The Mercury Tobacco Fund For Our Soldiers In France

The good women of the country are knitting sweaters, socks, wrist bands and all sorts of comfortable things to send to the soldiers at the front. What about tobacco? There is nothing you can think of that will give more comfort and solace to those men than tobacco.

This paper has made all arrangements to send tobacco, and not only that, but is going to send the most popular brands in this country—the kinds that many of the men have used at home and that they all know are good.

Tobacco can be sent to Europe without tax, import, duty or freight. Through the generosity of leading tobacco manufacturers we are enabled to send 50c worth of smoking tobacco, chewing tobacco or cigarettes for 25c.

It will be worth many quarters to receive grateful acknowledgment of your donation from some soldier at the front. A return post card stamped and addressed to you will be placed in each package you donate.

Send us a quarter if that is all you can spare, or more if you can spare it. This is a time to make sacrifices for the comfort of those who are risking their lives. Send all that you feel you can spare. There won't be any too much tobacco to go around. The names of all those who make donations and the amounts donated will be published in THE MERCURY from time to time.

Cut out the form below, fill it out for as liberal amount as you can afford and send to us with your remittance without delay as it is important to get tobacco to the other side as quickly as possible.

THE CARLSLE MERCURY:—

In accordance with your offer to send popular brands of tobaccos and cigarettes to our soldiers in Europe in units of 50 cent packages, each for 25 cents, I enclose herewith $ and will thank you to send the kinds I have marked below and enclose in each package a stamped return postal card addressed to me.

____25c pkg. No. 1. Popular cigarettes, retail value 50c.
____25c pkg. No. 2. Popular pipe tobacco, retail value 50c.
____25c pkg. No. 3. Popular cigarette tobacco, retail value 50c.
____25c pkg. No. 4. Popular plug chewing tobacco, value 50c.

(Your Name) ____________
(Street Address) ____________
(City and State) ____________

Make Your Farm Center Of The City

Distances are bridged by the HOME TELEPHONE, not only do lots of subscribers have instant communication with their neighbors but its LONG DISTANCE LINES cover the entire State.

USE HOME TELEPHONES for all business both local and Long Distance

NICHOLAS HOME TELEPHONE COMPANY
(INCORPORATED.)

COAL! COAL! COAL!

We now have a stock of coal in our yards which we can furnish to the public at a reasonable price. We solicit a share of your patronage.

Both 'phones No. 44.

The Carlisle Milling Co.
(INCORPORATED.)

A CAKE FREE TO YOU.

We recently purchased the Graeter Bakery and are installing practically all new equipment. It will be our aim to furnish the public with bread and other pastries such as will invite a return order.

For a few weeks at least, we will give FREE of charge a dollar cake each Saturday night to the one guessing the correct number in a cake. We will take pleasure in explaining the proposition more fully if you call at our bakery.

Miss Bruce King won the cake Saturday.

JULIUS NEWMAN, Proprietor

BLUE GRASS BAKERY, Carlisle, Ky.

1879 — MODEL STORE — 1917
HEADQUARTERS, KY.

Shoes for school, and general wear now arriving; bought before recent advances, represent better value than could be secured in market today; so we advise all to look well to their winter's need and buy promptly. Also complete stock of rubber footwear, "Ball Band," "Goodrich," Etc. Cash paid for produce.

S. T. BARLOW

FIFTEENTH-ANNUAL

KENTUCKY STATE FAIR

Louisville, September 10-15, 1917

Supreme in Horse Show History

Championship of America --$10,000.00-- Five-Gaited Saddle Horses

Premiums --$50,000.00-- Premiums

Ten Big Acts --HIPPODROME-- Band of Forty

GREATEST AGGREGATION OF INDOOR ATTRACTIONS EVER OFFERED
BEAUTIFUL BABY-SHOW PARADE
MIDWAY OF MIRTH, MUSIC AND MOVING MASSES

Reduced Railroad Rates. Catalogues now ready. Address FOUNT T. KREMER, Secretary, 604 Republic Building, Louisville.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Fleming Circuit Court, Kentucky.
Bina Byram, Plaintiff,
against
W. A. Trumbo et al, Defendants

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Fleming Circuit Court, rendered at the May term, thereof, 1917, in the above cause, I shall proceed to offer for sale on the respective premises in Nicholas and Fleming Counties, Kentucky, at PUBLIC AUCTION the real estate of the late Avery C. Byram. Said real estate will all be sold to the highest bidder upon a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months from the day of sale. First: On FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1917, at 10 o'clock A. M., or thereabout, I will proceed to offer for sale on the premises near Moorefield, Nicholas County, Kentucky, what is known as the Avery Byram land consisting of 280 acres, 3 roods and 39 poles, located near Moorefield, Nicholas county, Kentucky, on the Mt. Zion turnpike road, said whole track being bounded generally on the north by a public passway to the turnpike; on the east by the lands of George C. Clavell, Flora heirs, Sam'l Ishmael and Wm. Clavell; on the south by the lands of Sam'l Ishmael, Wm. Clavell and W. T. Burgess; on the west by the lands of Mrs. Vinson, A. J. Vinson and Geo. Clavell and the Mt. Zion turnpike.

On said land is located a dwelling house, two tobacco barns and two feed barns, also stock scales.

The said Nicholas County land will be offered in three tracts as follows:

1st. A tract of 36 acres, 2 roods and 38 poles of land on which is located a feed barn.

2nd. A tract of 177 acres, 3 roods and 17 poles on which is located a dwelling house, feed barn and two tobacco barns.

3rd. A tract of 66 acres, 1 rood and 36 poles, unimproved.

Said land will be offered in three separate tracts, in two separate tracts and as a whole and sold to the best advantage.

Second:

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1917 at 10 o'clock, or thereabout, I will proceed to offer for sale on the premises between Elizaville, Fleming county Kentucky, and Hilltop, Kentucky what is known as the Avery C. Byram Fleming County farm, consisting of 33 acres, 1 quarter and 29½ poles of land, bounded generally by the Elizaville and Hilltop turnpike road, and the lands of Clayborne Fox, Chas Burns and Wm. Cochran.

On said farm is located a good dwelling house, barn and other improvements. A very desirable home Said farm is well watered.

All of said land being sold by order of Court in order to distribute the proceeds thereof among the owners thereof.

For the purchase price the purchasers, with approved surety, must execute bonds bearing six percent. interest per annum from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a Judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms.

