Kentucky News Cullings

An epitome of most important events transpiring in state

Maysville.—Thirty-five high school boys have enrolled to assist the farmers with their crops this year.

Winchester.—The tax levy for school purposes in Clark county has been changed from 10 to 18 cents by a vote of the County School Board.

Harrodsburg.—Glave Goddard has bought from Mrs. Magoffin Hardin her half interest in the old Daughters' College property, which was owned jointly by his wife and Mrs. Hardin.

Louisville.—Carl F. Baude, who is stationed at the marine barracks, Paris Island, S. C., has received a silver medal as an expert rifleman, having made the second highest score in his company. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Baude, of Louisville.

Paducah.—The Coroner's jury investigating the death of Mrs. Lucy Bolton, who was shot and killed, recommended that her husband, Joe Bolton, be held to the grand jury without bail. Bolton, who is claiming self-defense, is in the county jail.

Lexington.—Captain V. G. Mullikin was granted judgment against Richard Kinkead in circuit court here in the sum of $716.75. The suit grew out of an automobile accident in which Captain Mullikin was injured last year and the amount asked for in the petition was $10,000.

Frankfort.—Governor Stanley vetoed the bill prohibiting the teaching of German in the public schools. The measure was opposed by the Louisville Board of Education, but received a majority vote in both houses. It did not stop the teaching of German in private schools and universities.

Lexington.—Five hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twenty-nine cents have been received by the county clerk from Frankfort with which to pay off the claims made by Fayette farmers for sheep killed by dogs during 1917. The claims amounted to $2,219.50 and the state has paid 24 cents on the dollar.

Frankfort.—Regardless of how much income a person may have he will be a vagrant in Kentucky during the war unless he works thirty-six hours every week under the Morriss act which is now a law. ...

Winchester.—A meeting was held here at the court house to perfect an organization for the testing of seed corn.

Carlisle.—The quarantine which was effective in Carlisle for about three weeks because of smallpox has been raised.

Lexington.—Taylor Howard, 17-year-old son of A. B. Howard, in Estill county, fell over a cliff and drowned in the Kentucky river. The body was recovered.

Whitesburg.—The 2-year-old daughter of Wreck Tackett, a farmer of the Shelby Creek section, east of here, toppled into a bucket of water and was drowned.

Versailles.—Harriet Washington, a negro, 80 years old, was burned to death when her home, near Troy, this county, was destroyed by fire. She was in the house alone and it is not known how the fire originated.

Whitesburg.—It is announced here that mining work in the Elkhorn coal fields of Letcher county is somewhat handicapped owning to the shortage of coal cars, and that some of the biggest plants are only operating three or four days a week.

Greenup.—Wayne Cooper, a South Portsmouth youth, has received a bronze medal from the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission. At the risk of his own life he saved the life of a child, Roberta Reider, a resident of South Portsmouth, from being run down by a train.

Carlisle.—The farmers of Nicholas county held a mass meeting here for the purpose of co-operating in buying seed corn. It is estimated that 7,000 bushels will be necessary to plant the Nicholas county crop, and so far as known only about 2,000 bushels are known to be available.

Louisville.—One year in jail was the punishment imposed by a jury in the Criminal Court by a jury upon J. A. Brown, alias Anderson, for involuntary manslaughter for the killing of Charles Lowe in Cosgrove's saloon here Christmas night, and for which he was indicted for willful murder.

Lexington.—Chief of Police Reagan has called attention to the fact that there is a city ordinance against roller skating on sidewalks and says that it must be stopped. He also emphasizes the danger of children using the asphalt streets for roller skating, as they are liable to be run down by automobiles and other vehicles.

Harrodsburg.—The stockholders of the Mercer County Fair met and elected P. S. Neale, president; John Dunn, first vice president; Joe Dean, second ...

IRISH PROMISED THEIR HOME RULE

BUT PREMIER LINKS ISSUE WITH CONSCRIPTION—LLOYD GEORGE FLAYED BY IRISH STATESMEN.

"We Won't Have It," Is Cry of Nationalists—Present Struggle May Result in Decision, Asserts Official, Who Lauds United States.

Passes First Reading.

