MOST IMPORTANT NEWS OF WORLD

BIG HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK CUT TO LAST ANALYSIS.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN ITEMS

Marvels Culled From Events of Moment in All Parts of the World—Of Interest to All the People Everywhere.

Washington

Exports of grain and flour fell off more than $1,000,000 during September, as compared with August, the department of Commerce at Washington reports. . . .

Two American citizens have been killed on the Tampico oil fields, dispatches to the State department at Washington say. The Americans are Arthur L. Mosley and Gustave E. Keller (or Keller).

Sporting

Jack Dempsey, heavyweight champion of the world, and Georges Carpentier, heavyweight champion of Europe, will fight for the world's championship sometime between February 1 and July 4, 1921, according to a New York dispatch. . . .

Personal

Frank L. Polk, former undersecretary of state, underwent an operation for appendicitis in a New York hospital. His condition is said to be satisfactory.

Terence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, died in Brixton prison, London. His death followed a hunger strike of 74 days, eclipsing any in the annals of the medical world. . . .

Bert J. Vandervoort, aged 56½, died suddenly at his home in Normal, Ill. He was president of the Corn Belt Brewery and a man of wealth. . . .

Oliver Dodd Byron, veteran actor of the American stage, who had appeared with Joseph Edwin Booth, John Wilkes Booth, Edwin Forrest and many other famous stars, died at his home at Long Beach, N. Y. . . .

Dr. H. C. Frankel, editor of the New Northwest, former president of the University of Montana and at one time head of Tulane university at New Orleans, died suddenly at Missoula, Mont.

Domestic

A truce from England arrived at New York with nearly $100,000,000 in gold, consigned to the Federal Reserve bank. . . .

Mal. A. V. Dalrymple, supervisor of pollution enforcement agents in the Central states at Chicago, has quit "Politics" in the recess given. . . .

George Cudone, fourteen years old, nominated for the Democratic State bank, was held up and robbed of a satchel containing $1,200 by a lone robber at Fillfeth street and Racine avenue, Chicago. . . .

David McNeal, who several months ago obtained his release from a sick bed upon lynching by a speech declaring "this place was acquitted at Welland, Ont., of a charge of murdering a four-year-old girl. . . .

After building a watchman and talemaster ten thieves broke into a freight car in the rear of the American Distilling company at Chicago and escaped with 272 cases of whisky valued at $25,000. . . .

Four amateur fishermen captured a 250-pound deer swimming in the Patapsco river, about five miles from Baltimore, Md. Mr. Deer put up a fight but there is a mystery. It died in a few hours. . . .

William A. Wagner, Jr., son of Judge and Mrs. W. A. Sparrier of Des Moines, Ia., was killed when his motor exploded in a barn at his farm near Pine River, Minn. . . .

Mrs. Zella Mills, Mrs. Lena Sevrine and Miss Vera Hoffman were drowned when their automobile overturned, throwing them into a drainage ditch and pinning them down in the water at Ashland, Neb. . . .

Placing his cuffs on the family hat of the prisoner's wife, Deputy Coroner Dennis Kennedy, seventy-two, crept inside, pulled the lid down and shot himself through the heart. His body was found two hours later. . . .

Wage reductions were announced in the Anaconda and Ewen cotton mills in Ewa, with the flat of the mill and the employes of the Muscatine mill at Fall River, Mass., are affected. . . .

The United States shipping board steamer Iowa was lost off the coast of Spain, Trinidad, and was boarded to prevent it sinking. . . .

The government's liquor investigation at Chicago was officially taken over by Federal Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis. . . .

Elmer S. Malone, Springfield, Ill., an alleged automobile bandit, was shot through the heart and killed by Pete Hamilton, deputy sheriff at Galesburg, Kan. . . .

Seven trans-Atlantic liners arrived in port at New York's harbor in four hours and 15 minutes, bringing 6,000 persons in the steerages. . . .

Theft of $1,000 worth of jewelry from the home of Dr. Robert Emmett, former premier of Canada, was reported to the police at Ottawa. . . .

OBSERVATIONS OF NATUPALIST.

There is a reason why rats walk on stone fences in their nocturnal excursions. A cat will often travel "fence" for miles in search of prey. By walking on a stone fence they have a better chance to get on top of the land. Thus, when the cat desires to return, she will have a fence upon which it is not crowded; its way home is then it had traveled; the rat generally has a good reason for everything it does.—Farming correspondence Ridgefield Press.

The appraisal of the estate of Andrew Carnegie has been completed at Pittsburgh, Pa., showing a gross value of $30,320,624, and a net estate of $23,187,161. . . .

Continued declines in prices of shoes were predicted by delegates attending a conference of the Western Association of Shoe Wholesalers at St. Louis. . . .

