CO. AGENT'S COLUMN

S. W. ANDERSON, COUNTY AGT.

Fall Cutting of Alfalfa

The experience of farmers last winter indicates that it is not good practice to cut alfalfa too late in the fall. Then should be left a growth of six inches or more for cover and protection through the winter.

It is seldom advisable to cut alfalfa in this county later than the middle of September, while in many cases no damage would be done from freezing and heaving, yet growers would be taking chances by leaving the ground exposed.

Since the recent rains I believe the late fall growth will be heavy, this can best be utilized by grazing, being careful to leave enough length to the stems to afford some protection during the winter. On the alfalfa field would be a splendid place to build up the ewes before winter sets in, close grazing however, will shorten the life of the crop and reduce the yield of hay harvested next year.

Some farmers have expressed fear that failure to cut alfalfa may injure the stand, but experience has proven that such practice in reality benefits the plants. Many experienced alfalfa growers are now making a practice of cutting their crop but twice a year whereas they formerly cut the crop 3 times per year. The two cuttings will yield a greater tonage of hay per season than the three cuttings and the crop will stand through a longer period of years if it is not cut so often.

POULTRY ITEMS

Whether your flock will be large or small, the question of house capacity needs to be considered carefully. Do not make the mistake of trying to carry through the winter more hens or pullets than the house will comfortably handle.

There seems to be a fairly definite limit to the number of eggs that one can get from a house of any given size. Crowding more than the right number of hens into the house is not likely to result in any increase in eggs.

If housing conditions are unfavorable, as they are sure to be when too many are kept together in winter quarters, each hen in the flock will lay fewer eggs than she otherwise would produce. Since much of a hen's feed goes for maintenance whether she is laying well or poorly, it is obvious that the eggs laid by a badly crowded flock will represent a high feed cost.

A minimum of four square feet per hen seems to be best except in the case of very large flocks. When large numbers are kept together so that each hen has considerably more freedom than she would in a small flock the floor area allowed for each hen may be reduced somewhat.

Old houses that are dark because of location or a wrong type of construction can be made much lighter and more pleasant for the hens by giving them a coat of whitewash.

Take out the nests, roosts and litter. Brush the walls thoroughly and sweep out all refuse. A good scrubbing with hot water will be better yet. Then whitewash.

Following is the formula for the famous government whitewash: Unslaked lime, two pecks; common salt, one peck; rice flour, three pounds; Spanish whiting, half a pound; glue, one pound; and water sufficient to make eight or ten gallons.

First slake the lime in a barrel using about three gallons of water. Cover the barrel. Dissolve the salt in water, strain and add the strained brine to the lime. Boil the rice flour ten minutes in a little water. Dissolve the glue in a double vessel to avoid scorching.

In a tub mix the whiting in five gallons of water then add to it the rice and glue and mix thoroughly. Add the mixture to the lime in the barrel and stir till well mixed. Let stand for three days before using. Keep the wash thus prepared in a kettle or portable furnace, and when used put it on as hot as possible, for it works best hot.

Since most of the young pullets on the range are at the age where they can pretty largely grow themselves it is very easy to forget that the later ones may still need some careful attention. Particularly is this likely to be driven about by the older birds and perhaps crowded away from the mash hoppers.

It will be well worth while to get them into a separate range for a month or six weeks. If that is not possible they may be given a special feed of moist mash once a day putting the mash trough or pans inside a wire enclosure which has vertical wires spaced just far enough apart so that the large birds cannot get through.

The value of the range as a source of animal feed for hens or young chickens is frequently overestimated.

It is true that a large range area may supply enough bugs and worms to meet the requirements of a small number of chickens, but under ordinary conditions much better results will be secured if some meat scrap or milk is fed.

Meat scrap can best be fed in the dry mash, the exact proportion depending on how much whole grain is fed and also on whether or not any milk is available. Not less than 10 per cent of the mash should be meat scrap even if milk is fed, as a mash with less than this percentage is not nearly so well liked by the chickens.

Not often will it be advisable to use more than 20 per cent of meat scrap, since beyond a certain point it is not used efficiently and so makes the ration too high in cost.

KENTUCKY DAIRY SITUATION SURVEYED

One third of all the dairy cows in the state of Kentucky is losing money, a third is making up for what the first third is losing and other third is reaping profits for their owners, according to a survey of the state dairy situation, just completed by the Blue Valley creamery Institute. Better feeding and better breeding is the solution of this problem, the Institute experts declare.

"The state of Kentucky," continues the report of the Institute "has dairy cows in milk on 76 per cent of her farms. In 1880 the state had 2.42 per cent of all the dairy cows in the United States; in 1924—2.24 per cent. In 1910 the state had 78 heads of all kinds of cattle per one thousand acres of improved land. Now, in 1924, it has only 70 head. A few head more or less matters little. Have they improved in fourteen years? What will they be fourteen years from now? These are the questions on which the Institute's experts will enlighten the farmers.

"Farmers want happiness and contentment. To get it they must make money. There are two ways of doing this—get more for what you produce or lower cost of production. A quarter saved in the grain cost of producing a hundred pounds of milk by feeding better milk making grain rations, a dime saved per hundred pounds of pork, or dozen of eggs is money ahead for the farmer. We don't need more cows, hogs or hens. We need better ones. More efficient animals mean lowered cost of manufacturing one hundred pounds of milk, pork, poultry, beef, mutton and eggs.

"The average cow in Kentucky makes only 2,666 pounds of milk, and only 1.3 per cent of all the dairy cattle in the state are purebred. Better feeding will raise production and lower costs per hundred pounds of milk. The daughters of good cows, sired by purebred bulls, will increase that production and still further lower the production cost. The same is true with other animals. In 1919, the peak year, only 27 per cent of the entire state's income went to farmers. That is not enough," the Institute's experts point out.

There has been a rising tide of popularity in intensive farming. As agriculture is brought face to face with higher costs of production and farmers find that they cannot get by on highest priced land, it has been necessary to turn to diversification. Deflation has made every banker and farm leader see these things.

A SCHOOL SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS OLD

The only school in Kentucky founded and maintained solely for the purpose of training teen age orphan girls, unable otherwise to secure an education that will make them self-supporting, is the Kentucky Female Orphan School located at Midway, Kentucky. The school is small, accommodating but one hundred and forty, while annually turning away about one hundred and fifty for want of room and endowment.

The beginning was made seventy-five years ago with sixteen girls in the student body. Dr. Lewis L. Pinkerton first caught the vision and the practical wisdom of James Ware Parrish helped materialize the vision. By charter the directing board is composed of members of the Christian Church. But when it comes to the student body, the foundation is as broad as humanity. While most of the pupils are members of the Christian Church, students of all faiths and of no faith at all are welcome. About four thousand young women have been students in this school.

