Metcalfe's Grocery

All That Is Best In
Staple and Fancy Groceries

Call 13 — We Deliver

290 - CALL - 290

New Dry Cleaning Prices

Dresses, plain (serge or jersey) ..... $1.00; silk $1.50
(with six pleats or under will be considered as plain)
(2-piece dresses same as 1-piece)

Coats, plain	$1.50
Coats, fur trimmed	1.75 to 2.50
Coats, fur	3.50 to 5.00
Sport Skirts	1.00 to 1.50
Scarfs	.35 to .50
Gloves	.15 (and 2) .25
Negligees	1.50

MEN'SWEAR

Coats	$ .60
Pants	.40
Vests	.25
Suits, 2-piece	1.00
Suits, 3-piece	1.25
Pants, white flannel	.50
Overcoats (no lining)	1.25
Overcoats	1.50
Cravenette Coats	1.50
Sweaters (silk and wool)	.50

MISCELLANEOUS

Portieres (silk, cretonne, light)	.50 pair; lined .75 and $1.00
Portieres, velvet and tapestry	1.00
Blankets	75c and 1.00
Comforts	1.00

DYE

Ladies, Coats and Dresses	$3.50
Gents' Overcoats and Suits	$3.50

We are prepared to clean your rugs.

Lexington Laundry Company
ROBT. MANN, Agent

Dead Stock

REMOVED

FREE

HORSES, CATTLE, MULES, HOGS, SHEEP

Telephone Paris 328
and reverse charges

PROMPT SERVICE

Lexington By-Products Company
302 Hernando Building

Dead Chicks Never Pay!

So why not encourage your baby chicks to live—and grow up?

Tuxedo Starting and Growing Allmash helps you, and the chicks. It cuts mortality figures way down; it makes more profits way up. Some hatches of a hundred and more have come through without a single loss; while even in large batches the mortality percentage runs surprisingly low. Tuxedo Starting and Growing Allmash speeds growth!

Two pounds at eight weeks is frequently reported. The right ingredients in the right proportions are responsible. BUTTERMILK, CHARCOAL which furnishes carbohydrates for body heat, GROWTH, helps digestion, and stimulates thirst and appetite.

We know you want your baby chicks to live, and grow! So come in for a supply of Tuxedo Starting and Growing Allmash.

CARLISLE COAL & FEED CO.
Carlisle, Kentucky

Tuxedo Starting and Growing Allmash

Those who feed scratch grains will be equally successful with Tuxedo Starting Mash for the first six weeks—and then Tuxedo Growing Mash.

HINTS TO FARMERS

If the feed is of good quality and the dairy cow leaves part of her hay or silage, it is probably a sign that she is getting a little too much. It is always well to give the cow slightly less feed than she wants.

Too much water in a washing machine causes excessive splashing and often reduces the efficiency of the machine. Observe where the water line is, and also be careful not to overload the machine with clothes.

It is well to stanchion heifers with the milking herd for two or three months before calving. If they are brushed gently and handled every day they will become accustomed to the attendant and will be easier to milk.

The surest way to keep a house free from ants is to leave no food lying about on shelves or in open places where they can reach it. Ants go where they can find food and are especially attracted by cake, bread, sugar and meat.

A higher rate of seeding potatoes than is commonly used will increase the acreage production of this crop. The from 13 to 18 bushels of seed to an acre, says the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Instead of from 9 to 11 as is the usual practice.

Oysters are now shipped all over the United States in refrigerator cars or shucked and frozen. If properly handled they are fresh and excellent. Canned oysters are also good. Oysters are particularly advisable in inland regions because of the iodine they supply.

One of the best fertilizers for a lawn is a mixture of three parts of cottonseed meal and one part sulphate of ammonia. Apply 10 to 15 pounds to 1,000 square feet in the early fall and again in the spring after the danger of severe frost is over and the grass is making good growth.

The enormous seed crop raised with the grain every year is one of the reasons why there are not larger yields of grain in the spring-wheat area, says the U. S. Department of Agriculture. This weed crop can be prevented by eliminating the weeds in public fields before they form seeds, by destroying the weed seeds in the soil, and by thoroughly cleaning the seed grain.