London.—It was announced in the House of Commons that the Government had decided to extend the time for discussion of the man power bill. This was a concession to a request of Asquith after a vote had been taken and the bill had passed the first reading amid cheering.

London.—David Lloyd George, Prime Minister, made the boldest stroke of his career by coupling Home Rule for Ireland with the conscription of Irishmen. That unexpected disclosure in an address by the Premier in the House of Commons in presenting the new conscription bill to Parliament swept aside all interest in details of the conscription scheme which already had been forecasted by the newspapers. The atmosphere in the House of Commons did not foreshadow success. From his first sentence on Ireland the Premier was assailed with what Reuter's correspondent describes as "running hostile comment from the Irish benches."

The new Nationalist leader, John Dillon, who is more typical of the fiery old-time Irish resisters than his courtly predecessor, the late John Redmond, heartily denounced conscription for Ireland. Nor were there any signs of conciliation from the Ulster faction. The Irish Unionists met under the Chairmanship of Sir Edward Carson and resolved to support conscription, and they were merely indorsing what has been one of the planks in their platform. Lloyd George's speech revealed that the Irish Convention had not reached any agreement and that the constructive work must be done by the Cabinet, guided somewhat by Irish opinion as revealed in the debate of the convention. The most important statement in the Premier's speech apart from Ireland was that General Foch had been appointed supreme director of the strategy of the allied armies on the western front, which is taken to mean that he has superseded the Versailles War Council. Leave to introduce the Government's man power bill was carried in the House of Commons by 299 to 80.

BORDER TOWNS ARE CLOSED

Will Be No Telephone Communication ...

GERMAN GUNNERS TRYING TO LOCATE A CANADIAN BATTERY

Here Heinie is trying to get the range of a battery located near the second line of trenches, which, with wire entanglements, may be seen in the middle ground. In the foreground are three Canadians interested in the shelling.

JAPANESE LANDING OF ARMED FORCE

AT VLADIVOSTOK IS MADE NECESSARY JAPANESE MINISTER OF MARINE KATO SAYS.

Slavs, However, Insist It Is Jap Campaign Against Republic, and Demand Resistance—Crime Is Called Part of Pre-Arranged Plan.

Moscow.—Admiral Kato, Japanese Minister of Marine, has issued a proclamation at Vladivostok dealing with the landing there of Entente allied ...

NEW ANTI-LYNCHING LAW

Measure to Stop Lynching Offered in Senate Has Drastic Provisions.

Washington.—The most drastic Federal anti-lynching law ever proposed was introduced by Representative Dyer, of Missouri, a Republican. It provides

"Every person in the mob shall be deemed guilty of murder. He shall be tried in United States, not local, Courts. The county in which the riot occurs must forfeit $10,000 to the dependents of the deceased, or, if he has none, to the United States. A special Federal tax may be imposed to insure collection of this debt. Officers of the law from whom prisoners are taken for lynching are made punishable by ...

HUNS DEAL BLOW AT BRITISH LINE

ATTACK MADE ON ELEVEN-MILE FRONT, RESULTING IN SOME NEW GAINS.

Assault Is Preceded By a Violent Bombardment, Extending All Along the Front Affected—Battle Is Still Raging All Along the Line.

London.—Von Hindenburg renewed his thrusts against the British lines at a new point. According to the official ...

U. S. AID RENDERED ALLIES

SOLEMN HIGH MASS FOR DEAD

SEDITION BILL PASSES SENATE WITH TEETH IN IT

PROVIDING SEVERE PENALTY FOR DISLOYALTY OF ARMY DRAFTS AND LIBERTY LOANS.

Punishment Is $10,000 Fine and Prison Term For Utterance Favoring Germany or Its Allies—It Goes Now to Conference Between the House and Senate and Final Enactment Is Expected Soon.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington.—The sedition bill, providing penalties of 20 years imprisonment and $10,000 fine, for language or acts of disloyalty or obstruction of the army drafts and liberty loans, was passed by the Senate without a record vote. It goes now to conference between the House and Senate and final enactment is expected soon. Protracted and bitter debate marked consideration of the measure, the passage of which had been urged strongly by Administration officials to permit the Government itself to deal with disloyal agitators and check the growing dangers of mob violence.