The board members have been men and women of vision. They have selected as teachers real educators attracted by the high character of service rendered rather than by the modest salary.

No school develops higher character. Labor is honored. The girls learn to cook, to sew and to keep house. They play joyously, then study profoundly. A diploma means work and efficiency. The principal, Mrs Ella Johnson Mountjoy, has held this position for more than twenty years and has associated with her ten splendid women as members of the faculty.

The school was opened on October 5th, 1849 and on the first Sunday in October 5, 1924, the Christian people of Kentucky are invited to participate in the birthday services to be held in many of the Christian Churches and Sunday Schools of the state. Birthday gifts in money will be received in these services and forwarded to the Kentucky Female Orphan School, Midway, Kentucky or to W. J. Clarke, Financial Director.

FAMOUS HORSES AND DRIVERS AT TROTS

Those attending the big Trotting Meeting at Lexington Oct. 4 to 11, will see the foremost trotting and pacing stars of America piloted by the world's best known and most skillful drivers. It will be a veritable speed carnival. The lovers of the light harness horse from all sections of the United States and Canada will be in attendance.

10-2 1t

COMMUNITY STOCK SALES

EVERY SATURDAY

at Myers Barn, Sycamore and Main

CARLISLE, KY

Sales at 1 p. m. Telephone 177

REPORT OF SOLDIER MEMORIAL COMMITTEE

We, the Memorial Committee, submit the following Report relative to the Soldiers Memorial, erected in the Carlisle Cemetery, on the plot set apart by the Cemetery Company for that purpose.

The following are the subscribers, and the amounts paid:

J. M. Clark,	$ 500.00
Laura E. Pumphrey,	500.00
R. E. Delaney,	500.00
Lena H. McCracken,	500.00
John Stone,	500.00
J. B. Laughlin and wife,	500.00
John McGinley,	500.00
Fred, C. B., and Edgar Huffstetter,	500.00
J. C. Watkins,	500.00
J. E. Freeland,	100.00
I. B. Ross,	100.00
Mathers, Potts & Co.	100.00
Sam K. and H. K. Veach,	100.00
L. A. Martin,	100.00
Harper Garage,	100.00
Jno. N. Ross,	100.00
W. F. Tune,	100.00
G. T. Gatewood,	100.00
Dr. C. W. Mathers,	100.00
Ratliff Bros. Co.,	100.00
Wm. T. Parker, Sr.	100.00
Allen Hopkins,	100.00
C. C. Ratliff,	100.00
W. I. Dorsey,	100.00
Carlisle Tobacco Association,	88.20
C. C. Cole,	50.00
Dorsey Bros. & Fisher,	50.00
W. H. Frey,	50.00
M. T. Ruddell,	50.00
L. B. Barton,	25.00
Jas. F. Gaunce,	25.00
Jno. A. Westfall,	25.00
W. B. Stewart,	25.00
J. Will Martin,	25.00
Abner Henry,	25.00
Mrs. C. U. Bramblett,	25.00
S. Holmes,	25.00
J. H. Wilson,	25.00
A. B. Smathers,	25.00
Dr. B. F. Reynolds,	25.00
Dr. G. T. Cowan,	25.00
S. T. Cameron,	25.00
Dr. T. P. Scott,	25.00
F. M. Rankin,	25.00
R. M. Smith,	25.00
L. W. Clark,	25.00
S. C. Vaughn,	25.00
E. O. Dorsey,	25.00
F. V. Cox,	25.00
U. M. Swinford,	25.00
Dr. W. H. Martin,	25.00
Sam T. Howe,	25.00
Herdy Myers,	15.00
Jas. W. Parker,	15.00
Duke W. Young,	10.00
C. S. Whaley,	10.00
Mrs. Ella and Lucy Norvell	10.00
C. B. Williams,	10.00
Ernest Booth,	10.00
J. E. Soper,	10.00
Mrs. H. B. Bryson,	10.00
Miss Lizzie Colville,	10.00
Brayfield & Patton,	10.00
Wyatt Insko,	10.00
Leslie Talbert,	10.00
J. C. Tureman,	10.00
H. M. Taylor,	10.00
Farmers Bank,	10.00
D. M. Curry,	5.00
Jas. Troutman,	5.00
S. J. Highland,	5.00
W. C. Talbert,	5.00
J. Bernard Linville,	5.00
Jno. H. Soper,	5.00
Myers Fuller,	5.00
Herman Wells,	5.00
Miss Belle Crockett,	5.00
W. T. Norton,	5.00
John Harvey,	5.00
R. T. Kirkland,	5.00
Harry Kennedy,	5.00
Charley Letton,	1.00
Mrs. Ollie Barlow,	1.00
W. E. Ellington,	1.00
State of Kentucky,	1,000.00
Total,	$8076.20

Amounts paid out are as follows:

Lexington Granite Company,	8,000.00
H. T. Cloud, for ornament on Flag Staff,	10.00
J. M. Turner, for newspaper cut,	12.00
Net amount pair for cotton,	5.00
Sam T. Howe Co. for framing design,	4.00
Postage,	2.00
Balance paid to Carlisle Cemetery Co., on removals,	42.20
Total,	$8076.20

Respectfully submitted,
Innes B. Ross, Chairman
Sam K. Veach,
R. E. Delaney,
Jno. N. Ross,
Jno. M. Clark, Com.

COUNTRY CHILDREN ARE THE HEAVIEST LOSERS

About 20 millions of American children have just begun their school year of 1924-25. Each one of them should attend as nearly 200 school days as possible. That is the length of school term in our best schools. On the average, children are in school not much more than 165 days. For rural schools the term is much shorter. The cost of keeping the schools open will be not less than 1¾ billions of dollars. It has been estimated and probably correctly that every day in school is worth from $16 to $17 to a child because he will be able to earn that much more in later years. It is fair then to say that 20 millions of children attending 160 days each this coming year represent actual production by the schools of some 50 billions of dollars of potential wealth, nearly thirty times the expenditure for the schools.

Not many investments are as good as that or pay such enormous dividends. We could estimate the school day as worth much less than $16 a pupil and still have many times a good justification for all the money we spend on education. But great as the return is we can not afford to reduce it by keeping children out of school or by letting them go irregularly. A child ought not to throw away a $16 day for any trivial reason. In a few years he will be compelled to compete with others who have made the most of that day and of as many more school days as they could. It's good business then to keep the school open for a long term and keep all the children in it every day.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

NICHOLAS CIRCUIT COURT

Taylor Mathers, etc., Plaintiff
VS. Advertisement of Sale
May Smoot, Admr. etc., Defendant

Pursuant to a judgment and order of sale rendered by the Nicholas Circuit Court at its regular September Term 1924. I shall proceed to offer for sale at public auction at the Court House Door, in Carlisle, Kentucky, on Monday, October 13, 1924, same being regular County Court Day to the highest and best bidder at 2 o'clock P. M. or thereabouts upon a credit of six and twelve months the following described property, towit:

Said land is described as follows:

"First Tract: "Bounded and abutted by the lands of Sarah Minton; the lands of Ria Cannon, and the Locust Grove Dirt Road, containing One (1) Acre, more or less."