It is poor economy to crowd chicks in the brooder. Better chicks can be produced by placing 350 chicks under a 500-chick brooder than by filling it to capacity. Ease and comfort are essential to the development of the chicks into strong, healthy pullets which should begin their laying period at the right time and continue through the fall and winter months when egg prices are high.

All poisons in the home such as insecticides, antiseptics, poisons and the like, should be kept securely locked up when not in use to prevent accidental poisoning of food, the Food, Drug and Insecticide Administration recommends. Many deaths are caused every year by accidental mixings which could be avoided by simple precautions in handling and keeping poisons.

It is sometimes claimed that lightning conductors on farm buildings "draw lightning" and are therefore undesirable, but the U. S. Weather Bureau says that rodded buildings are less likely to be damaged by lightning than unrodded ones. Lightning near a rodded building is usually diverted to the conductors and passes to the ground without harming the building, whereas a stroke on an unrodded building generally causes damage.

The sow needs plenty of good feed while nursing her pigs. Corn or ground barley should be the main feed, supplemented by shorts or middlings, tankage or fish meal, or oil-process linseed meal. The corn may be fed on the ear or shelled. Other feeds may be given dry or in slop. When a change of feed is necessary, it should be made gradually. A similar mineral mixture should be available at all times in a box or self-feeder.

For spraying a few peach trees in the yard or home orchard, a bucket spray pump will do the work. It should be made of brass or some other metal that will not corrode, and have a 4-foot ex-tension rod and at least 15 feet of hose. If the trees are to be dusted, a hand duster consisting of a cylinder with plunger and fan for making an air blast, can be used, although a larger hand duster, in which a fan is operated by cogs or belt from a crank, is more satisfactory and durable.

One fly killed in early spring means hundreds of flies fewer next summer. Stable manure in which flies may breed rapidly should be hauled to the fields every day, if possible, and spread thin so that it will dry. It is best to use a manure spreader. Manure that is not disposed of daily may be treated with fellebore, which will destroy the fly larvae without reducing the fertilizing value of the manure. One-half pound of powdered hellebore to 10 gallons of water will treat about 10 cubic feet of manure.

Many adult animals and fowls harbor various parasits and may not show serious effects. In early spring the young stock is making its start, and in many cases the young animals are injured severely. It is well to follow the systems of sanitation recommended by the Federal and State agricultural authorities. The general precaution is to keep all young live-stock—lambs, calves, colts, etc.—in clean, safe, well-drained pastures, away from older animals other than their mothers and away from areas that have been occupied by older animals the previous year.

USE CLIMBING VINES WHEN BEAUTIFYING YOUR HOME

By L. A. Hawkins, Agricultural Extension Department, International Harvester Company

Greater use can well be made of climbing vines in home ground decorating. They are very appropriate as shade for porches, to grow on trellises along the side of buildings, to cover brick walls, grow wn chimneys, to screen unsightly objects and to cover arbors or old fences. Most of our ornamental vine plants are very easy to grow if the soil is fairly fertile and they have plenty of moisture. Growth is usually very rapid and much surface can be covered annually. There are many sorts of both annual and perennial climbers. Both have their places, for sometimes quick annual coverings as screens or porch shades are desirable, while in other cases the perennial forms are preferable for covering arbors, brick walls or for chimneys and for screening purposes. When the annuals are used, seeds should be planted as soon as weather and soil conditions are favorable in the spring. It is often advisable to start some kinds in the hotbed, later transplanting to the open, as much more growth can be secured. The perennial forms are generally put out as rooted cuttings or suckers in either the fall or spring. If winter temperatures are very low spring planting will probably be safer. Most climbing vines have strong root systems, and if given a good start will grow rapidly and produce quick results. They should be pruned back heavily when planted.

For porch shade they can be supported by strips of chicken wire fastened at the top and bottom, or on special trellises. Some of the annual vines will climb on strings stretched for the purpose. If the larger growing perennial sorts, like wisteria, are used they need strong supports to hold up the weight. Good leather hops or wooden frames are best.

The vines will cling naturally to brick walls and chimnies, giving a beautiful covering of vegetation. Screen plantings of vines are very effective. For a support use discarded screen wire fencing securely nailed to strong posts and high enough to gain the desired result.