J. M. McINTIRE, Com. F. C. C.
John F. Morgan, O. R. Bright, Attys
R. S. Hudson, Auctioneer.

NOTICE!

All persons inhabiting lands adjacent to public highway, shall cut all weeds and trim all trees overhanging the highway during the month of August. This is a State Law and shall be rigidly enforced.

J. W. NORTON
Road Engineer.

This Is No Time For Cheap Pictures

Your boy may soon be in the trenches. If you love money more than you do a good portrait of him, all right.

But after he has given his life for his country, don't come bringing a little old cheap post card or stamp picture, expecting a good portrait from that. Don't lose your opportunity, but do it now.

B. P. YOUNG
PHOTOGRAPHER

Mother

will find her greatest comfort in good eyesight, when reading and sewing are the diversions and pastime. To enjoy this blessing to full extent bring her here and have an accurate examination of the eyes. You may be surprised to find, she hasforgottenthe advantages of good vision.

DR. B. KAHN
Graduate
Optometrist and Optician
Every Wednesday,
Central Hotel,
CARLISLE, KENTUCKY

What Was Ever Made In Germany?

(Continued from Page 1)

Since Germany borrowed her military appliances from other nations, we are not surprised that she obtained her devices of prosperity from the same source. She did not produce the first aniline dye, vulcanized rubber, liquid gases, gas-engine, water gas, thermometer, barometer, pianoforte, barbed wire, cut nails, plate glass, circular saw, cable car, electric car, sleeping car, airbrake, bicycle, automobile, pneumatic tire, sewing machine, cash register, typewriter, calculating machine, steel writing pen, et cetera ad infinitum.

The greatest thing that Germany has done is to falsely advertise herself as the light of the world. No son of hers invented the electric light, the gas light, the acetylene light, the kerosene light, the searchlight, the flash light, the safety lamp, the candle dip or the friction match. America, France, England and other "untutored" nations performed these tasks. The sun moon and stars are the only lights left for Germany's contention, and according to the Mosaic account the Lord and not the Kaiser made and placed them in the firmament.

Daguerre, a Frenchman, presented us with photography. Our own Edison brought forth the motion-picture to delight and instruct the eye, and the phonograph to please and teach the ear. The Germans enjoy our reels and records and lifting high their steins drink a prolonged toast to the achievements of the Vaterland, "Deutschland uber Alles."

Galileo, who first saw the heavens with a telescope, was an Italian. The men who first saw the earth and its teeming life with a microscope were not of German origin. Yet many telescopes and microscopes in our colleges, being marked "Made in Germany," have led students to believe that these wonderful instruments were designed by German brain. The Germans are mechanics, not inventors.

By use of the compound microscope Pasteur, the French biologist, as early as 1857 demonstrated a connection between microscopic organisms and disease. This was nine years before Dr. Koch, the German bacteriologist, had graduated. In this connection the important antiseptic surgery of Dr. Lister, of England should be recorded. Edward Jenner the discoverer of vaccination, and Harvey, the discoverer of the circulation of the blood were Englishmen. An American taught the world the use of anesthetics. Our dentists excell all others—even the Kaiser has his.

The Teutons have not shown the engineering skill of the French who cut the Suez canal, or of the Americans who joined the Atlantic and the Pacific at Panama. The decimal or metric system by which the Germans make their measurements, is a gift from France. The method by which they make their steel is that of Sir Henry Bessemer, of England. Many of the fruits and vegetables of which they eat an enormous quantity, were brought forth by our own peerless Burbank. No wonder the Germans can "goose-step" so high, for what else have they practised?

Lavoisier, the father of modern chemistry, was a Frenchman; Linnaeus, the founder of botany, was of Swedish origin. To Hutton, of England, we are indebted for Geology; to Maury, of Virginia, for the physiography of the sea; to Descartes of French parentage for analytical geometry; to Comte of France for sociology; to Germany for sauerkraut and pretzels. Germany has not contributed her quota towards the world's advancement. How she struts in her foreign plumage. She is neither inventive, resourceful nor original.

She has made no geographical discoveries of importance. Her neighbors have. What role did she play in discovering various portions of the new world? Did she establish any colonies? I thank God she did not. Her sons did not compose the crew of Magellan's fleet, the first to circumnavigate the globe. A German did not discover the North Pole, nor lead the way toward the South Pole. It is high time to cease talking of Germany's achievements unless one wishes to indulge in satire.

History and study will reveal that the world's greatest teacher, scientist, inventor, discoverer, statesman, general, philosopher, preacher, painter, poet, architect, novelist or singer was not "Made in Germany." —TOWNES R. LEIGH, LL.D., Ph.D., F. S. Sc., Adjutant and Professor of Chemistry, Georgetown College.

Mr. Henry Caywood, of the firm of Caywood & McClintock, of Paris, purchased of Jake Gay, of Pine Grove, in Clark County, forty yearling Hereford calves for $12.25 a hundred pounds. These calves weighed around 1,000 pounds each, making the price per head between $120 and $140, the highest price ever paid in Kentucky for cattle of similar weight and age.

TO OUR COUNTY CORRESPONDENTS.

Our county correspondents will do us a great favor by writing their items on one side of the paper only and by paragraphing each item.

When separate items are "run in" together without paragraphing, it makes the copy difficult for the printer to handle. We appreciate the good work of our correspondents and know they will be glad to help us this much.

CITY TAX NOTICE

Your taxes for 1917 are now due. An early settlement will be appreciated.

W. H. FREY, City Treas.

Farm Land and City Property

IT'S DRY AS A BONE, BUT LIST YOUR FARM WITH ME I HAVE SOME GOOD BUYERS

NO. 1—Farm of 87 acres, a sure good one, well improved house and barn; plenty of fine water and well fenced; located within four miles of Millersburg, on the pike; land all lays good. SEE ME AT ONCE.

NO. 2—Farm of 30 acres, good house of 6 rooms, good barn, some fruit, located within 5 miles of Carlisle, right on the pike. If you are looking for a nice little place, DON'T OVERLOOK THIS ONE.

NO. 3—Farm of 60 acres, cottage of 4 rooms, barn 36 x 40, right on Hinkston creek, 45 acres of bottom land, located within 6 miles of Carlisle, 1 mile from the pike. Price right. Ask about it.

NO. 4—Farm of 142 acres, new house 7 rooms, two good barns, 36 x 40 and 40 x60. Farm all in grass, well fenced and watered, within 150 yards of church and school, located in 7 miles of Cynthiana and 8 miles of Millersburg, right on the pike, ½ mile of good country store. COME ON AND GET THE PRICE.