"Second Tract. "Bounded and abutted by the lands of Sarah Minton, the lands of D. H. Cannon, the lands of Jno. T. Roberts and the Locust Grove Dirt Road, containing Nine and One-half (9½) acres."

Third Tract: "Beginning at a hackberry tree corner to Mrs. Sallie Campbell's lot; thence S 83 W 54.40 poles to a set stake corner to Dennis Cannon; thence S 3½ W 13.50 poles to a box elder tree corner to J. M. McClary; thence S 64½ E 54 poles to a set stone corner to same; thence N 26 E 9.52 poles to a black walnut tree corner to same; thence N 46½ E 40 poles to a set stone corner to Mrs. Nannie Vice's lot; thence with Mrs. Vice's line N 54 E 8 poles to a set stone corner to Mrs. Sallie Campbell's lot; thence N 36 W 84.40 poles to the beginning, containing 16 Acres, 2 Roods, and 13 poles, legal measure."

All three tracts containing 27 acres, more or less.

Being the same conveyed to Blair Smoot by James Carrington and wife, by deed recorded in D. B. 34 page 542, Nicholas County Clerks Office.

The Passway as reserved in the deed from William R. Kenney to said James Carrington, and recorded in D. B. 33 page 425, is reserved in this conveyance."

For the purchase price the purchaser must execute bond with approved surety, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply with these terms.

U. M. Swinford, M. C. N. C. C.
I. B. Ross, Atty. for Plaintiff.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

NICHOLAS CIRCUIT COURT

Jno. Harvey, Admr. etc., Plaintiff
VS. Advertisement of Sale
Atha Pauline Smart, etc., Defendant

Pursuant to a judgment and order of sale rendered by the Nicholas Circuit Court at its regular September Term 1924. I shall proceed to offer for sale at public auction at the Court House Door, in Carlisle, Kentucky, on Monday, October 13, 1924, same being regular County Court Day to the highest and best bidder at 2 o'clock P. M. or thereabouts upon a credit of six and twelve months the following described property, towit:

Said land is described as follows:

"A certain tract or parcel of land lying in Nicholas County, Ky., on the waters of Somerset Creek, and immediately upon the line of the Carlisle & East Union Turnpike and bounded and abutted as follows: By the lands of Preston Hamm, Marvin Hamilton, Jno. P. Potts and Abner Henry, containing 21 Acres, more or less."

For the purchase price the purchaser must execute bond with approved surety, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply with these terms.

U. M. Swinford, M. C. N. C. C.
I. B. Ross, Atty. for Plaintiff.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

NICHOLAS CIRCUIT COURT

R. E. Delaney, Admr. etc., Plaintiff
VS. Advertisement of Sale
Talbert T. Curtis, etc., Defendant

Pursuant to a judgment and order of sale rendered by the Nicholas Circuit Court at its regular September Term 1924. I shall proceed to offer for sale at public auction at the Court House Door, in Carlisle, Kentucky, on Monday, October 13, 1924, same being regular County Court Day to the highest and best bidder at 2 o'clock P. M. or thereabouts upon a credit of six and twelve months the following described property, towit:

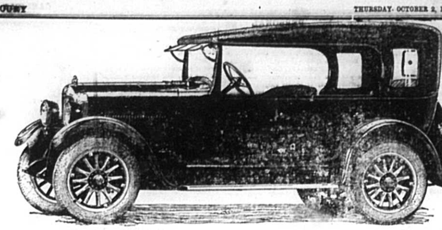
Said land is described as follows:

"A certain tract or parcel of land lying in Nicholas County, Ky., on the waters of Wilmore's Run, and on the Headquarters Turnpike Road, and bounded on the North by the lands of H. M. Gravitt; on the east by the lands of Monroe Sparks; on the south by said Turnpike road, and on the west by Keller Hillock, containing 28 Acres, more or less.

Being the same land conveyed to W. S. Dray by Chas. M. Harney and wife, by deed of record in the office of the Clerk of the Nicholas County Court in D. B. 34 page 519.

For the purchase price the purchaser must execute bond with approved surety, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply with these terms.

U. M. Swinford, M. C. N. C. C.
I. B. Ross, Atty. for Plaintiff.



DUPLEX—a new name

—for a new type car you have never seen before!

A closed and open car combined—the advantages of both at an open car price!

STANDARD SIX DUPLEX-PHAETON

$1145

f. o. b. factories

No other car in its price-range has this combination of features:

New Duplex Body.
Real Balloon Tires.
Inclined valve engine.
Crankshaft and connecting rods machined on all surfaces for vibrationless balance.
Genuine chrome tanned Spanish leather.
All the usual equipment—plus a high grade clock, a dash gas gauge, automatic windshield wiper and lighting switch on steering wheel.
New Studebaker 4-Wheel Hydraulic Brakes—optional equipment. Automatic braking power.

ONE minute the DUPLEX is a comfortable, weather-tight closed car—deeply cushioned and richly appointed. In less than thirty seconds it becomes a delightful open car, with all the unhindered freedom every motorist likes and enjoys. Its double utility satisfied a most urgent need—it is as revolutionary as the self-starter and electric lights.

And the price is the same as that of the open car—with advantages in finish, fittings, room and comfort no open car could ever give!

Framed and shaped in steel, the upper part of the Duplex Body is built integrally with the lower part—it functions perfectly with the lower part—it is permanently beautiful.

But even without the "double-value" of the Duplex Body the new *Standard Six* would still be the same great Studebaker success. *For its introduction marks the beginning of an era in the automobile industry when fine cars of real quality, plenty of room and comfort, impressive appearance, splendid power and performance may be had at a price the average buyer can afford to pay.*

Surpassing mechanical superiority is obvious in every mile you drive it. Power, smoothness, silence you expect in any good six-cylinder car; but in this great car your expectations will be exceeded. You cannot anticipate such performance-perfection in any car even within hundreds of dollars of the new Studebaker *Standard Six* price.

The proof is easy to establish — drive it yourself, try it out on your favorite hill, test its speed on the straight-away. Sense what "ease of operation" *really* means in terms of effortless steering, velvety clutch action, easy gear shifting and instant brake application.

Experience what real comfort means in plenty of room, soft deep cushions; genuine balloon tires; long, supple springs.

The new *Standard Six* will tell you a story as it has never been told before by any other car at the *Standard Six* price.

Whether you are in the market now or next year—you should see this new Studebaker. It is a car that will revolutionize values in the automobile industry!