Quite often around farm homes there is an old fence that is unsightly, yet needed. If wild honeysuckle or vines are planted along the other vines and improve the appearance fence it will improve the appearance. Gourds are often used in such a location.

Vines are used quite extensively as covers for arbors and grape entrances. An old tree will support vines and become a unique beauty on the grounds. Where climate will allow, grapes can be used in arbor or screen plantings also serving the double purpose of foliage beauty and fruit.

The following are good annual climbing vines. Balloon vine, balsam apple, cardinal climber, cathedral bells, cucumber, morning glories, cypress vine, hyacinth bean, gourds, ipomoeas, and wild cucumber. The most common perennial vines are: Roses, vines, honeysuckle, akebia, dutchmen's pipe, trumpet vine, bitter sweet, clematis, boston ivy, matrimony vine, grapes and wisteria.

Climatic conditions need to be considered when selecting vines for planting and reference to nursery catalogs for detailed information is suggested.

LESS FAT, BETTER HOGS

(Courier-Journal)

Kentucky hog raisers who have reason to be dissatisfied with prices might borrow a leaf from the book of the beef cattle producers if they would improve their situation. This was brought out recently in a talk to producers out West by C. B. Denman, livestock member of the Federal Farm Board.

Smaller families, apartment life and an almost hand-to-mouth existence by the millions who make one or more trips daily to the corner grocery and meat shop have revolutionized habits of living. Not the least change is the abasement of the huge, fatty roasts of beef. Today's roasts are of a size to fit the family budget and just enough for a meal, with no unwelcomed leftovers. This is the result of baby beef production, and placing on the market of animals of less poundage, and at the same time of better quality.

Meeting the market demand, for beef long fronted not only in a better product, but has stabilized the tonnage and the price. Quite the opposite is the case with hog prouction, which often is over-production.

In 1926, 41,000,000 hogs were killed under Federal inspection. In 1928, 62,000,000 hogs were butchered. But in 1929 the farmers received $150,000,000 more for their hogs than they did in 1928. Mr. Denman told a group of stock raisers in Kansas City that all the farmers had finished their 1929 hogs twenty-five pounds or so lighter per head, the total tonnage of meat would have been lighter and the product in line with the present-day housewife's demands.

The introduction of vegetable oils in cookery has had much to do with the lessening of the demand for lard, and the extra heavy hogs are the last producers. Lard is sometimes a drug on the market. It forms one of the chief exports of the country, but the demand is decreasing somewhat abroad. The same holds true of the fatty pork often used in the past for salting.

If a 300-pound hog brings $21 or $22, while a 200-pound hog brings $30 or $27, it does not require a mathematician to show the farmer that he is only getting about $5 for that extra 100 pounds—when hog meat sells at $10 or better per hundred below the 200-pound mark. The ideal weight for hogs today is around 175 pounds, or even less.

UNUSUAL NEWS

After robbing a home in Denver, Al Ehetaal fell asleep and his snoring caused his discovery and arrest.

John Achilles returned to a prison farm near Trenton, N. J., from which he had escaped, saying city life was too lonesome.

Mrs. Rose Gordon, of Omaha, in suing for divorce, declared that her husband had taught their baby to smoke when one year old, and that he was a confirmed addict to the weed at the age of three.

When thieves found that all of the eight cases of sample shoes which they had taken from a salesman's car at Freeport, Ill. were for the right foot, they abandoned their loot in disgust.

While Miss Catherine Zoll, of Evansville, Ind., knelt in prayer in a church, her purse, containing $13, was stolen.

Attacking Francis Blazer, a farmer, near Maryville, Kansas, with a hatchet, robbers carried away ninety bushels of wheat.

The authorities have found that J. R. Keaton, aged 42, of Chicago, gives up a $15 a week job every winter and enters the poor house, where he stays until spring.

While he sat in court fining violators of the vehicle law, the car of Deputy Judge Baldwin, of Westport, Conn., was tagged by policemen for being parked too long in front of the town hall. He paid a $2 fine.

For Economical Transportation
CHEVROLET

It's wise to choose a SIX!