NO. 5—Farm of 230 acres, big two-story house of 9 rooms, good tenant house, 3 good barns, the best fenced big farm in the county, land in fine state of cultivation, fine tobacco farm, plenty of fine blue grass, near school and church and right on the pike. SAY MAN GET BUSY, IF YOU WANT A GOOD FARM AND A PRODUCER.

NO. 6—Farm of 127 acres with improvements, located within 6 miles of Carlisle, right on the pike and near school and church; this farm lays rolling, good producer and can be bought well worth the money.

NO. 7—Farm of 167 acres, with two barns and two tenant houses, 80 acres of timber, 75 acres of virgin soil, tobacco land to let, located near Sharpsburg, in Nicholas county. HERE IS AN OPPORTUNITY YOU HAVEN'T HAD THIS YEAR. GET IN TOUCH WITH ME AT ONCE.

Remember that I have some fine Shelby county farms for sale, ranging from 75 to 300 acres. Prices from $80 to $110 per acre; good farms and well improved.

I have a good runabout automobile for sale; been used for over a year; in good repair, good tires. A bargain, if sold at once.

C. U. BRAMBLETT,
Real Estate Broker

W. G. IRVIN D. V. M.
Graduate Veterinarian
AUTHORIZED INSPECTOR OF LIVE STOCK FOR NICHOLAS
Office: E. B. Bowen Livery Barn

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Persons having claims against the estate of W. E. Kennedy, deceased will please file same, properly proven as required by law, to the undersigned, or my attorney, Foster V. Cox. If anyone is indebted to said estate they are requested to come forward at once and make settlement.

This 16th day of August, 1917.
MRS. MAYME KENNEDY,
4-16-3t R. F. D. 2, Carlisle Ky.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION

Notice is hereby given that the Natural Blue Lick Company, a corporation, is closing up its business, and those having claims against said corporation are directed to present same to the undersigned, as required by law.

This August 22nd, 1917.
Natural Blue Lick Water Co.
By T. L. Clark, President

Now is the time to have your autos and buggies painted and tops made new and repaired. I sell the cheapest harness in town. I also do harness repairing and saddle padding. I can make you a new top or repair your old ones. When you need first class work done by mechanics call on

John Archdeacon

FINE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned as Executors of the estate of Charles W. Durham, deceased, will offer for sale to the highest bidder on the premises on Saturday, September 8, 1917, at 10 o'clock A. M. the entire farm owned by the late Charles W. Durham, consisting of 165 acres of land with improvements consisting of two tobacco barns, stables, 9-room dwelling with tenant house cellar and well at main dwelling, cistern at barn, all in good condition and repair.

Said land being located 2 miles east of Moorefield, Ky., on Carlisle & Sharpsburg turnpike road, and bounded by lands of S. J. Booth, Robert Scott, Orville Jacobs and Claude Whaley, forty acres thereof in cultivation, balance in grass with never failing water.

Said land will be sold subject to survey, and will be offered as a whole and in two parcels, exact acreage will be given on day of sale.

Possession will be given on March 1, 1918, with privilege given for fall seeding.

This farm is in fine condition, good fencing, and located 2 miles of good high school, two churches, bank and stores.

Terms made known on day of sale. John B. Durham resides on the land and will show parties over same.

JOHN B. DURHAM,
CHAS. D. DURHAM,
Executors of Chas. W. Durham

Read what Daisy Baker's Mother says about Home-Made Bread and how much she can save on her household expenses.

Look at this Bread!

If you could only actually see it, smell it and taste it!

Yes, I baked it myself. It's very little trouble and it's lots better than I can buy.

Then too, it means a big saving. I am cutting down on my meat bills because the family is eating so much more bread. They seem to like it better than the more expensive foods.

Even if I were not saving on my other bills, I am still saving almost half on the bread itself.

You can do the same thing. It's not hard. All you need is a good recipe and a good flour.

The flour that I use is wonderfully easy to work with. It's made in Ohio —right in the Miami Valley where the soft winter wheat has an unusual quality on account of the rich limestone soil. It's good for everything, and it gives a most delicious nutty flavor to your baking. Take my advice and try

WILLIAM TELL FLOUR

See how much better your baking will be and see how much you can save! You will like William Tell better than any other flour you ever used.

WILLIAM TELL FLOUR is sold under a *Triple Guarantee*. It bears the Ohio Better Flour Label and is Guaranteed by the mill that makes it and by the grocer who sells it.

BETTER FLOUR

Ratliff Bros. Company, Incorporated, Distributors

DON'T TOP YOUR TOBACCO TOO SOON SAYS LEBUS

(Lexington Herald)

Because of the high average that prevailed on the markets of this section last season, and the extreme likelihood that this year's crop will with seasonable weather, be even better, and will therefore command better prices, farmers are determined to do all in their power to save their crops. A letter received by one man, a tenant on the property of Clarence Lebus, near Cynthiana, contains some advice on the subject of the early topping of the weed, as follows:

"Owing to the extreme high price of tobacco, especially low grades, the past season, and the almost certainty of higher prices for all grades of this crop, I recommend that, owing to the lateness of the crop and the dry weather that we have had, you do not top any tobacco until it is high enough to bloom. You had better top it the day you cut it than top it low. Then if it sets in wet, you fail in pounds and quality. It takes high topping to make pounds, especially in late tobacco.

"Think it best for you not to price your tobacco to any one, but sell it over the loose leaf market for the 'High Dollar.'

"Yours very truly,
CLARENCE LEBUS."

Mr. Lebus' opinion is that of most farmers who are familiar with the growing of tobacco and his advice about holding for the open market may be accepted for its face value, according to men grown old in the tricks of the trade. Never has the farmer had a better opportunity to reap banner returns from his labor and with the lengthening of the season, speculators will be more active than formerly, in an effort to take off a part of the rich proceeds of the annual crop.

NOTICE—Someone borrowed our pulley blocks recently and we will be glad if they will notify us. We will call and get them.

OGDEN & SUMMITT

FOUND—Bay mare with both left feet white, also star in forehead. Came to my place at Oakland Mills on Friday morning. Owner can have her by paying for keep and this ad.

(3) JOHN WIGGINS,
Carlisle, R. 3

Patronize the merchants who advertise in this paper. They will treat you right.