STANDARD SIX 113 in. W.B. 50 H.P.	SPECIAL SIX 120 in. W.B. 65 H.P.	BIG SIX 127 in. W.B. 75 H.P.
5-Pass. Duplex-Phaeton $1145	5-Pass. Duplex-Phaeton $1495	7-Pass. Duplex-Phaeton $1875
3-Pass. Duplex-Roadster 1125	3-Pass. Duplex-Roadster 1450	5-Pass. Coupe 2650
3-Pass. Coupe-Roadster 1395	4-Pass. Victoria 2050	7-Pass. Sedan 2785
5-Pass. Coupe 1495	5-Pass. Sedan 2150	7-Pass. Berline 2860
5-Pass. Sedan 1595	5-Pass. Berline 2225	
5-Pass. Berline 1650		
4-wheel brakes, 4 disc wheels, $60 extra	4-wheel brakes, 5 disc wheels, $75 extra	4-wheel brakes, 5 disc wheels, $75 extra

(All prices f. o. b. U. S. factories, and subject to change without notice.)

Studebaker

Main Street Garage

THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR

GET AT THE CAUSE!

Many Carlisle Folks Are Showing How to Avoid Needless Suffering.

There's nothing more annoying than kidney weakness or inability to properly control the kidney secretions. Night and day alike, the sufferer is tormented and what with the burning and scalding, the attendant backache, headache and dizziness, life is indeed a burden. Doan's Pills—a stimulant diuretic to the kidneys—have brought peace and comfort to many Carlisle people. Profit by this Carlisle resident's experience:

A. F. Kerns, prop. coal business, Water St., residence, North St., says: "I had occasion to use Doan's Pills some time ago and had the best of results. My back was lame and stiff and when I bent over to lift or pick up anything, a sharp pain darted across my kidneys. I felt all out of sorts and my kidneys were sluggish. Doan's Pills from the Hopkins Drug Co., relieved me of kidney trouble."

60c, at all dealers. Foster Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

A. T. GARDNER

OPTOMETRIST

Eyes Examined—Glasses Fitted
Farmers Bank Bldg.
CARLISLE, KENTUCKY

Long time loans 5½ per cent interest. $1,000 to $25,000. Federal Land Bank bonds absolutely safe, taxes. 4% per cent semi-annual interest. $40 to $10,000. Ben R. Caldwell. 9-4 4t*

FALL

IS THE TIME TO PLANT FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES VINES AND HARDY PLANTS EVERGREENS AND SHRUBS ETC.

ASK FOR OUR NEW CATALOGUE IS A COMPLETE PLANTING GUIDE

H. F. HILLENMEYER & SONS
LEXINGTON, KY.

PUBLIC SALE

As agents of the heirs of Mrs. Addie Wilson, dec'd, we will sell at public auction on the premises near Moorefield, Nicholas Co., Ky., on

Sat., October 4, 1924, at 10 A. M.

The farm of the late Mrs. Addie Wilson, containing 108 acres of the best land in this section, all in old grass. 40 acres of this farm has not been plowed for from thirty to fifty years, and all of it will grow tobacco.

The improvements consist of a good eight room house, pantry, two verandas and large screened back porch, one good five bent tobacco barn, 1 stock barn, large double corn crib and all necessary outbuildings. This farm is watered by never-failing well at the house, large cistern at barn, two ponds and a spring.

This farm is situated on the Moorefield and Upper Blue Lick pike, 7 miles from Carlisle, 1 mile from Moorefield where there are churches graded school, bank, stores and blacksmith shop.

The farm is in condition to make money. We do not believe there is another farm near that every acre is as good as this one.

TERMS: 10 per cent day of sale; 40 per cent 1st day of March 1925, when deed will be made and possession given; remainder in 1 and 2 years, notes bearing 6 per cent interest. Purchaser to pay taxes for year 1925.

At the same time we will sell 21 shares of stock in the Moorefield Mercantile Co. and 5 shares of stock of Moorefield Deposit Bank. TERMS: Cash.

This sale will be positive, without reserve or by bids.

Either of the undersigned will be glad to show the prospective buyers.

J. S. & J. H. WILSON, Agents

THE CARLISLE MERCURY

ESTABLISHED JANUARY 1, 1867

VOL. LVII. CARLISLE, NICHOLAS COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1924 NUMBER 41

NICHOLAS COUNTY FAIR THIS WEEK

Big Agricultural Fair Will be Held In Growers Warehouse in Carlisle On Friday and Saturday, October 10 and 11

MANY PREMIUMS ARE OFFERED

Nicholas county's free agricultural fair will open Friday morning at ten o'clock in the Growers warehouse on East Main street, with a large list of exhibits in every department. The stalls and booths have all been erected and everything is in readiness for the opening of the big display of agricultural, school and domestic science products.

The fair is being given under the supervision of County Agricultural Agent S. W. Anderson, who has worked tirelessly to make it a success, and from the interest manifested to date his efforts will be rewarded.

It is believed the fair will draw one of the largest crowds seen in Carlisle for many months, both on Friday and Saturday. Besides the agricultural and other local exhibits, there will be a number of displays from the college of agriculture at Lexington, an exhibit by the Burley Tobacco Growers Association and a number of novelty exhibits by local firms.

Athletic contests, a mock trial of a scrub sire on Friday evening, music and other entertainments have been arranged, and there will not be a dull moment during the two days.

This will be the first fair held in Carlisle for several years, and will be held under the most favorable circumstances of any held here. In past year agricultural fairs, corn fairs, school fairs, etc., were held, but were never planned on so large a scale as the one to be held Friday and Saturday.

Spaces for booths have been leased by the following firms: Cooper & Cheatham, Howard Hardware Co., Russell Stores, Hopkins Drug Co., Carlisle Drug Co., Sam T. Howe & Co., R. T. Kirkland & Co., Carlisle Milling Co., Swift & Co., Central Ky. Motors Co., City Store, Miss Nancy Smoot, Ky. Children's Home Society, O. M. Morgan, Carlisle Bottling Works, George H. Royse, Frank C. Powell, H. C. Gabraith, Carlisle Mercury.

All exhibits must be in by 10 o'clock Friday morning. The program for the fair follows:

Friday afternoon beginning at 1:30, singing contest between rural schools will be held under the supervision of Mrs. Eda S. Taylor. Friday night at 7:30 o'clock will be a trial of a scrub sire.

Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock the athletic contests will be under the supervision of Prof. Joe T. Embry. Saturday night beginning promptly at 7 o'clock a free minstrel show will be given. The show will be out by 8 o'clock to allow all who desire to attend the old fiddler's contest at the court house.

Through the courtesy of Miss Cordelia Hall, Manager of Swift & Co.'s, local cream station, samples of milk from individual cows in your herd will be tested for percentage of butter fat, free of charge during the Agricultural Fair.

