products is likely to be wasted, but to mention possible injury that may be done to livestock."

The mammoth-hatchery business has developed so rapidly that many more farmers are buying day-old chicks instead of incubating the eggs. Day-old chicks should be bought from hatcheries where the breeding flocks are inspected carefully and culled rigidly, and where the poultry plants are kept in sanitary condition. It doesn't pay to buy poor-quality chicks.

Appearances are often deceiving and a rank growth of soft pasture grass may seem to be good feed for sheep when it is not. The steep hanging should judge the condition of his flock by feeling of the bone of the loin or back of the sheep. Even in lush, especially, should be kept gaining steadily throughout the fall and winter. In open wet falls there is danger of waiting too long to start feeding.

Dairymen could reduce their feed bills materially if they would grow and feed more protein in the form of legume hays, says the U. S. Bureau of Dairy Industry. An acre of clover hay will furnish about 3 times as much digestible protein as 1 acre of timothy hay, and an acre of alfalfa hay nearly 7 times as much. In cost per 100 pounds of crude digestible protein, alfalfa hay may even compare favorably with the high-protein concentrates, such as linseed meal and cottonseed meal.

You can't count your chickens before they're hatched if an incubator or hen is used, but you can count them if day-old chicks are bought from a good hatchery. Each year more and more farmers are buying day-old chicks instead of incubating the eggs. If you buy chicks, be sure to get them from a reliable breeder who has healthy stock and whose hatchery is managed under sanitary conditions. Chicks should be ordered early so they can be delivered in March or April. Late-hatched chicks rarely do as well as early hatched ones.

Bottles are not the only things that leak in transit. Vegetables badly affected with watery soft rot actually leak in transit, in storage, or on the market. When preparing truck for the market, take care to exclude vegetables so affected. Even very small soft-rot spots may grow en route and cause considerable damage by the time the produce arrives. All crumbling vegetables, except the potato and the onion, are susceptible to watery soft rot, which causes a characteristic soft watery decay in the produce and a white cottony mold on the plants. Careful handling and good refrigeration will reduce losses from the disease, but will not entirely control it.

Cattle or sheep affected with foot rot should be promptly separated from healthy animals, as this disease spreads rapidly. In the early stages thorough cleansing of the affected feet and an application of a carbolic acid solution (1 ounce to a pint of water), clean stabling and healthy feed will often remedy the trouble. Preventive measures consist in cleaning and disinfecting quarters where affected animals have been stabled, and avoiding infected premises and pastures. Cattle and sheep in big herds are more liable to foot rot, says the U. S. Department of Agriculture, and the disease seems to spread more rapidly where animals are kept closely confined.

for Economical Transportation
CHEVROLET

Chevrolet announces A NEW SERVICE POLICY

The Chevrolet Motor Company and its dealers are pleased to announce a new service policy—one of the most liberal ever offered on a low-priced automobile.

Put into force as a written agreement given to the purchaser by the Chevrolet dealer when the car is delivered—it offers the following provisions:

1 Every Chevrolet owner receives his car from the dealer in perfect condition—thoroughly lubricated, properly adjusted, and ready to operate efficiently from the first mile of ownership.

2 Every Chevrolet owner is entitled to free inspection and adjustment of his car at the end of the first 500 miles of usage.

3 Every Chevrolet owner is entitled to free inspection of his car every 1000 miles thereafter, so long as the car is in operation.

4 Every Chevrolet owner is entitled to free replacement of any part which may prove defective in workmanship or material, within the terms of Chevrolet's standard warranty. This includes both parts and labor.

5 Provision number 4 will be carried out by any Chevrolet dealer in the United States. As a result, the Chevrolet owner may travel to any part of the country, with assurance that the guarantee on materials and workmanship will remain in force.

This new policy constitutes proof of Chevrolet's high quality—for such liberal provisions could only be made in connection with a car built of fine materials to exacting standards of workmanship.

Back of this policy, and assuring its successful operation, is one of the most complete and efficient service organizations in the world.

There are more than 10,000 Authorized Chevrolet Dealer Service Stations in the United States alone. Each employs skilled mechanics thoroughly trained at Chevrolet Service Schools. Each has specially designed tools and machinery developed exclusively for Chevrolet service work. And each has on hand, at all times, an adequate stock of genuine Chevrolet replacement parts.

Chevrolet's flat-rate charges, including both parts and labor, are the lowest in the industry on many service operations!

In considering the purchase of a low-priced automobile, think what this service means—in terms of lasting satisfaction, as well as in increased economy.

Chevrolet cars range in price from $495 up, f. o. b. factory, Flint, Michigan

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY, DETROIT, MICHIGAN
Division of General Motors Corporation

A SIX IN THE PRICE RANGE OF THE FOUR

Motch Chevrolet Company
CARLISLE, KENTUCKY

America's death toll of fighters in the world war in two years was 37,000; 96,000 Americans were killed by accidents in 1928.

Salt is so valued by natives in some parts of central Africa that a traveler may hire a laborer for a cup of salt a week.

Some African tribes weave cloth from banana fibre, raffia, hemp, cotton, inner bark of trees and silk of wild silkworms.

The vast resources and facilities ..... that world leadership has given Maytag -- inspired and made possible

the NEW MAYTAG

A $4,500,000 PRODUCT

Maytag Aluminum Washer

TUNE IN Maytag Radio Programs NBC Chain of Stations, Every Monday, 8:30 P.M. E.S.T., 8:30 C.S.T., 7:30 M.T., 6:30 P.T.

Johnson Maytag Co.
Carlisle, Ky.

ON DISPLAY AT GATEWOOD'S CONFECTIONERY