JOS. E. MATHIAS
MERCHANT TAILOR
Dry Cleaning Pressing Repairing
Electric Dry Cleaning Agency

TO THE PUBLIC

Having purchased the confectionery store formerly conducted by N. J. Myers in the Deposit Bank building, we invite you to visit our store when in need of anything in our line, such as

FRUITS, CANDIES, CIGARS, ICE CREAM AND SODAS
ALSO HAVE A LUNCH COUNTER IN CONNECTION

Your patronage will be appreciated.

R. O. DUNCAN & SON.

Public Sale
—OF—
9½ ACRES OF LAND

In order to settle up the estate of the late Mrs. Pickett Parsons, the heirs will offer for sale, on the premises, two miles northeast of Carlisle, on the Parks' Ferry turnpike, her farm of 9½ acres, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1917 beginning promptly at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Persons desiring to look over the farm in advance of the sale can do so by calling at the farm at any time.

PARSON'S HEIRS.

To reduce our stock of seasonable goods we offer a full line of hammocks, porch swings, couch hammocks and lawn swings at reduced prices.

HOWARD HDWE. CO.

Don't Risk Neglect.

Don't neglect a constant backache, sharp, darting pains or urinary disorders. The danger of dropsy or of Bright's disease is too serious to ignore. Use Doan's Kidney Pills as have your friends and neighbors. A Carlisle case:

C. T. Dinsmore, Dorsey Ave., Carlisle, says: "I have never had any serious trouble with my kidneys, but I have found it necessary to use a kidney medicine on a few occasions. I had a weak and lame back and as one of the family had used Doan's Kidney Pills with benefit, I took some. They proved sufficient to cure the complaint."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Dinsmore had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

BIG HEATING STOVE
WORTH $45.00
GIVEN AWAY
OCTOBER 4, 1917.

A TICKET ENTITLING THE HOLDER TO ONE CHANCE ON THIS STOVE WILL BE GIVEN WITH EACH 50-CENT CASH PURCHASE AND WITH EVERY DOLLAR ON ACCOUNT.

THE HOWARD HARDWARE COMPANY.
Home Of Good Goods And Satisfied Customers.

EIGHT PAGES

THE CARLISLE MERCURY.

ESTABLISHED 1867

VOL. L— CARLISLE, NICHOLAS COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1917. NUMBER 36

COMMENT

Are you "hooving" food these days, or does the h. c. of l. prevent you from securing any to hoove?

* * * *

Something to wonder about: Why one hears so many people pronounce Gen. Pershing's name "Per-i-shing"?

* * * *

One man in our county, anyhow, realizes what a pipe of tobacco can mean to a man whose nerves are frayed by the grind of trench fighting in Europe. A good fellow out Moorefield way sends us one dollar for our Soldiers' Tobacco Fund. Come on across, you fellows. Did you never go hunting and run out of smokin's? Read the plan at the bottom of this page and then fill out the coupon. Loosen up.

* * * *

Poker will never be popular in Germany, says Life; "for the average German who held a full house against four of a kind would be more than likely to pick up an ash-tray and throw it with vicious intent at the gentleman who won his money." Speaking of poker, we are reminded of a jingle that used to go the rounds of the college magazines:

I held a little hand last night
So dainty and so neat;
I thought my heart would surely break,
So wildly did it beat.
No other hand can to my soul
Such a lone solace bring,
As that little hand I held last night—
Four aces and a king.

* * * *

The Lexington Herald paragrapher suggests to Mr. Hoover, that the use of rice powder be prohibited in his food conservation plans. Careful, Enoch. You can prohibit John Barleycorn and Dr. Pease has started the ball rolling for the coming tobacco prohibition fight, but when you attack cosmetics, we fear you are cherishing an unworthy desire to have all the rest of us males become even as thou art, in the matter of the hirsute growth, which one time, no doubt, was wont to adorn the briliant dome (we refer to the contents) located just under your hat. Do be more discreet.

* * * *

President Wilson's reply to the peace proposition of the Pope is published in full elsewhere in this issue. The press of the nation, without regard to party or personal feeling, pronounce it the greatest state paper that the war times have produced, or possibly that has ever been written by any statesman. Aside from this we believe that it is the most polished and masterful piece of writing that it has ever been our pleasure to read. You boys just starting into school should read it and re-read it. If you can make yourselves master of such a style, your fame, and fortune as well, will be assured. If you, whoever you may be, will read it thoughtfully, you will be a better American than you have ever been.

* * * *

THOUGHT TOO HIGHLY OF BOTH

On a road in Belgium a German officer met a boy leading a jackass, and addressed him in jovial fashion as follows:

"That's a fine jackass you have, my son. What do you call it? Albert, I bet!"

"Oh, no, officer," the boy replied quickly. "I think too highly of my King."

The German scowled and returned: "I hope you don't dare to call it William."

"Oh, no, officer. I think too highly of my jackass."—Paris Liberte.

AMERICA'S CAUSE FOR WAR.

"The German policy swept every restriction aside. Vessels of every kind, whatever their flag, their character, their cargo, their destination, their errand, have been ruthlessly sent to the bottom without thought of help or mercy for those on board, the vessels of friendly neutrals along with those of belligerents. Even hospital ships and ships carrying relief to the sorely bereaved and stricken people of Belgium, though the latter were provided with safe conduct though the proscribed areas by the German government itself and were distinguished by unmistakable marks of identity, have been sunk with the same ruthless lack of compassion of principle. * * *

"I am not now thinking of the loss of property involved, immense and serious as that is, but only of the wanton and wholesale destruction of the lives of noncombatants, men, women and children, engaged in pursuits which have always even in the darkest periods of modern history, been deemed innocent and legitimate. Property can be paid for; the lives of peaceful and innocent people cannot be. The present German submarine warfare against commerce is a warfare against mankind."—[Woodrow Wilson President of the United States.

Monday, October 1, is the opening day of Kentucky's Great Trots at Lexington and four races are on the card, amongst them The Walnut Hall Cup) $3,000, and the Futurity for 2-year-olds, with a guaranteed value of $5,000. Both promise to be bitter contests, especially that for the "Cup" in which Ima Jay 2:05, Early Dreams 2:04¼, Busy's Lassie 2:04¼, The Woodman 2:06¼, Mignola 2:05¾ and Peter Chenault 2:07¾ are almost certain to come together. It is a great card and the railroads will sell tickets to Lexington at reduced rates.

NICHOLAS COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE GREAT SUCCESS

Miss Gardner's Last Institute One Of Best Ever Held In This County.