Though modified to meet the objections of Senators who declared the original draft would curb legitimate freedom of speech, the bill retains the broad inhibition of words or acts which "support or favor the cause of the German Empire or its allies ... or oppose the cause of the United States."

It also would punish willful and "disloyal, profane, scurrilous, contemptuous or abusive" language about the "American form of government, constitution, military or naval forces, flag or uniform," and willful utterances designed to curtail production of essential war materials. The Senate adopted an amendment by Senator Jones, of New Mexico, providing for dismissal of Federal executive ...

New York State Has Sugar Camp Which Yields 10,000 Gallons of Sirup Annually

Up in New York state, in a section of the Catskills, there is a sugar camp in a grove of some three thousand well-grown hard maples, big enough to carry from two to four buckets apiece when sugar-making time arrives. There is a big evaporating house, where the sap runs from large tubs into an evaporator, the flow automatically regulated to keep it simmering away at the right temperature.

There are big stirring kettles and hundreds of molds, and the sirup, when it begins to sugar, is put into the kettles and stirred until it is as white as thick cream. Then it is poured into the little molds or tins, and forms the scallop-edged cakes that are to be marketed. Or if it will pay better to do so, the sirup is sold in gallon cans before being reduced to sugar.

And a farmer's boy has developed this big business from a start made when his father, like all farmers in the region, boiled enough sap in the spring to make what maple sirup the family would need through the year. A visit to New York had opened the boy's eyes as to the market for maple sirup there. He found that a poor quality, only 25 per cent real maple, sold for more money than the best brought at home.

He made a bargain with his father for the rental of the sugar grove and then began the development that has reached a plant such as is described above, with an output reaching in a good season up to 10,000 gallons, which bring him not less than $1.50 per gallon, and sometimes more when made into sugar. Here was a boy who had eyes that could see an opportunity at home.—Frank Farrington, in St. Nicholas.

Broke Rib While Sneezing.

After this, by order of his physician, Bernard Whann will only laugh, cough or sneeze in moderation. He had been seized with a sneezing fit and when he recovered he found himself suffering an acute pain in his left side.

Dr. J. W. Amie was called in and ...

ASSORTED INFORMATION.

FOXY BIRD IS MRS. HORNBILL

WILSON ACCEPTS HUN CHALLENGE

FORCE MUST DECIDE ISSUE OF WORLD PEACE ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

NATION WILL GIVE ITS ALL

Baltimore Crowd Cheers President As He Lashes Germany's Military Masters—Address at Opening of Liberty Loan Drive Follows Review of National Army Men.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Baltimore, Md.—President Wilson came to Baltimore and formally opened the third liberty loan drive, with a review of 12,000 troops of the national army from Camp Meade, Md., and made a speech, accepting Germany's challenge that the issue between the central powers and her enemies be settled by force, in the hall in which he was nominated for his first term as President.

After reviewing briefly the evidence that Germany seeks a peace for her world dominion, the President declared:

"I accept the challenge. I know that you accept it. All the world shall know you accept it. It shall appear in the utter sacrifice and self-forgetfulness with which we shall give up all that we love and all that we have to redeem the world and make it fit for free men like ourselves to live in. This now is the meaning of what we do.

"Let everything that we say, my fellow countrymen, everything that we henceforth plan and accomplish, ring true to this response till the majesty and might of our concerted power shall fill the thought and utterly defeat the force of those who flout and misprize what we honor and hold dear.

Quotes Germany on "Force."

"Germany has once more said that force, and force alone, shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men; whether right as America conceives it, or dominion as she conceives, shall determine the destinies of mankind.

"There is, therefore, but one response possible from us; force, force to the utmost; force without stint or limit, the righteous force which shall make right the law of the world, and cast every selfish dominion in the dust."

Warning anew that a triumph of arms for Germany means ruin for all the ideals America has won and lives for, the President reiterated he was willing to discuss at any time a fair ...

they ever were before that the cause is their own, and that, if it should be lost, their own great nation's place and mission in the world would be lost with it.

"I call you to witness, my fellow-countrymen, that at no stage of this terrible business have I judged the purposes of Germany intemperately. I should be ashamed in the presence of affairs so grave, so fraught with destinies of mankind throughout all the world, to speak with truculence, to use the weak language of hatred or vindictive purpose. We must judge as we would be judged.