W. H. Bonsawart, a farmer living near Hampton, Ia., was killed instantly and Frank Latto suffered severe injuries when the auto in which they were riding was struck by a Rock Island freight. . . .

The Cook county grand jury investigating the baseball scandal at Chicago voted true bills against Hal Chase, former major league first baseman; Abe Attell, former featherweight boxing champion, and Bill Burns. . . .

Eight bandits entered a barber shop at St. Louis and forced the proprietor, his wife and two patrons to line up against the wall. The highwaymen escaped with a total of $1,745 in cash and jewelry. . . .

Philip Lethbod, a Digger Indian, who claimed he was one hundred and thirty-eight years old, died at Red Bluff, Cal., but not of old age. Sparks from his pipe ignited his clothing and caused burns, to which he succumbed. . . .

Cotton ginned prior to October 18, amounted to 3,712,607 bales. Ginning last year was finished by December 1 with a 4,629,246 bales, says a Washington official report. . . .

Foreign

Ratification of the preliminary peace treaty between Poland and Bolshevik Russia was voted by the All-Russian Soviet Monday, according to a wireless dispatch from Moscow. . . .

The city of Trieste was occupied by Italian troops Sunday, according to dispatches from that place to the Italian Courier d'Italia and the Ista National. . . .

Deportation of Armenians and Greeks has been resumed by the Turks, according to reports received from the State department at Washington from Constantinople. . . .

Two members of the chamber of deputies of the state of Tabasco were killed when federal soldiers, seeking to arrest them on charges preferred by upon the chamber while it was in session, according to a Mexico City dispatch. . . .

A dispatch from Helsingfors, Finland, reports that two torpedo boats of the destroyer, the Russian naval base at Petrograd, have been blown up and sunk. . . .

An Athens dispatch says that the throne of Greece, made vacant by the death of King Alexander, who died from infection due to the bite of a pet monkey, will be offered to Prince Paul, third son of former King Constantine. . . .

A strike of store hands has caused postponement of the wool sales in Australia, which had been fixed for October 25, says a London dispatch. . . .

Fire destroyed the business section of Brownsville, Minn., a village nine miles southeast of La Crosse, Wis., the blaze started in Smith's hotel. . . .

That the communists are planning a coup in Germany to overthrow the government is the sensational warning issued by Die Freiheit, the organ of the independent socialists at Berlin. . . .

A report received from Lieutenant Gaffois says that the Bolshevist have concluded an armistice with General Wrangel, leader of the Crimean forces. . . .

King Alexander of Greece is dead, it is officially announced at Athens. This announcement follows bulletins earlier in the day which bulletted the last hope had been given up. . . .

Fourteen persons were killed and 30 wounded in a clash between socialists and troops at Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony, following the arrest of Bolshevists, according to a cable to workers' union. . . .

An undated dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Berlin by battle headquarters says that the Moors in the French and Spanish zones in Morocco, in which the Spaniards lost 22 killed and 105 wounded, have begun to desert to the enemy in large troops. . . .

The cabinet at Stockholm headed by Premier Hjalmar Branting has resigned and has been accepted. The Branting cabinet resigned on March 30 last and has been in office since July 1. . . .

As a preliminary step toward attempting to open with Germany the "Stresemann" of the eastern Tyrol proclaimed itself a republic, says a Vienna dispatch. . . .

A Rome dispatch says the Papacy has decided to send Cardinal Merry Del Val to be appointed Italian ambassador to the Vatican. . . .

Following the example of the coal miners in England the French miners have made a demand for an immediate increase in wages of five francs a day, a Paris dispatch says. . . .

A Rome dispatch says that a general strike has been proclaimed at Sestri Ponente as a protest against the arrest of several anarchists. . . .

A Schutzengau dispatch says that 15,000 Austrian Heimwehr soldiers have been taken prisoner and many rare and valuable curiosities of war materials have been captured by the Czech legionaries, under Gen. Baron Wrangel's army recently. . . .

Secretary of State Colby at Washington, acting for the United States, and Ambassador E. Everett De Argon then, signed a treaty between the two countries, according to each reciprocal privileges as related to commercial matters. . . .

OBSERVATIONS OF NATUPALIST.

Over-Education a Peril

Have you ever read what Retsan said of overwhelming? Well, here it is: "A great danger impends because the accumulation of knowledge and power is unlimited, while the human intellect does not expand. There is reason to fear that the human brain may collapse under its own burden; that there may come a moment when the very progress spells its ultimate decadence. It will be like an explosion that carries its limits within its own statements."—Los Angeles Times.

Salvation Army Dedicates New Training School

Commissioner Thomas Estill of the Salvation army dedicated the new Chicago training school for Salvation army officers. The building was formerly the home of Joseph E. Tilt, wealthy Chicago shoe manufacturer.

Would Protect Alaskan Eagles

Audubon Society Urges Halt in Destruction, Due to 50-Cent Bounty Law.