Last Friday at noon one of our best and most successful Teachers' Institutes was closed. Every teacher was present except two high school teachers who were detained on account of illness.

Dr. C. N. McAllister, as Instructor, is second to none in that line of work. Being Dean of Berea Normal, and therefore in touch with teachers all the time and making a study of the very best methods of teaching, not only the text books but the new subjects which make teaching more interesting and school worth while. He is a deep thinker, a convincing speaker, and a cultured, Christian gentleman. This is the second institute he has conducted for us and the teachers and all who heard him were highly pleased with his work

The writer has attended institutes in the last eight years in eighty-seven counties of Kentucky, some times just for a day, some times for the whole week, and we consider Dr. McAllister one of the best instructors in the State.

Prof. R. Dean Squires, who was instructor for the high school department, was certainly equal to the occasion and gave some excellent instruction to the city and county high school teachers. We appreciated very much Prof. Squires' taking this part of the work, and the teachers of the high schools were delighted with what he gave them.

Miss Leila Kerns, as Secretary, was very faithful and careful in her work, keeping a correct record of the collections, never bothering us once about it. Every teacher paid the fee and no one asked to be excused from this duty.

Miss Mary F. Fisher, as organist, and chairman of the music committee, certainly did see to it that good music and other forms of entertainment was given to the teachers.

Rev. J. W. Crates, the only pastor in town during institute week, was very kind indeed to visit us and conduct the opening exercises.

Thursday was set apart as Common School Commencement and Patriotic Day of the Institute. Notwithstanding the fact that Thursday morning the rain was pouring down and ceased only a little just before the parade, yet by nine o'clock the town was full of people.

The superintendent's office was full of trustees of the county, each with a large flag when I. B. Ross, chairman of the parade committee, came for them to join the parade, composed largely of the pupils of the Carlisle City School, who had bought the beautiful flag which was erected in honor of the day. Prof. Squires and his teachers were marshaling the children who went in front followed by the county trustees and a large number of men, women and children.

Promptly at 10:15 the beautiful flag, the largest in the county, was raised, while the school children sang "My Country 'Tis of Thee;" then "The Star Spangled Banner," was sung by the great audience.

Immediately after the songs the crowd went upstairs to the beautiful and spacious auditorium of the city school building and soon every available seat was filled and many stood in the aisles around the wall.

The house was called to order by your County Superintendent, who invited the following to the platform: Governor A. O. Stanley, State Superintendent V. O. Gilbert, Dr. H. H. Cherry, President Western State Normal, Dr. C. N. McAllister, Berea College, Prof. R. D. Squires, Supt. Carlisle City School, I. B. Ross, Pres. Carlisle City School Board, S. K. Veach, Secretary and Treasurer of Carlisle City School Board, and Rev. J. W. Crates, pastor of M. E. Church, South, who pronounced the invocation.

A beautiful violin solo was rendered by Miss Wynona McNew and was greatly enjoyed by the audience so much so that she was called back by the great audience.

A vocal duet rendered by Misses Crates and Campbell was received with a hearty applause.

Some introductory remarks were made by the writer, also some announcements. Prof. R. D. Squires in some well chosen words introduced Hon. V. O. Gilbert, who in his own interesting and earnest way said some excellent things. We all appreciate the things that he says because we know that he is in the educational work of the State with his whole heart. When we were in his office over a week ago to see if he would be with us he had an engagement in but sent Dr. H. C. Button, State Rural School Supervisor, in order that he might be with us in Carlisle. Mr. Gilbert introduced Dr. H. H. Cherry. He perhaps knows Dr. Cherry as well or better than any other man in the State because they have worked together in the Western State Normal years before Mr. Gilbert came to Frankfort.

Dr. Cherry delivered one of the greatest patriotic addresses we have ever heard, and judging from the frequent interruptions caused by the hearty applause from the audience it was enjoyed by all. He is a broad-minded, intelligent, Christian gentleman, who is giving his time and best efforts to the cause of education. At present he is Chairman of National Defense Campaign of Kentucky. He received this appointment from the War Department at Washington.

That afternoon the great auditorium was filled by 1:15. The largest crowd ever in it and many could not get even standing room. Promptly at 1:30 the class of forty-seven graduates from the common schools marched down the middle aisle and took their seats on the platform. Gov. A.O. Stanley, State Superintendent V. O. Gilbert, Dr. C. N. McAllister were invited to the platform by the County School Superintendent.

A beautiful vocal solo was rendered by Mrs. Colville Talbert, which was greatly enjoyed, as was also a violin solo by Benson Collins.

State Superintendent V. O. Gilbert was introduced to this audience by the writer. After another splendid talk characteristic of Mr. Gilbert he introduced Gov. Stanley who arose amid a great applause.

It would be useless to try t write the splendid things said by the Governor, but the many applauses and the close attention which was accorded him by such an immense audience, many of whom stood through the whole address demonstrated the fact that his address was immensely interesting. Gov. Stanley is a real orator, and his connection wit and knowledge of the war situation made his address all the more interesting.

Governor Stanley had many friends in Nicholas county but the fact that he left his office and the heavy work which the present war puts on his shoulders, and came to Carlisle to deliver and address in honor of a common school graduating class of rural school children, this, coupled with his splendid address made many more friends for him. When we went to his office a week before the institute to see if he could come, he told us that he was not leaving his office for anything except in connection with the war. But after a short appeal by your county superintendent in behalf of the largest class Nicholas has ever had, he with that pleasant smile of his gave us the assurance that he would be with us.

At the close of his address the Governor introduced Dr. Heizer, Secretary of the Tuberculosis Comission, who gave a most excellent talk on health and appealed to the people of Nicholas to help stamp out tuberculosis.

The diplomas were presented by Dr. C. N. McAllister, preceded by a short address full of good wholesome thought.

At the close of the program the class together with Mr. Stanley, Supt. Gilbert and the County Superintendent went to the Court House Square where a picture was made.

It would be useless to try to thank every one who contributed to the success of the day. But certainly the City School Board deserve our sincerest thanks for waiting to raise their flag until Patriotic Day of the Institute, and also for their hearty co-operation in the arrangements of the parade and in helping to seat the crowd.

Mrs. Coburn Tureman, Stewart Dorsey and I. B. Ross for their splendid automobiles and their service during the day to meet the Frankfort visitors and take them to and from the school building.

The decorating committee headed by Miss Edna Roberts deserve our thanks for the beauty of the stage.