This is an opportunity for all persons who own cows and desire to know the quality of their milk to gain this knowledge with very little trouble and no expense. Certainly it will be worth any man's time to prepare a sample of milk and bring it in to Swift's booth at the fair and have an accurate test made.

To prepare a suitable sample milk your cow dry put all of her milk into a pail, stir the milk thoroughly, then dip out about one-half pint, pour it into a clean bottle or can and bring it in with you. It would be best to prepare the sample in the morning of the day you intend to bring it in for testing. Free testing will be done both Friday and Saturday. Bring in your samples and see them tested, thus determine the comparative value of the milk produced by your cows.

TAKES OVERCOAT, BEATS BOARD BILL AND SKIPS

A warrant has been issued in county court for the arrest of George Vaughn Hasdorf, a young white man, wanted here on charge of larceny and defrauding a boarding housekeeper. Hasdorf, who has been boarding with Mrs. R. L. Curtis for the past few weeks, left last Thursday, leaving a board bill of $27 unpaid. An overcoat belonging to A. B. Champ, another boarder was taken, it is alleged, by Hasdorf.

The authorities here notified Chief of Police Fred Link, of Paris, to be on the lookout for Hasdorf, and Mr. Link stated he had a warrant from Cincinnati for Hasdorf. He has not been located.

Hasdorf has been employed with the company which has the contract for oiling the state roads in this county. He was discharged about two weeks ago, it is said.

Options Taken on Licking Dam Site

80 Per Cent of Options On Proposed Dam Have Been Secured

S. A. Tescher, of Indianapolis, representing the Northern Kentucky Power Company, has taken options on lands on both sides of Licking river as far up as the flood will reach if the proposed hydro-electric dam is built near Falmouth, according to a statement made to the Falmouth Outlook.

Options have been secured on eighty per cent of the lands which will be covered, the paper states. Officials of the company have been with Mr. Tescher for the past three weeks going through the Licking valley. Having secured 80 per cent of the leases on the entire project, the company is now in position to proceed with the work. The remaining leases may be appraised and condemned through courts, but all other landowners will be given another opportunity, Mr. Tescher said.

The terminus of the great lake which the proposed hydro-electric dam will create is at Myers Station, in this county. The dam, if constructed, will be similar to the one now in process of construction on Dix river.

Mr. Tescher has made numerous trips to this county, and has expressed himself as being confident the dam will be built.

W. S. FEEBACK DIES AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Death Brings to End Sufferings of Two Years of Hotel Keeper for 36 Years—Was Engaged in Other Business

WAS ADVOCATE OF PROHIBITION

Mr. Winfield Scott Feeback, aged 74 years, pioneer hotel man, died at the Feeback hotel at an early hour last Friday morning after an illness of almost two years. About two years ago Mr. Feeback suffered a stroke of paralysis, and had been an invalid since. Several months ago he suffered another stroke, and had been in a serious condition since that time.

Mr. Feeback was born in this county in November 1849. He was the son of the late Arris and Martha Dewitt Feeback, pioneer residents of Nicholas county.

Mr. Feeback was united in marriage to Miss Lucy Feeback on September 3, 1869. The same year he united with the M. E. church.

For a number of years he was engaged in the mercantile business at Barterville, and latter moved to Blue Lick Springs, where he was engaged in the same business. During the time he lived at Blue Licks a great temperance crusade was on and while working with the noted lecturer, Tracy, he closed the saloon at Blue Licks and won the proprietor over to the temperance cause.

In 1882 he bought the Lamar House from the late Green Cheatham, and changed the name to the Feeback hotel. He conducted the hotel continuously until his death.

Many years ago Mr. Feeback sustained a fracture of the leg and other injuries when a tree fell on him. He suffered considerably at times from these injures, but was able to attend to business.

He was one of the most widely known citizens of the county and one of the best known hotel men in the state.

He was a life-long advocate of prohibition, and was highly regarded in the councils of the Prohibition party. He was an affable, kindly man, of cheerful demeanor, and numbered his friends by his acquaintances.

Surviving are his wife, to whom he was united in marriage more than half a century ago, and three daughters, Mrs. H. P. Cheatham and Mrs. Pevie Feeback, of this city, and Mrs. O. E. Young, of Paris. Another daughter, Mrs. Jerry Shrout, died several years ago.

Funeral services were held at the hotel Sunday afternoon, conducted by Rev. B. O. Beck, pastor of the Carlisle Methodist church, followed by burial in the Carlisle cemetery.

AGED MONTGOMERY MAN SAVES INVALID NEPHEW

Lewis Anderson, afflicted son of the late David L. Anderson, of Montgomery county, was seriously burned last Thursday night when the cottage he occupied was destroyed by fire. The boy lived alone in a cottage in the yard of the home of his uncle, George W. Anderson, three miles from Mt. Sterling. It is thought he accidentally overturned a lamp, setting fire to the building.

George W. Anderson, 84, years old, despite his advanced age, rushed into the building and succeeded in bringing the boy out, being badly burned himself. Owing to his extreme age his condition is serious. Young Anderson is one of the wealthiest men in Montgomery county.

POOL ARRANGES TO MAKE BIG SAVING

New Storage and Redrying Plants To Be Built May Mean Saving Of Million Dollars in the Handling of Crop

CARLISLE TO HAVE NEW PLANT

Directors of the Burley Tobacco Growers Cooperative Marketing Association at the meeting held in Lexington last week approved arrangements made by the executive committee for the redrying and storage of the 1924 crop by authorizing the construction of between 20 and 30 new storage houses at points where there are redryers with a view to saving many thousands of dollars to the growers in the re-drying and handling of the new crop.

Additional redryers at Carlisle, Carrollton, Cynthiana and Maysville, it was stated, will enable the association to save a considerable sum which it was necessary to pay out last year in order to handle the tobacco as rapidly as delivered. The new storage plants will be 200x300 feet in size, of modern construction, with best obtainable roofing, and so built as to prevent excessive loss to the growers by the shrinkage of the stored tobacco.

Work on the new storage houses will start immediately and they are expected to be ready by the time the growers are ready to deliver the new crop of tobacco.

It was said at the association offices that this is regarded as one of the biggest moves yet made by the association in the interest of the members, and the saving effected is likely to run close to a million dollars in redrying and storage charges, and it will enable the association to take care of all the 1924 crop delivered to it.

CLINTONVILLE MURDERERS MAY SECURE NEW TRIAL

Elmer Hall, George Farrell and Richard Newhouse, all of Newport, Ky., who were sentenced to die in the electric chair October 24, by a jury in Bourbon county Circuit Court several months ago, for the murder of Frank Buchanan, prominent retired farmer, during an attempted holdup of the Clintonville, Bank, probably will be granted a sixty-day stay of execution, according to Attorney Phillip Ryan, of Newport, counsel for Newhouse.

