WORLD'S EVENTS IN SHORT FORM

BEST OF THE NEWS BOILED DOWN TO LIMIT.

ARRANGED FOR BUSY PEOPLE

Notes Covering Most Important Happenings of the World Compiled in Briefest and Most Succinct Form for Quick Consumption.

Peace Notes

President Wilson was the guest of the French senate at a luncheon in Paris. He was greeted by Alfonso Dubost, president of the senate, who made an eulogistic address, in which he said that the senate professed the American president and his ideas.

• • •

The "big five"—America, Britain, France, Italy and Japan—will be the dominating powers at the peace conference, says a Paris dispatch. They will take part in all meetings and commissions. The other powers actively engaged in the war against Germany as first powers will attend sittings at which questions concerning them are discussed. Among these latter are Belgium, Brazil, China, Greece, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia and the Czecho-Slovaks.

• • •

The German armistice has been extended one month by the commissioners, who have concluded their session at Treves.

• • •

A Paris dispatch says that at the instance of President Wilson the supreme council of the allies has decided to hold in advance the proposed peace conference at Washington, instead of the fifteenth formal official armistice session.

• • •

A Copenhagen dispatch says Maxim Litvinoff, the former bolshevik ambassador at London, has sent a note to President Wilson declaring that the bolshevik government of Russia is prepared to cease its world propaganda if the allies will agree to start peace negotiations with it, according to the Soviet Izvestia.

• • •

Washington

President Wilson cabled to Secretary Tumulty that he would be home next week and would hold Roosevelt memorial meeting throughout the country on February 9 simultaneously with the joint memorial services in congress.

• • •

The senate bill to make Grand canyon a national park was passed by the house and sent to conference at Washington. In the area set aside are 966 square miles of public land, now parts of two national forests and a game refuge. The proposed has been before congress for 25 years.

• • •

Only one more big war loan is to be planned by the treasury department, Secretary Glass said at Washington. This will be the Victory Liberty loan, to be floated probably in the last three weeks in April. The amount will not be more than $6,000,000,000, and may be $5,000,000,000.

• • •

Foreign

Disorders in Hamburg, in which several persons were killed and others wounded, are reported from Zurich. The disorders are incident to demonstrations in connection with the search for the release of the sailors who had been imprisoned by the government as the outcome of previous disturbances.

• • •

A counter-revolution has broken out in Petrograd, according to reports from Berne, and the bolshevik regime is granted a general hurried retreat eastward from Archangel.

• • •

An Athens dispatch says the Greek army will begin demobilization late this month, when there will be 150,000 men released. This will leave from 180,000 to 200,000 with the colors.

• • •

A Lisbon dispatch says royalists proclaimed a restoration of the monarchy at Oporto and Braga, in northern Portugal. The governor of Oporto has proclaimed at Oporto, Braga and Viana, fortified towns near the coast, that for those places to suppress the conspiracy. Manuel is reported to have attempted to frustrate the conspiracy.

• • •

A Berne dispatch says the German nobility is rousing to counteract the recapture of Milan by the bolshevik, and that the aristocracy has already issued occupied Bolzbet, Schreiber, Tubingen and Koblenz in the region east and southwest of Riga.

• • •

The London stock exchange committee on the 1919 list of securities approved the new list among all except American rails, which will be added later. The list as it stands now effect March 21.

• • •

Grave election riots took place in Germany, where the people are flocking to choose members of the national assembly. A general strike was declared at Leipzig, which is without gas and water, according to Count Ingen Johnson to the London Exchange Telegraph company.

• • •

A London dispatch says Count Andrassy, former premier of Hungary, has been arrested by the Czecho-Slovak government. Andrassy is said to have been responsible for the forcing of Hungary into the war.

• • •

A Paris dispatch says that at the instance of President Wilson the council of the French senate at a luncheon in Paris. He was greeted by Alfonso Dubost, president of the senate, who made an eulogistic address, in which he said that the senate professed the American president and his ideas.

• • •

The "big five"—America, Britain, France, Italy and Japan—will be the dominating powers at the peace conference, says a Paris dispatch. They will take part in all meetings and commissions. The other powers actively engaged in the war against Germany as first powers will attend sittings at which questions concerning them are discussed. Among these latter are Belgium, Brazil, China, Greece, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia and the Czecho-Slovaks.

• • •

A continued labor shortage will be noticed this month, for the period of 1910, was forecast at a conference of railroad men, shippers and others representing the various railroads centering in Chicago and government and state employment bureaus.

• • •

The Freer, Paul Bachelmeier, which reported by wireless that the steamer had been sighted by the Nantucket lightship, arrived there.

• • •

A Copenhagen dispatch says Maxim Litvinoff, the former bolshevik ambassador at London, has sent a note to President Wilson declaring that the bolshevik government of Russia is prepared to cease its world propaganda if the allies will agree to start peace negotiations with it, according to the Soviet Izvestia.

• • •

Domestic

A mob gathered at the jail at Hollister, Mo., and, breaking down the doors, took Jess Williams, a negro, to the corner of the public square and burned him to death. Williams was supposed to be lodged February 21 for the murder of Mrs. George Wells and her child December 2, 1918.

• • •

Two persons were killed and more than four were injured in two railroad wrecks—one on the Northwestern railway and the other on the Burlington—reported in Chicago. The early morning fog is said to have caused both wrecks.

• • •

A continued labor shortage will be noticed this month, for the period of 1910, was forecast at a conference of railroad men, shippers and others representing the various railroads centering in Chicago and government and state employment bureaus.

• • •

The Freer, Paul Bachelmeier, which reported by wireless that she had been sighted by the Nantucket lightship, arrived there.

• • •

A Copenhagen dispatch says Maxim Litvinoff, the former bolshevik ambassador at London, has sent a note to President Wilson declaring that the bolshevik government of Russia is prepared to cease its world propaganda if the allies will agree to start peace negotiations with it, according to the Soviet Izvestia.

• • •

A midnight counting party ended in the Merchants Hotel, in the Highland Park, Ill., prominent lawyers and bankers, died in Highland Park hospital. His skull was crushed in a blood clot after a fall down a flight of stairs on Sheridan avenue, Highland Park, which he said he tripped while strolling.

• • •

Leonard Olson, Wilson, and Adrian Pfrar, witness, townships, of Toledo were arrested charged with stealing Monroe river. The boys were pulling a motor car for ice when they broke through.

• • •

A three-story store and office building at Eighth street and North avenue, Sioux City, Ia., owned by the T. S. Martin estate and occupied in part by