Others owning automobiles and trucks furnished them for the parade.

Mrs. Geo. W. Taylor, Prof. L. F. Morgan, Mr. Freeland and others assisted us greatly for which we are thankful. Also those who gave special readings and songs during institute

This was our last teachers' institute of the eight years as county school superintendent and we certainly appreciated and was very thankful indeed for the hearty co-operation given through the entire institute.

Members of the class that want the class picture let us know next Saturday or court day. They will be 40c. each. Several citizens have ordered one because it is the largest class and will have the Governor and State Superintendent on it.

Mrs. Taylor will be in the office this week. I shall be there Court Day to assist the County Board with the opening of the bids for coal and the hauling which will be opened at 2 o'clock courtday.

Other visitors from Frankfort Thursday were Road Commissioner Rodman Wiley, Mr. Likens, County Superintendent, and L. D. Stucker, wife and daughter.

LIDA E. GARDNER,
County School Superintendent.

See Howard Hardware Ad about the stove they are giving away.

The Farmer's Share In Insuring The Future Of Our Home And Country.

President Garfield in the course of one of his speeches said: "At the the head of civilization and progress stands not militarism, not commerce but agriculture—the mother of all industry and the maintainer of human life."

In his recent address to the people of America President Wilson stated: "Upon the farmers of this country in large measure rests the fate of the war and the fate of the nations."

Somehow, whenever there is a crisis in the nation's affairs it is to the farmer that the country looks for help. The reason for this is that the farmers of America have never failed to make good.

Once more the opportunity comes to the American farmer to take his place in the front rank of the upholders of America's struggle to make the world safe for democracy.

In a short time the SECOND LIBERTY LOAN OF 1917 will be offered for public subscription and the Government at Washington is looking to the farmers of the country to subscribe freely to this great issue of United States Government Bonds.

There is nothing hard to understand about a United States Government Bond. There is nothing mysterious or complicated about it. It is simply the official promise of the United States of America to pay back to you with interest at a definite date the money you lend to Uncle Sam.

Ever since the American Republic was first established, United States Government Bonds have been considered by business men, bankers and investors in every walk of life as the safest form of investment in the world because they are absolutely guaranteed by the United States of America and this guarantee is backed by all the wealth, all the land and all the money in the entire country.

Not only do United States Government Bonds form the best kind of investment from the standpoint of safety, but they are also very convenient. In case of necessity they can be readily sold, and furthermore they are the best kind of security for borrowing. If you should need money at any time you can take your United States Government Liberty Bonds to any bank and borrow money on them. Bankers consider United States Government Bonds the best security on earth and are always glad to lend money on them.

Why is the United States Government asking the farmers to buy Liberty Bonds?

Simply because America has pledged her sacred honor to do her utmost to put an end forever to the merciless military autocracy of Germany and money is more than ever today the sinews of war.

President Wilson has well explained the reasons why we are finally at war with Germany. These are his words:

"The military masters of Germany denied us the right to be neutral. They filled our communities

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DEPENDENT FAMILIES TO BE AMPLY PROVIDED FOR

A Washington dispatch on 26th inst., says: "Those young men in Kentucky who would like to go into the army but who fear that wives and children may be left destitute if they do so may feel assured by some new legislation which the government is going to put through soon.

"This is no less than the government's war insurance plan, which includes, among other things, provision for the maintenance of a family left at home by a soldier. This bill may be passed this week.

"Under the plan, a man with three children, enlisting as a private, can assure himself pay at the rate of $18 a month when in foreign service and can assure his family and children $52.50 a month on which to live.

"In fact, the government will compel men enlisting in the army to allot not exceeding one-half of their pay to their dependents and the government will, in turn, add to it about twice as much for their support.

"For the present, at least, married men having wives and children, dependent on them, will be exempt, but this does not mean that they will be exempted permanently. At the rates at which the registration lists are being exhausted, it would not surprise many to see the draft officials specify at the next call, that a man must have children dependent on him as well as a wife, before he can be exempted. If the war should go beyond the three-year period, the length of time which war department officials believe will take to crush Germany, then all able-bodied men citizens of military age may have to put themselves at the service of the government.

"Under the conscription law, no man between 21 and 31, who is able-bodied and a citizen of the United States, is exempt from the military service. It is only through regulations promulgated by the president, which may be withdrawn at any time, that exemptions were made for men with dependents."

J. H. Mitchell and two children returned Friday to their home in Dover after a visit of several weeks with relatives in Carlisle and Nicholas county. Postmaster J. H. Mitchell is taking a two months' vacation, leaving the postoffice in charge of his assistant, Miss Esther Ladenburger, who assumes the work with an easy grace and performs the duties "as good as the boss."—[Dover News.

PRICE FOR SPRING WHEAT FIXED AT $2.20 AT CHICAGO

Washington, Aug. 30.—The price of No. 1 Northern spring wheat was fixed at $2.20 a bushel at Chicago for the 1917 crop today by the wheat price committee, headed by Henry A. Garfield, whose findings, reached after three days' deliberation, were submitted to and approved by President Wilson.

Labor representatives on the committee voted first for $1.84 and the formers for $2.50. After long discussion the compromise at $2.20 was approved unanimously.

The announcement was made at the White House in the following statement by the President:

"Section II of the food act provides among other things for the purchase and sale of wheat and flour by the government and appropriates money for the purpose. The purchase of wheat and flour for our allies and to a considerable degree for neutral countries also, has been placed under the control of the food administration. I have appointed a committee to determine a fair price to be paid in government purchases. The price now recommended by that committee—$2.20 a bushel at Chicago for the basic grade—will be rightly adhered to by the food administration.

AIMS OF ADMINISTRATION

"It is the hope and expectation of the food administration, and my own, also, that this step will at once stabilize and keep within moderate bounds the price of wheat for all transactions throughout the present crop year, and in consequence the prices of flour and bread also. The food act has given large powers for the control of storage and exchange operations, and these powers will be fully exercised. An inevitable consequence will be that financial dealings can not follow their usual course. Whatever the advantages and disadvantages of the ordinary machinery of trade, it can not function well under such disturbed and abnormal conditions as now exist. In its place the food administration now fixes for its purchases, a fair price, as recommended unanimously by a committee representative of all interests and all sections, and believes that thereby it will eliminate speculation, make possible the conduct of every operation in the full light of day, maintain the publicly stated price for all, and through economy made possible by stabilization and control, better the position of consumers also.