BIRDS OF FREEDOM LIBELED

Official Cites Instances of Mistaken Bird Campaign in Asking Suspension of Bounty Law.—12,000 Eagles Killed.

New York.—American eagles in Alaska frequently kill full-grown deer and do considerable damage to other live stock, fur-bearing animals, reindeer and wild fowl, according to the other fowl fish, according to the subject to T. Gilbert Pearson, president of the Audubon Societies National Association.

Mr. Pearson has been directing from the New York offices of the association its activities to save the American eagles in Alaska by reason of the bounty of 50 cents a head, which was placed on their heads by the Alaska legislature in 1917, which made these eagles because of their supposed destructiveness. The accusers of the bird of freedom in Alaska have made out a very black prima facie case against him, but the kind experts of the Audubon societies generally believe that the eagle has been convicted on hearsay evidence and without much of a trial. By way of giving the bird his day in court, the department of agriculture has sent a scientist to Alaska to make a close study of eagle life and habits of the defendant.

The number of eagles killed in Alaska since the bounty law went into effect is not less than 12,000, according to estimates today. G. D. Gatfield, secretary of the Alaska Fish and Game club, in a letter to Mr. Pearson in August said:

"A vast difference is noted in the numbers of these birds showing in settlements and western Alaska, and it is safe prediction that, if the slaughter continues for a few years longer, the species will become practically extinct in this country."

Asks Suspension of Bounty.

According to Mr. Pearson, on a motion or another of this country is always working itself up into a withdrawing zeal against some particular bird, which usually proves to time to be not only innocent, but beneficial.

"Of course, human beings are more important than birds," he said, "and if eagles or any other species against the welfare of human beings they should be punished. But there have been so many mistaken campaigns against valuable birds that we are safe in this case in suspension of the bounty law until the study of the habits of the eagle, which have been undertaken, shows whether he really deserves slaughter or not.

"A few years ago there was an antisparrow-lark campaign in California, which resulted in the birds all migrating to the effect that they were ruining the grain crop in some sections. For a time it seemed as if the meadow lark was doomed, but a careful investigation of the origin of the outcry against the lark showed that it all started with a statement of a farmer who had seen a lark sitting on the grapes.

"New Jersey had a similar period of hysteria against the robin, which was alleged to be destroying the cherry crop. There was a great propaganda in Arkansas and Texas for a time because of the untrue charge that they were destroying the fields.

"One of the most exciting campaigns of persecution against a general bird started along the gulf coast in 1915, when it was alleged that the brown pelican was destroying food fish in the waters of nearly a million dollars worth of food fish in that the Tequila, for the first time in fifty years, are deserting their usual haunts and refusing to the ways of peace and civilization.

This information reached Pearson from Dr. Barnhart of Los Angeles, who is now reopening schools which were closed during the war, and have been idle during the past two years. The campaign against the birds was started in the Mexican and American gulf ports and points in the Mexican reason.

"Fair destruction," says the Health Service Bulletin, "can be accomplished by trapping, by poisoning and by using natural enemies, such as certain breeds of cats and dogs. The use of the success of these measures it is necessary to restrict the rat food supply by properly disposing of garbage and

HALF CENTURY OF WAR ENDS

Yaqui Indians Negotiate Peace Treaty with the New Government of Mexico.

Los Angeles.—For the first time in half a century the Yaqui Indians of Sonora have laid down their arms by negotiating a treaty with the Mexican government and having that treaty duly filled promptly and to the letter by the Mexican government.

The result of this belated showing of

PLANNING WARFARE ON RATS

Public Health Service Fears Possible Outbreak of Bubonic Plague, Already in Mexican Gulf Ports.

Washington.—Methods of destroying and spending against rats are outlined in literature prepared by the public health service for use by state and municipal health officers over the country in the campaign which they have been asked by Surgeon General Cumming to inaugurate in order to

Aerial Acrobat Meets Death

Leon Forgeron, a daring aerial acrobat, was killed while performing on the wing of a plane less than 500 feet above the ground, at the Bonnie Falls, Santa Rosa, Cal. Pilot Schmidt, who accompanied him on the flight, received first aid treatment for shock. Forgeron's photograph shows the wrecked plane and Pilot Schmidt being lifted from machine.

COUNDOURIOTIS IS REGENT OF GREECE

MARINE MINISTER IS ELECTED BY A VOTE OF 157 TO 5

Widow of Alexander Follows Kings Body to Cathedral—Public Attends Funeral Ceremony.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

London.—Under the direction of Premier Venizelos, Admiral P. Coundouriotis was elected Regent of Greece by a vote of 157 to 5, says a dispatch to the London Times from Athens. Admiral Coundouriotis was Minister of Marine in the Venizelos Cabinet.