Sought to Learn Objects.

"I have sought to learn the objects Germany has in this war from the mouths of her own spokesmen, and to deal as frankly with them as I wished them to deal with me. I have laid bare our own ideals, our own purposes, without reserve or doubtful phrase, and have asked them to say as plainly what it is that they seek.

"We have ourselves proposed no injustice, no aggression. We are ready, whenever the final reckoning is made, to be just to the German people, deal fairly with the German power, as with all others.

"There can be no difference between people in the final judgment, if it is indeed to be a righteous judgment. To propose anything but justice, evenhanded and dispassionate justice, to Germany at any time, whatever the outcome of the war, would be to renounce and dishonor our own cause. For we ask nothing that we are not willing to accord.

"It has been with this thought that I have sought to learn from those who spoke for Germany whether it was justice or dominion and the execution of their own will upon the other nations of the world that the German leaders were seeking. They have answered—answered in unmistakable terms. They have avowed that it was not justice, but dominion, and the unhindered execution of their own will.

"The avowal has not come from Germany's statesmen. It has come from her military leaders who are her real rulers. Her statesmen have said that they wished peace, and were ready to discuss its terms whenever their opponents were willing to sit down at the conference table with them. Her present Chancellor has said—indefinite and uncertain terms, indeed, and in phrases that often seem to deny their own meaning, but with as much plainness as he thought prudent—that he believed that peace should be based upon the principles which we had declared would be our own in the final settlement.

"At Brest-Litovsk, her civilian delegates spoke in similar terms, professed their desire to concede a fair peace and accord to the peoples with whose fortunes they were dealing the right to choose their own allegiances. But action accompanied and followed the profession.

... loved and grown great to vindicate and bring to a glorious realization will have fallen in utter ruin and the gates of mercy once more pitilessly shut upon mankind.

"The thing is preposterous and impossible; and yet is not that what the whole course and action of the German armies has meant wherever they have moved? I do not wish, even in this moment of utter disillusionment, to judge only what the German arms have accomplished with unpitying thoroughness throughout every fair region they have touched.

"What, then, are we to do? For myself, I am ready, ready still, ready even now, to discuss a fair and just and honest peace at any time that it is sincerely purposed—a peace in which the strong and the weak shall fare alike. But the answer, when I proposed such a peace, came from the German commanders in Russia, and I can not mistake the meaning of the answer.

"I accept the challenge. I know that you accept it. All the world shall know that you accept it. It shall appear in the utter sacrifice and self-forgetfulness with which we shall give all that we love and all that we have to redeem the world and make it fit for free men like ourselves to live in. This now is the meaning of all that we do.

"Let everything that we say, my fellow countrymen, everything that we henceforth plan and accomplish, ring true to this response till the majesty and might of our concerted power shall fill the thought and utterly defeat the force of those who flount and misprize what we honor and hold dear.

"Germany has once more said that force, and force alone, shall decide whether justice and peace shall reign in the affairs of men, whether right as America conceives it or dominion as she conceives it, shall determine the destinies of mankind. There is, therefore, but one response possible from us —force; force to the utmost, force without stint or limit, the righteous and triumphant force which shall make right the law of the world, and cast every selfish dominion down in the dust."

PARIS EDITORS APPLAUD

Baltimore (Md.) Speech of President Wilson is Enthusiastically Received in France.

Paris.—All the Paris newspapers give a prominent place to President Wilson's Baltimore speech, the majority of them printing it in full, others giving long extracts with much favorable comment. Le Matin says that a year ago President Wilson declared war and now he declares war to a finish.

Alfred Capus, in the Figaro, says:

"Finally, Germany's real character has been revealed to President Wilson ...

ARE YOU WITH OR AGAINST THE HUN?

Buy a Liberty Bond If You Would Show the World Where You Stand.

YOUR HELP IS NEEDED NOW!

There Can Be No Such Thing as Neutrality on the Part of a True American Citizen in This Great War.

By RENE BACHE.

"Murder!"

It is a cry for help. What will you do about it?

There is a kind of man who under such circumstances says: "It is none of my business. I am not called upon to interfere."

"Such a man calls himself a "peace-loving citizen"—a pacifist, to use a word recently popularized.