"Mr. Hoover, at his express wish has taken no part in the deliberations of the committee on whose recommendation I determined the governments fair price, nor has he in any way intimated an opinion regarding that price."

COMMITTEE'S REPORT

The report of the committee, addressed to the President, follows:

"The undersigned committee has been asked by you to recommend the price which the government should pay for the 1917 crop of wheat.

"In its deliberations the committee has kept constantly in mind the three following factors:

First—The fact that the United States is at war.

Second—The need of encouraging the producers.

Third—The necessity of reducing the cost of living to the consumer.

NORMAL LAW UPSET

"The normal law of supply and demand have been violently interfered with and Congress has undertaken to offset this disturbance by conferring extraordinary powers on the President to stabilize prices. Each of the foregoing factors grows out of the conditions which have received the careful attention of the committee. Chief among them are: that the wheat yield in a great and important section of the country has this year been below the normal; that over against this situation is the crying need among the whole body of the population, especially the wage earners; that the rising tide of cost shall be stayed and reduced as rapidly as possible consistent with the welfare of the producers; that the government is at the present time engaged in the great task of reducing and stabilizing cost of other stable commodities; that the wheat of the world is abundant for its needs even disregarding the stores in Russia, but because of lack of shipping and war conditions, the burden of supplying wheat to the Allies and to neutral nations rests for the time being upon the United States and Congress.

"Your committee has also considered the fact that the government price for the 1917 wheat crop is in effect a continuing guarantee under the minimum price guaranteed by Congress for the crop of 1918 going into effect (July 1, 1918). It has considered the relation of the 1918 minimum price guarantee to the price here recommended. It has also considered the effect which an early termination of the war would have upon the wheat markets of the world.

FAIR PROFIT ASSURED

"In reaching its conclusions the committee has been guided by the principles you have announced, that a fair price should be based upon the cost of production for the entire country plus a reasonable profit. We have relied upon the cost estimates for the crop of 1917 furnished by the United States Department of Agriculture, checked by the result of our independent investigation and the evidence submitted to the committee by producers and their representatives.

"The committee has considered the regulations recently established by the United States food administration grain corporation for the different grades of the wheat through which all transactions in wheat are to be standardized and speculation to be entirely eliminated. Also that profit to the grain dealer, millet and flour dealer has been regulated and reduced by the grain corporation, effecting a material reduction in the cost of flour.

"In consideration of the foregoing facts, and the circumstances, this committee respectfully recommends that the price of No. 1 Northern spring wheat or its equivalent at Chicago be $2.20.

"The committee finally agreed on the price this afternoon after several days of voting. At one time today it looked as if it would be unable to come to a conclusion, but just before 6 o'clock a compromise was reached and the last vote was unanimous. On the basis of $2.20 at Chicago, the food administration worked out tonight differentials for the various grades and classes and for the several terminals.

"The price fixed tonight is 20 cents higher than that named for the 1918 crops by Congress in the food control bill. The $2 price set by Congress was taken into consideration by the committee in fixing a fair valuation for this year's crop."

Bale Ties at the right price.
HOWARD HARDWARE CO.

PRESIDENT WILSON REJECTS POPE'S PEACE PROPOSAL

Full Text Of The President's Note To His Holiness, Pope Benedict XV.

"In acknowledgement of the communication of Your Holiness to the belligerant peoples dated August 1, 1917, the President of the United States requests me to transmit the following reply:

"Every heart that has not been blinded and hardened by this terrible war must be touched by this moving appeal of His Holiness. The Pope, must feel the dignity and force of the human and generous motives which prompted it and must fervently wish that we might take the path of peace he so persuasively points out. But it would be folly to take it if it does not in fact lead to the goal he proposes.

"Our response must be based on the strong facts and upon nothing else. It is not a mere cessation of arms he desires. It is a stable and enduring peace. This agony must not be gone through with again, and it must be a matter of very sober judgment that will insure us against it.

PROPOSALS OF POPE

"His Holiness in substance proposes that we return to the status quo ante bellum and that then there be a general condonation, disarmament, and a concert of nations based upon an acceptance of the principle of arbitration; that by similar concert freedom of the seas be established; and that territorial claims of France and Italy, the perplexing problems of the Balkan states and the restitution of Poland be left to such conciliatory adjustment as may be possible in the new temper of such a peace, due regard being paid to the aspirations of the peoples whose political fortune and affiliations will be involved.

"It is manifest that no part of this program can be successfully carried out unless the restitution of the status quo ante furnishes a firm and satisfactory basis for it. The objects of this war are to deliver the free peoples of the world from the menace and the actual power of a vast military establishment controlled by an irresponsible government which, having secretly planned to dominate the world, proceeded to carry the plan out without regard either to the sacred obligations of treaty or the long established practices and long cherished principles of international action and honor; which chose its own time for the war; delivered its blow fiercely and suddenly; stopped at no barrier, either of law or of mercy; swept a whole continent within a tide of blood—not the blood of soldiers only, but the blood of innocent women and children also, and of the helpless poor; and now stands balked, but not defeated, the enemy of four-fifths of the world.

POWER NOT GERMAN PEOPLE

"This power is not the German people. It is the ruthless master of the German people. It is no business of ours how the great people came under its control or submitted with temporary zest to the domination of its purpose. But it is our duty to see to it that the history of the rest of the world is no longer left to its handling.

"To deal with such a power by way of peace upon the plan proposed by His Holiness, the Pope, would, so far as we can see, involve a recuperation of its strength and a renewal of its policy; would make it necessary to create a permanent combination of nations against the German people who are its instrument; and would result in abandoning the new born Russia, to the intrigue, the manifold, subtle interference and the certain counter-revolutions which would be attempted by all the malign influences to which the German government has of late accustomed the world.

"Can peace be based upon a restitution of its power or upon any word of honor it could pledge in a treaty of settlement and accommodation?

RIGHTS OF ALL PEOPLES

"Responsible statesmen must now everywhere see, if they ever saw before, that no peace can rest securely upon political or economic restrictions meant to benefit some nations and cripple or embarrass others, upon vindictive action of any sort, for any kind of revenge or deliberate injury. The American people have suffered intolerable wrongs at the hands of the Imperial German government, but they desire no reprisal upon the German people who have themselves suffered all things in this war which they did not choose. They believe that peace should rest upon the rights of peoples, not the rights of governments—the rights of people, great or small, weak or powerful, their EQUAL right to freedom and security and self-government and to a participation upon fair terms in economic opportunities of the world—the German people of course included, if they will accept equality and not seek domination.