Athens.—The body of King Alexander was conveyed from Tatoi to the cathedral in Athens in his own motor car, which was driven by his friend, Lieut. Stavros Metaxas. The coffin was draped in the royal flag. The imperial hearse was followed by several motor cars, in the first of which was Queen Olga, while in the second was the widow of King Alexander. Many accompanied by M. Gryparis, Grand Marshal of the court. The members of the Cabinet and high officials awaited the arrival of the corpse at the cathedral. The church body was placed on a catafalque. Many wreaths were placed on the bier and the crowd was so dense that police had difficulty in maintaining order.

The medical circles the opinion was expressed that the King's death was due to blood poisoning, following septic tongue, following pulmonary congestion, and that the monkey's bite was not the blood poisoning perhaps could have been avoided if the wound had been kept alive for days by the application of remedies. The chief difficulty of his condition from the beginning was the refusal of the King to allow a nurse to attend him. His wife, the royal Alexandra, was not permitted to enter the room. She had been forbidden to enter the room for fear of infection, but she disregarded the order and remained with her husband during the last days of his illness.

Paris.—For the first time since the Greek revolution of 1917 the Greek flag flies over the Greek legation in Paris, opened negotiations with the Greek foreign office, says a dispatch from the Minister informed France that the Greek government would not interfere with the Greek throne. The former minister, Count Saint-Aulaire, refused abdication of the throne by King Constantine in favor of Alexander. Duke of Sparta, which was demanded by Premier Venizelos. He is a lieutenant colonel in the Greek army.

Convention Is Sought.

Washington.—The biennial convention of the United Spanish War Veterans of America adjourned. The request for the next convention of the order for full voting rights on all church matters, was referred to the national board for investigation and a survey of the sentiment of the membership. Action on the Pueblo Court was undertaken. Pueblo will be the scene of the meeting place for the next convention, whether Pueblo secures the national home or not.

Hun Assets in America.

Washington.—The British department of finish, discussing Great Britain's assertion that the French Premier's plea that it had renounced the fifth clause of the Versailles treaty, which the United Kingdom, said the disposition of German assets in the United States is entirely in the hands of Congress. Whether it shall be returned to the Germans or liquidated for safe-keeping, deposited in a trust fund for the benefit of American citizens shadowed him and followed him.

Hunting New Peat Beds.

Washington.—Secretary Fall, Director Finney of the Geological Survey and Director Smith of the Bureau of Mines have been appointed by President Harding as a committee to investigate the peat resources of the country, with a view to developing the industry. The committee will meet in Washington on October 25.

Prison Term for Parachutist.

London.—Sylvia Pankhurst, who was arrested on a charge of sedition attempting to cause sedition in the navy by circulating a leaflet, was on one of the newspaper, The Workers' Dreadnought, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment on one of the charges.

Restaurant Prices Cut.

New York.—Arthur V. Bibby, Chief of the Restaurant Division of Justice's "flying squadron" of profiteers, announced voluntary price reductions in the prices of several big New York restaurants. Mr. Bibby said he would have "quit the Hotel Men's Association of New York, which fixed prices of first-class hotel "special dinner" at $2.50 and $3.00. Prices of $2.50 already are in effect, Mr. Bibby said, in hotels and restaurants in the establishments in the "White Light" district to bear out his assertions.

Closing Subtreasuries.

Washington.—Report has it that Secretary Houston contemplates the closing of the Charleston subtreasury at an earlier date than June 30 next, which is the time fixed by the appropriation bill now enacted, according to legislation enacted by the last session of Congress. The subtreasury closed the Boston Subtreasury on October 1, and transferred its duties to the Subtreasury at Chicago. It is said that other Subtreasuries will be next on the list for consideration.

Gasoline as an Insecticide.

It is stated that the authority of oil has been learned a body than the bureau of biological survey that all insects obtain their oxygen supplies through small holes in their bodies. When such any substance as gasoline comes into contact with the pores the mixture of their oxygen supply are closed, and, lacking breath, they naturally die in a short time.

HUNTER SAVED BY HIS DOG

Animal Carries Cartridges to Master Whose Life Was Endangered by Two Lions.

Finding tracks of two lions one day, found their lair, and, with his dog and gun, went back to the spot. Arriving there he found the lions had emptied the weapon of cartridges by the time of his arrival.

Brums trailed through the snow for half a mile, and down a bank, and dropped within 15 feet of two lions crouched for a spring over a log. His rifle clicked futilely. Brum was attacked by the lioness while the lion sprang over the log. Brum's dog, Rover, sprang to the rescue and fastened his fangs in the lion's throat. The lioness, seeing her mate engaged in a fight to the death with the dog, and the lion, seeing her mate engaged in a fight to the death with the dog, and the lioness, seeing her mate engaged in a fight to the death with the dog, and the lioness, seeing her mate engaged in a fight to the death with the dog, and the lioness