Attorney Ryan reported that an appeal was taken to the Kentucky Court of Appeals and counsel for the three men were allowed until October 20 to file briefs. As a rule it takes the Court of Appeals a week to hear a case, so a stay of execution must be granted. It is customary to grant a sixty-day stay, it was said.

The trial of the three men and Charles Mullen, an accomplice, who was sentenced to life in the penitentiary after turning state's evidence, was the speediest in the history of Kentucky. The men were convicted by juries after deliberation of less than 30 minutes.

Snapp Accused Of Stealing Auto

Riffle Snapp, Facing Several Charges Accused of Taking Car

Riffle Snapp, of the Barterville vicinity, was arrested Sunday night by Sheriff James F. Gaunce, Deputy Sheriff L. B. Barton and Jailer Russell Lawrence on a charge of stealing an automobile from Memphis Ritchie. The machine, a new Ford touring car, was taken from Mr. Ritchie's garage near Barterville Sunday morning.

Snapp was found seated in the car near Saltwell by the officers. He had run out of gasoline and had employed a small boy, it is said, to bring him some fuel. The machine was considerably damaged.

Snapp was arrested and lodged in jail in default of bond to await the action of the grand jury. He will be tried at the present term of circuit court on a charge of forgery. Sheriff Gaunce has two more warrants for him for giving "cold" checks, one at Paris and one at Cynthiana.

MULE MEETS DEATH IN UNUSUAL MANNER

A valuable mule belonging to Jesse Bryant, who resides on the farm of R. L. Brown in the East Union neighborhood, met death in an unusual manner a few days ago. Mr. Bryant was driving his team of mules over a bridge across Somerset creek, when the mule stumbled and fell. This frightened the other mule, and the animal started to run, causing the first mule to fall off the side of the bridge, which is about 20 feet from the creek bed.

Before the animal could be released from its perilous position, it became entangled in the harness and strangled to death. The wagon was overturned and Mr. Bryant narrowly escaped injury by jumping from the wagon.

How the $75,000,000 Bond Issue Would Be Spent If it is Voted

	Outstanding Bonds	Interest	Sinking Fund	Available For Roads
July 1, 1925	$20,900,000			10,000,000
July 1, 1926	32,200,000	1,045,000	3,400,000	14,555,000
July 1, 1927	42,600,000	1,610,000	2,900,000	14,490,000
July 1, 1928	53,300,000	2,125,000	2,400,000	14,475,000
July 1, 1929	64,600,000	2,665,000	1,800,000	14,535,000
July 1, 1930	63,200,000	3,225,000	1,300,000	14,475,000
July 1, 1931	61,850,000	3,160,000	1,350,000	4,490,000
July 1, 1932	60,450,000	3,092,500	1,400,000	4,507,000
July 1, 1933	58,950,000	3,022,500	1,500,000	4,477,500
July 1, 1934	57,400,000	2,947,500	1,550,000	4,502,500
July 1, 1935	55,800,000	2,870,000	1,600,000	4,530,000
July 1, 1936	54,100,000	2,790,000	1,700,000	4,510,000
July 1, 1937	52,300,000	2,705,000	1,800,000	4,495,000
July 1, 1938	50,400,000	2,615,000	1,900,000	4,485,000
July 1, 1939	48,400,000	2,520,000	2,000,000	4,480,000
July 1, 1940	46,350,000	2,420,000	2,050,000	4,530,000
July 1, 1941	44,150,000	2,317,500	2,200,000	4,482,500
July 1, 1942	41,850,000	2,207,500	2,300,000	4,492,500
July 1, 1943	39,450,000	2,092,500	2,400,000	4,507,500
July 1, 1944	36,950,000	1,972,500	2,500,000	4,527,500
July 1, 1945	34,250,000	1,847,500	2,700,000	4,452,500
July 1, 1946	31,500,000	1,712,500	2,750,000	4,537,500
July 1, 1947	28,550,000	1,575,000	2,950,000	4,475,000
July 1, 1948	25,500,000	1,427,500	3,050,000	4,522,500
July 1, 1949	22,250,000	1,275,000	3,250,000	4,475,000
July 1, 1950	18,900,000	1,112,500	3,350,000	4,537,500
July 1, 1951	15,300,000	945,000	3,600,000	4,455,000
July 1, 1952	11,600,000	765,000	3,700,000	4,535,000
July 1, 1953	7,650,000	580,000	3,950,000	4,470,000
July 1, 1954	3,550,000	372,500	4,100,000	4,527,500
July 1, 1955		177,500	3,550,000	5,272,500
Totals,		$59,194,500	75,000,000	185,807,500

The above table, shows the yearly interest, the amount set aside to the sinking fund to pay off the bonds each year and the total amount available for road construction each year for thirty years, under the 75 million dollar bond issue plan.

The preparation of this table is based on the assumption that the revenues for road construction and for maintenance will amount to $9,000,000 per year. Any increase or decrease in this fund from year to year would make a corresponding change in the amount available for road maintenance under the bond issue as that seems to be the only part of the road work provided for under the bond bill.

The figures were made by a local man, who is much interested in analyzing the bond issue. So far as The Mercury knows, this is the first time that these figures have been presented.

The method by which the figures in the last column, that is the yearly amount available for road construction, are arrived at, is as follows:

For instance, in July 1926 the amount of bonds outstanding on which interest will be paid is $32,200,000. The interest is $1,045,000, which added to the amount reserved for paying off the bonds, makes a total of $4,445,000. Deducting this amount from $9,000,000, leaves a balance of $4,555,000, which added to the 10 million dollars allotted from the bond issue for that year, makes a total of $14,555,000 for both construction work and maintenance.

Carlisle High Swamped 84-0

Strong Richmond High Defeats Locals. Next Game Friday

Madison county high scored its biggest football triumph in many years last Friday by defeating the Carlisle high team 84 to 0 before a crowd that overflowed the Richmond field.

Madison completely outclassed Carlisle high and scored by every known process. The Richmond eleven was much heavier than the local lineup. At the beginning of the second quarter Coach Lancaster, of the Madison team, took out the first team and substituted the second string of men, who continued the slaughter. The regular team scored four touchdowns in the first quarter.

The Carlisle eleven fought gamely despite the overwhelming odds, but were unable to score a touchdown. Shelton Saufley, Madison quarterback, suffered a broken collar bone in the third quarter.

The lineup follows:

Carlisle		Madison High
C. Huddleson	L. E.	Terrel
W. Huddleson	L. T.	Wells (c)
Gaffin	L. G.	Clouse
A. Allison	C.	Hurst
R. Allison	R. G.	Manuel
Hutchings	R. T.	M. Adams
Poe	R. E.	W. Adams
Martin	Q.	Saufley
A. Cook	L. H.	Gentry
Blake	R. H.	Huguely
Red Cook (c)	F. B.	Moberly

NICHOLAS FARMERS GET FINE RESULTS FROM SEED

Nicholas county farmers are much impressed with results obtained from growing root rot resistant strains of tobacco furnished by the Agricultural Experiment Station, according to County Agent S. W. Anderson. Planted side by side, the experiment station strains grew to good height, and were uniform and of good stand, while common strains were small, irregular in growth and of poor stand. Many farmers are saving root rot resistant seed for next year.