But you know, and I know, that he is only a coward. His only anxiety is to keep out of danger, no matter at what sacrifice of his manhood.

Even though he knows that his neighbor's wife or child is being attacked he will not interfere. It is "none of his affair." Besides, he himself might get hurt.

The unprovoked invasion of Belgium by the predatory Huns was exactly analogous to the breaking and entering of a peaceable man's home by armed burglars. Theirs was a criminal enterprise pure and simple.

Later it became manifest that we were likely to suffer similarly in our turn. In fact, the same criminals began to attack us. They killed our people—even our women and children.

So, much against our will, we were at last compelled to fight. If ever there was a just and righteous fight, it is ours in this war. Will you personally stand aside, playing the coward's part, or will you help?

Buy a Liberty Bond.

If you cannot do your bit with bomb and bayonet, you can help very importantly by buying a Liberty bond.

Would you prefer to help the kaiser and his gang of professional murderers? You can do so by refusing to help your country with your money.

There can be no such thing as neutrality on the part of an American citizen in this war. Either you are a patriot, or you are a traitor. Which of the two shall you choose to be?

If you refuse your help, merely standing aside, you are actually aiding the kaiser. You are the accomplice, at least constructively speaking, ...

BECAUSE SHE KNOWS

PRINCIPAL ADVANTAGES IN SPRAYING IN SPRING FOR SAN JOSE SCALE PEST

THOROUGH APPLICATION OF DORMANT SPRAY.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The spraying of trees during winter and spring, or when they are in a dormant condition, is directed largely against scale insects, especially the San Jose scale. There are two principal advantages in spraying at this time: (1) The absence of foliage permits of more thorough applications, and (2) the sprays may be used much stronger than during the growing season. Contact sprays are employed, ...

lime-sulphur solution has been found effective in destroying the peach twig-borer. Entomologists are not agreed as to the benefit from lime-sulphur spraying in the destruction of eggs of apple aphids, and other plant lice, but its value in this connection is perhaps not important. In practice, therefore, the plan should be to make one thorough application of lime-sulphur solution to orchards each spring as a general treatment for the control not only of the San Jose scale ...

SPECIALIZED FARM IS RISKY

TO OBTAIN IMPROVED TEAMS

BRUSSELS SPROUTS IN FAVOR

The KITCHEN CABINET

I sing the sweets I know, the charms I feel,
My morning incense and my evening meal,
The sweets of Hasty Pudding.
—Barlow

PEPPER DISHES.

There is almost no limit to the possibilities of the pepper as a dish itself for seasoning for various dishes. A spoonful of chopped pepper added to a hash or a croquette mixture changes it entirely. A tablespoonful of fresh red and green pepper added to a salad dressing adds to its attractive appearance as well as its flavor.

Creamed meats, fish, oysters, escalloped dishes of various kinds, in fact many kinds of vegetables with buttered crumbs and an appropriate sauce are all good served in peppers.

A spoonful of chopped pepper added to bean soup improves it much in flavor. A most attractive salad may be made of tomato, gelatine and seasonings, poured into peppers to set. Cut them in slices and serve with salad dressing. Peppers may be canned as any other vegetable, blanching, then pack and cook under water as usual in the cold-pack method.

Stuffed Peppers.—Take large, well-shaped peppers for this purpose. Cut off the stem end, leaving the stem for a handle when possible. Parboil after removing the veins and seeds, chill in cold water and they are ready for stuffing. A mixture of chopped ham and rice or potato with left-over meat like sausage or any other meat mixture which makes a nice combination is good baked in a pepper shell. Peppers scalded and chipped then ...

DAINTY DISHES FOR THE INVALID.

Nellie Maxwell

CORNS LIFT OUT! COSTS FEW CENTS

Drops of magic! Doesn't hurt one bit! Drop a little Freezone on a touchy corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it off with the fingers. No pain! Try it!

Why wait? Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of Freezone for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and calluses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the much talked of discovery of the Cincinnati genius.

HAVE YOU A SWEETHEART, Son or Brother in training camps in the American Army or Navy? If so, mail him a package of ALLEN'S FOOT=EASE, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. ...

PATENTS

ABSORBINE

SALESMEN Wanted To Sell Our West Virginia Grown NURSERY STOCK

COUGHING

PISO'S