After all, it is a perfectly simple matter to decide which automobile to buy in today's market. Only two questions must be answered to your satisfaction—

First: **Which car gives the most for my money?**

Second: **Which car represents the soundest investment in satisfaction and pride of ownership?**

In buying a low-priced car consider the following facts:

Six-Cylinder Motor

It is wise to choose a six-cylinder motor—for six cylinders are necessary to take out vibrations and roughness. Six-cylinder smoothness will save the motor, the chassis, the body, the passengers *and the driver.*

The Chevrolet is a six. And yet it sells at a price that anyone can afford to pay.

This very low-priced car lasts longer, not only because of fine materials and oversize parts, but also because it is a six. Its big, smooth, 50-horsepower six-cylinder engine is always "taking it easy." There is no feeling of strain.

With all its six-cylinder smoothness and power the New Chevrolet Six uses no extra gasoline or oil. Efficient design makes this possible—overhead valves—high compression power from any fuel—very latest carburetor—close-fitting, long-wearing pistons—crankcase ventilation—air cleaner. You can really have extreme economy and still satisfy your ideal of truly modern transportation.

Chevrolet economy is also the mark of Chevrolet sincerity in manufacture. To illustrate:

Chevrolet valves are readily accessible and adjustable. This saves replacing valves, and also makes it possible to *preserve* the efficiency of the engine.

Fully Enclosed Brakes

A similar example is found in Chevrolet's molded brake lining—reducing the necessity of frequent replacement, and consequent expense.

Furthermore, there is a rear axle inspection plate on the Chevrolet.

This makes it unnecessary to take the axle apart to examine or clean it.

The new Chevrolet Six is full of such evidence that true motor car economy comes from modern advancement and refinement.

Like the finest cars, the Chevrolet Six provides the comfort and protection of four springs controlled by hydraulic shock absorbers. They are mounted lengthwise, in the direction of car travel, and self-adjusting spring shackles maintain quiet.

Fisher Lengthwise Shock Absorber Springs

With low suspension and extra wheelbase, the Chevrolet Six has excellent proportions.

Its impressive front view is distinguished by the genuine honeycomb radiator, another mark of modern cars.

Safety-Gasoline Tank

The gasoline tank is in the rear, for safety and finer appearance.

Chevrolet beauty instantly says "Body by Fisher"—costly and style, with the permanent quiet of Fisher composite steel-and-wood construction.

Body by Fisher also gives you a genuine non-glare windshield, adjustable driver's seat, more space, deeper and wider cushions, clearer vision, finer fabrics and fitments.

FISHER

There is just as much extra value everywhere in the car. BY ANY STANDARD the Chevrolet Six is the greatest value in the low-price field.

It is wise to choose the Chevrolet Six with its six-cylinder valve-in-head motor . . . with full scientific equipment . . . with its Body by Fisher . . . with four long semi-elliptic springs, long wheelbase, low suspension, rear-mounted gas tank, honeycomb radiator and all the other features of this day and age.

ROADSTER OR PHAETON
$495
f. o. b. factory, Flint, Michigan

See your nearest Chevrolet dealer today and drive a Chevrolet Six. Ten minutes at the wheel will show you what a difference six cylinders make.

The Coach	$565	*The Special Sedan*	$725
The Coupe	565	*The Light Delivery Chassis*	365
The Sport Roadster	555	*The Sedan Delivery*	595
The Sport Coupe	635	*The 1½ Ton Chassis*	520
The Club Sedan	625	*The 1½ Ton Chassis with Cab*	625
The Sedan	675	*The Roadster Delivery (Pick-up Box extra)*	440

All prices f. o. b. factory, Flint, Michigan

Motch Chevrolet Company

Carlisle, Kentucky

Peter's Diamond Brand
Spring Oxfords
For Young Men
Black and Tan
$2.79

Jos. Gordon's
Carlisle, Kentucky

Peter's Diamond Brand
Solid Leather
Work Shoes
Extra Special
$1.89

GREAT Pre-Easter SALE!

Is Now Going Strong. The Thrifty Will Buy Here And Now

Fancy Border Ruffled Curtain Goods
Make your own Curtains and save money!
Special
9½c yd. up

Fine Grade Brown MUSLIN
Regular 12 1-2c Value
9c yard

NEW SPRING Dress Prints
Beautiful Patterns
All Fast Colors
Regular 15c Value
SALE PRICE
14½c

Regular 15c APRON GINGHAMS
11c yd

9-4 High Grade SHEETING
32c yd

Bleached MUSLIN
11c yd

Read! Realize! Act Now!