84,000 LIVES LOST IN U. S. LAST YEAR

Eighty-four thousand lives were lost in the United States last year as the result of accidents. The death toll amounted to 1,462 per week, or 209 per day. Automobile accidents headed the list with 37 deaths per day. Falls killed 36 a day, drownings 19 and railroads accidents 18.

Governor Fields, in the course of his campaign for the $75,000,000 bond issue, has offered to spend Saturday night, October 18, in a cell at the Frankfort reformatory provided the editor of a Louisville newspaper stays in the cell with him. He wishes the editor to make an inspection of conditions.

Fire Prevention Object of Week

People Asked to Consider Huge Loss Caused Annually

Fire prevention week which is being observed throughout the nation this week, is a recent national development of fire prevention day, which is annually observed on October 9, in commemoration of the great Chicago fire in 1871. This catastrophe resulted in the death of 200 persons and destroyed 17,000 buildings with a loss of $190,000,000.

The object of the week is to impress upon the community at large the necessity of conserving the resources of the nation by preventing fires. Last year the damage from fire in the United States is estimated at $508,000,000, while 115,000 people lost their lives from this cause.

Many fires are caused through carelessness. A lighted match thrown into a bundle of paper may destroy a town.

Now that winter is coming on, many helpless little children will be burned to death by having their clothing ignite before an open grate. Last year hardly a week passed but what some Kentucky newspaper carried an account of a tragedy from this source. This is criminal negligence. For a small sum a screen can be purchased to put before an open fire place. Don't endanger the lives of the children by allowing them to play before a fire without a screen.

ENJOY THE MERCURY

In renewing his subscription to the Mercury, Rev. B. B. Hestir, of Sweetwater, Texas, formerly pastor of the Carlisle Presbyterian church, says: "Can't do without the best paper in Kentucky, also the best paper that comes to Texas."

Rev. E. H. Ritchie, of Madison, W. Va., in subscribing, writes that he recently saw a copy of the paper, which he found very interesting, and wants the paper as a regular visitor. Rev. Ritchie is a native of Nicholas county, being a son of the late Z. A. (Honest Zack) Ritchie and Drusilla Mann Ritchie, of the Barterville vicinity. For a number of years he was a farmer in Nicholas and Bourbon, but later became a minister of the M. E. Church, South, and is now pastor of the First Methodist church at Madison, West Virginia.

SIXTY-NINE ARE NAMED ELECTORS

Every county clerk in Kentucky will place on the ballot for vote November 4 in the 120 counties the names of 69 presidential electors.

The Democratic, Republican, Progressive, Socialists-Labor, and American parties will have 12 electors each and the Commonwealth Land party four electors.

SERIOUS CHARGES AGAINST FIVE MEN

Five Young Men Accused of Forming Conspiracy to Injure Will Booth Witness Against One of Them For Liquor Violation

ALL HELD TO THE GRAND JURY

As the result of an alleged occurrence at the home of William Booth in Dorseyville last Wednesday night, warrants were issued in county court Friday for five men charging them with "confederating and banding themselves together for the purpose of intimidating, alarming, disturbing or injuring William Booth."

Four of the men, Lloyd Reed, Sherman Gilvin, Bryan Sosby and Jimmie Myers, were arrested on the charge Friday and released under bonds of $1,500 each for their appearance before the grand jury, which met Tuesday. All of the men were arrested in Carlisle with the exception of Myers, who was working in Paris, and was taken into custody by Sheriff M. P. Collier, of Bourbon county.

The five men, it is alleged, were drunk and went to the home of Booth about 1 o'clock last Wednesday night. Booth and family were away from home at the time. The men broke into the house, it is charged, and searched for Booth. Returning home a few days later, Booth, it is said, found out who the men were and swore to warrants for their arrest.

Several days ago Booth was the principal prosecuting witness against Reed in police court on a charge of selling liquor. Booth testified that he purchased a half pint of liquor from Reed. Reed was given a fine of $100 and thirty days in jail, but appealed the case to circuit court and was released on bond.

The Kentucky Statutes provide a penalty of from one to five years in the state reformatory for conviction on the charge of which the men are accused.

Friday morning Reed was arrested on a charge of being drunk and sentenced to ten days in jail. Another warrant was served on him, charging him with giving liquor to Melvin Story.

BURLEY ASSOCIATION RE-ELECTS OFFICERS

Officers of the Burley Tobacco Growers Cooperative Marketing Association were unanimously re-elected by the new board of directors at the regular monthly meeting held last week. The officers for the ensuing year are: James C. Stone, president and general manager, Lexington; James N. Kehoe, of Maysville and Bush W. Allin, of Harrodsburg, vice presidents; Aaron Sapiro, of Chicago, general counsel; H. Lee Earley, of Lexington, secretary and treasurer; executive committee, the president, vice president, H. K. Bourne, of New Castle, and Judge Robert W. Bingham, of Louisville.

50 Local Men at Lexington Sunday

Members Christian Church Attend Service by Dr. Kelleums

Dr. E. L. Crystal, pastor of the church and teacher of the class, and about fifty members of the Men's Bible class of the Carlisle Christian church went to Lexington Sunday afternoon to hear an address by Dr. Frank Kellums at the Broadway Christian church. Dr. Kellums is holding a revival at the church, which is attracting large crowds from Central Kentucky.

The meeting Sunday afternoon was for men only and large crowd from the blue grass section of the state attended. Dr. Mark Collis pastor of the church termed the meeting the greatest gathering of men ever seen at a religious meeting in Lexington.

The meeting will continue over next Lord's day. Mr. Kellums has just returned from a trip through Europe and South America, studying religious and political conditions, and his address was wonderfully illuminating, and was listened to with great interest by the unusually large gathering of men.

MOTHS IN CLOTHES

In moth time every housekeeper has her eye and her hand out to exterminate the destructive little insects. One of the best sterlising agents in the world is heat—and a liberal use of the electric iron will soon eradicate the pest.

Press the article in which you suspect the moth has laid her eggs, or on which you find evidence of her visits, with a wet cloth and a hot iron. You will find that the clothing itself is greatly refreshed in appearance by this treatment, and any eggs or larvae which may be present will be killed.

This is a particularly convenient method of handling moths when they get into woolen carpets or rugs.