This is a Genuine Store Wide Sensational Selling Event. Thousands of dollars worth of new Spring and Summer merchandise, everything for men, women and children. Ready-to-wear Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Piece Goods, Etc. now being sold at astounding cut prices. Everything Goes.

NO TRICKS
NO BAIT
NO FOOLING
NOTHING BUT BARGAINS

Silk Rayon UNDIES
Bloomers, Steps-Ins, Slips, Etc.
47c

Sateen and Crepe BLOOMERS AND GOWNS
39c

Children's Spring SPORT SOCKS and STOCKINGS
19c up

LITTLE TOTS CREEPERS
39c

CHILDREN'S EASTER HATS
48c 89c

LADIES SILK HOSIERY
All Spring Shades
39c 79c

New Spring
Silk Dresses
Why pay high prices for dresses? Come here and select your Easter dress for much less than regular prices. Buy now and save.
$3.48 $4.98 to $8.98

LADIES EASTER HATS
ALL PRETTY, EXCLUSIVE STYLES
Sale Prices
98c $1.69 $2.39

Last Call Before Easter
Time Is Short Act Now

Men's and Young Men's
Easter Suits
Up to $22.50 Suits $13.95
Up to $30 Suits $19.45

Boy's Spring Suits
$4.98 $5.98 $8.98

BEAUTIFUL
Wash Frocks
Hundreds of pretty styles and patterns, long, short, and no sleeves. All guaranteed fast colors.
89c $1.19 $1.79

Children's Wash Frocks
Dozens of new advanced styles. All colors, all guaranteed fast colors.
39c 89c to $1.79

MEN'S EXTRA GOOD WORK SOX
9c

Men's Assorted Colors FINE DRESS SOX
12 1-2c

Men's Athletic Summer UNION SUITS
39c

Men's Regular $1.00 WORK SHIRTS
69c

BOYS' FANCY SLIPOVER SWEATERS
89c up

BOYS' WASH GOLF KNICKERS
79c

SPRING CAPS
49c up

CHILDREN'S COVERALLS
Long or Short Sleeves
39c up

Thousands of pairs of PETER'S SPRING FOOTWEAR

Boys Spring
Oxfords
Bring your boys here where you will find just the kind of shoes you want. All sizes, black and tan.
BOYS $3 to $3.50 Oxfords $2.69
BOYS $4 to $4.50 Oxfords $3.48

BOYS SHIRTS
48 and 79c

MENS
OXFORDS
Now fellows you can buy the famous
Peters
Fine Footwear At Cut Prices
$3.50 to $4 Oxfords now $2.79
$4.50 to $6 Oxfords now $3.98
$6.50 to $8 Oxfords now $5.98

MEN'S NECKWEAR
39 59 79c

LADIES
SLIPPERS
Ladies who want to dress nice for little money will come here for their EASTER FOOTWEAR. Every style is new and smart. Straps, Ties, Pumps and Oxfords.
$3 to $4 Values now $2.79
$4 to $5 Values now $3.48
$5 to $6 Values now $3.98

A BARGAIN FEAST

Children's
Footwear
Most complete line of Fine Footwear for children in all Nicholas county. Every style for Big Boys, Big Girls and Little Tots.

Little Tots' Slippers
98c and up

Misses' Slippers
$2.50 and $3 $1.98

$3 to $4 Slippers $2.79

BUY NOW!

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S
EASTER HATS
All New, Snappy Styles
All Colors, All Shapes
EXTRA SPECIAL $2.98
WHY PAY MORE?

SAVE NOW!

220 Denim Triple Stitch OVERALLS
Regular $1.25 Values
89c
Jackets Same Price

MEN'S DRESS PANTS
$2.50 to $3 Pants ... $1.98
$3.50 to $4 Pants $2.98
$4.50 to $6 Pants ... $3.98

Men's Hanes' Athletic UNION SUITS
Also Balbrigan Union Suits
Regular $1.00 Values
69c

Men's Heavy Blue CHAMBRY WORK SHIRTS
39c

Young Men's Two Pants
Easter Suits
Snappy Patterns Light, Dark and Medium Colors
$8.98
A Real Bargain!