Hogs Hit High Mark Saturday

Top Price of $10.90 Received at Community Sales Saturday

At the community stock sales held here Saturday afternoon, heavy hogs brought the highest prices received here in years when they brought $10.90 per hundred. Light hogs brought $9.60 per hundred. Three car loads of hogs were sold and sellers were well pleased with prices received, which were as high as on any market in the state.

About 100 head of lambs brought from $8 to $12.30 per hundred; 25 to 30 head of calves brought from $4.00 to $8.50; a few rams brought from $10 to $20 per head; 4 baby beeves brought $7.40 per hundred; heifers brought $7.40 per hundred for tops, and a few common steers brought $5.35.

The sale was conducted by Harry H. Hamm and W. Ernest Piper. They have taken over the business, succeeding Jas. W. Myers, and will hold sales weekly at the barn of Mr. Myers on West Main street.

Jim Grant, colored, for sixteen years a trusted janitor at the First and City National Bank in Lexington, was arrested Saturday on a charge of stealing a package of bills containing $2,500. He freely admitted the crime, and when arrested the money had dwindled to $1,626.

SHOUSE BARES COOLIDGE MYTH

President Quit the Practice of Law Because He Couldn't Make Good Kansas Man Tells Crowd At Shelbyville

URGES ELECTION OF STANLEY

President Coolidge, by his own confession, quit the practice of law because he could not make a success, Jouett Shouse, former assistant secretary of the treasury, said in an address before a large crowd at Shelbyville Monday.

He exposed what he termed the "Coolidge myth" and said the President made politics his life work for the reasons the speaker has just given and that he could attribute his advancement to the usefulness of Murray Crane, Republican "boss" of Massachusetts, who "found" the President.

"An investigation made by a committee of citizens headed by Charles F. Peabody conclusively showed that Coolidge had nothing to do with breaking the Boston police strike," Mr. Shouse said.

"Taking advantage of that illusion, Republican bosses nominated him for the office of vice-president. He then presided over the senate and stood in a position to know, more than any other person in the country, of the corruption rampant in the administration. I do not question his honesty, but I do question his courage.

"He has shown a lack of leadership for, though his party was in the majority of both houses, every bill he advocated was defeated and every one he was against was passed. To have his leadership for four more years would be to plunge the country into chaos.

"In striking contrast we have John W. Davis, a man who through his successes has shown his ability as a courageous leader. He was the first man to head the American Bar Association before the age of fifty and though it is admitted he was counsel for so-called trusts, it must be also admitted that such concerns would not employ a knave or a fool."

Mr. Shouse also urged the reelection of Senator A. O. Stanley.

NICHOLAS ENTERED IN STATE SPELLING CONTEST

Nicholas County is entered in the Courier-Journal statewide spelling bee heart and soul.

Acceptance of the newspaper's invitation to join has been sent the Spelling Bee Editor, in Louisville and rules and regulations for conducting the bee have been forwarded here.

Soon every school child in the county, from the fourth grade up to the high schools, will be spelling in preparation for the big county-wide finals, to be held here just before Christmas. The exact date of the county finals will be set by the county and city school superintendents.

Every school pupil in the county, regardless of age, is eligible to the bee, which is going to be an old fashioned revival of interest in educational matters. Every school, both city and county, graded, independent and consolidated, is entered, and all will select their school champions.

Then, just before the Christmas holidays, all school champs in the county will meet here and spell until the champion of the county is found. County champs, or many of them, are to go after the big prize of the contest, in Louisville next April. There the statewide finals will be held as part of the program of the Kentucky Educational Association. The Courier-Journal will award prizes totaling $250 to the best speller there.

The big prize for the county champs, of course, is the trip to Louisville, where they will be regally entertained at the best hotels in the city by The Courier-Journal and the K. E. A. But every school speller is to have an award—a handsomely printed certificate, countersigned by the school superintendent.

Parents, too, are taking an intense interest in the forthcoming spelling bee. Parent-Teacher associations are invited to attend the bees at the school, to hold bees of their own, and luncheon and business mens' clubs have been asked to boost spelling by turning their weekly meetings into spelling bees.

NICHOLAS QUOTA FOR HOME $1,500

Miss Elizabeth Ross Directing the Campaign in Nicholas for Funds For Kentucky Children's Home Society

LOCAL ORGANIZATION FORMED

The time has come for Nicholas county to do her part in the statewide campaign for the Kentucky Children's Home Society. Forty counties have already contributed $225,000 toward the $500,000 necessary to complete the new buildings of the institution. Miss Elizabeth Ross, formerly of this city, will direct the campaign in the county. A local organization headed by I. B. Ross, Robert Harper, Allen Hopkins, Paul Darnall, Colville Talbert and H. B. Bryson, has already been formed. The whole county has been organized, and every citizen will be given an opportunity to help the cause.

The following facts about the home are outstanding.

The Kentucky Children's Home Society was organized in 1895 for the purpose of caring for those children of the state who cannot gain admittance to church or fraternal institutions. It is absolutely non-political and non-denominational.

No child may be admitted to the home except upon order of the County Judge. The children remain in the home while they receive such medical attention as they may need, and then are placed in some good private home in the state, where they are visited once a year by a representative of the Society. The Society remains the legal guardian of all such children until they become of age, are legally adopted, or marry.

The Kentucky Children's Home Society is located on an 86 acre tract of land at Lyndon, nine miles out of Louisville. The immediate need is for new dormitories. The waiting list of the home now numbers 750, and it must be reduced. New buildings are being erected now, but the money must be raised to pay for them.

Nicholas county's quota is $1,500. Just last week Rowan county oversubscribed its quota of $1,000 by $312. Surely Nicholas will do her part.

STANLEY MOST INFLUENTIAL MAN IN THE SENATE

The most influential man in the senate is Senator A. O. Stanley of Kentucky. This was the assertion made by Senator Thomas A. Caraway, of Arkansas, who is campaigning Kentucky for the Democratic ticket. "The only critics Stanley has," said Senator Caraway, "are in his own state." I understand that because he is regarded as the exponent of personal liberty, some people have the notion that he wants to bring back beer and light wines. Nothing could be farther from the fact. His idea of personal liberty is justice for everybody.

"When the Volstead law was up for passage, Senator Stanley proposed an amendment to make the law apply equally to the rich and to the poor. Every dry leader supported it. I helped him make it a part of the law; and I have never tasted a drop or bought a drop of liquor in my life. They tell me that some of the women in this state are against him because he is a wet. Wet and dry are no more of an issue than the date of the crowning of King Tut.

"Senator Stanley has never made a move to weaken the dry law. His fight has been for the weak. He can't help fighting for them. He is made that way. I want to say that Senator Stanley is intellectually the richest and financially the poorest man in the Senate. Send him back if you believe in justice for everybody."

Shelby Morris, 7, died at his home at Lebanon Friday from injuries sustained when he was struck on the head with a rock while he and some companions were throwing at a hornet's nest.