"The test, therefore, of every plan of peace is this:

"Is it based upon the faith of all the peoples involved or merely upon the word of an insidious and intriguing government on the one hand and a group of free peoples on the other?

"This is a test which goes to the root of the matter and it is the test which must be applied.

"The purposes of the United States in this war are known to the whole world; to every people to whom the truth had been permitted to come. They do not need to be stated again. We seek no material advantage of any kind. We believe that the intolerable wrongs done in this war by the furious and brutal power of the Imperial German government ought to be repaired, but not at the expense of the

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30 YEARS AGO

Sept. 8, 1887

We are suffering a terrible drouth.

Sheriff McVey sent his check to the Auditor for $10,000.

The City School, with Misses Sue Tuttle and Lutie Fisher as teachers, opened Monday.

Harry Berry sold 104 fat cattle at 4 cents per pound.

The troops have at last left Morehead and returned to Louisville, taking with them the box of Springfield rifles belonging to Taylor Young, which Major McKee captured at Morehead. As they passed through Mt. Sterling the Sheriff of Montgomery county attempted to levy on these guns but the soldiers drew their weapons and prevented them from being seized.

W. L. Bramblett sold a team of carriage horses to Col. J. M. Fetter, of Louisville, for $1,500.

Married—W. H. Cook and Miss Ollie Feeback, of Headquarters.

Died—Infant child of Filmore Feeback; Reuben Hall, aged 64; Mrs Filback; Mrs. Barbara Willett, aged 86; Ida Lillian, three year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. L. Donnell.

YET ONE MORE SAYS END OF WAR IS NEAR

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 26.—The world is coming to an end!

Armageddon, the world battle of all nations, is approaching!

The coming of Christ is near!

Humanity is racing toward destruction!

The earth itself will not be blotted out, however, nor the people who have kept the word of God; but that period of war and chaos which will mark the end of the human race as it now exists has already begun.

The present European war is its prelude and the Armageddon, predicted in the Bible, will be the finale to present earthly civilization. But out of all this will come a new world wherein will live perfect people unafflicted by suffering or sin.

These startling statements sum up Pastor Arthur G. Daniels' interpretation of Bible prophecies which he asserts have already begun to be fulfilled. Pastor Daniells comes from Washington, D. C., and is president of the World Conference of Seventh-Day Adventists.

PRELUDE TO ARMAGEDDON

"The present European war is the prelude to Armageddon, which will precede the coming of Christ," says Pastor Daniells. "Bible predictions, written many centuries ago, are now in process of rapid fulfillment. Though the great Armageddon is not yet being fought, nor has that awful 'time of trouble' gripped the world, these events are approaching with alarming rapidity. The generation now living is watching the fulfillment hourly in the daily papers.

"The prophet Joel foresaw this time and the tremendously serious events now occurring. He saw the manifestation of the war spirit and the anger of the nations. He heard the universal proclamation of war. He saw such colossal preparations for war that it appeared as if the nations were turning their implements of warfare and destruction. He saw the nations—awakened aroused maddened—gathering in the land of Palestine for battle. And there he saw their overthrow and utter destruction. His prophecy should be read with the greatest care by all the world just now."

Pastor Daniells believes that the present war will be followed by a little time of peace; and then the struggle among the nations for world supremacy, and the supreme control of great commercial highways will be renewed; that this will result in the Armageddon, involving all the nations of the earth.

"The whole world will be thrown into tumult over disputed political questions relating to the Near East," declares Pastor Daniels. "Turkey is to come to her end. First she is to be driven from Constantinople, her present capital. The war now raging in Europe is designed to accomplish this.

JERUSALEM AS CAPITAL

"Students of world affairs believe that Turkey will then establish her capital at ancient Jerusalem, in the heart of her Asiatic possessions. Twenty-four hundred years ago the prophecy of Daniel, xi, 45 and xii, 2, predicted this by saying:

"'He (Turkey) shall plant the tabernacles of his palace (his capital) between the seas in the glorious holy mountain (Jerusalem), yet he shall come to his end, and none shall help him. And at that time shall Michael (Christ) stand up, the great Prince * * * and there shall be a time of trouble such as never was since there was a nation * * * and at that time thy people shall be delivered, every one that shall be found written in the book.'

"When Turkey is finally overthrown, Christ, the Prince of Peace, is to establish his everlasting kingdom. Armageddon is the last act in the drama of human history. It ends with the extermination of the human race, except those who have before found refuge in God, and it leaves the world in utter ruin.

"But that will not be the end of the human race. The reign of sin will be broken and its very existence ended. Then the kingdom of God will be established amongst men."

Bale Ties at the right price.
HOWARD HARDWARE CO.

The Mercury Tobacco Fund For Our Soldiers In France

The good women of the country are knitting sweaters, socks, wrist bands and all sorts of comfortable things to send to the soldiers at the front. What about tobacco? There is nothing you can think of that will give more comfort and solace to those men than tobacco.

This paper has made all arrangements to send tobacco, and not only that, but is going to send the most popular brands in this country—the kinds that many of the men have used at home and that they all know are good.

Tobacco can be sent to Europe without tax, import, duty or freight. Through the generosity of leading tobacco manufacturers we are enabled to send 50c worth of smoking tobacco, chewing tobacco or cigarettes for 25c.

It will be worth many quarters to receive grateful acknowledgment of your donation from some soldier at the front. A return post card stamped and addressed to you will be placed in each package you donate.

Send us a quarter if that is all you can spare, or more if you can spare it. This is a time to make sacrifices for the comfort of those who are risking their lives. Send all that you feel you can spare. There won't be any too much tobacco to go around. The names of all those who make donations and the amounts donated will be published in THE MERCURY from time to time.

Cut out the form below, fill it out for as liberal amount as you can afford and send to us with your remittance without delay as it is important to get tobacco to the other side as quickly as possible.

THE CARLSLE MERCURY:—

In accordance with your offer to send popular brands of tobaccos and cigarettes to our soldiers in Europe in units of 50 cent packages, each for 25 cents, I enclose herewith $ and will thank you to send the kinds I have marked below and enclose in each package a stamped return postal card addressed to me.

____25c pkg. No. 1. Popular cigarettes, retail value 50c.
____25c pkg. No. 2. Popular pipe tobacco, retail value 50c.
____25c pkg. No. 3. Popular cigarette tobacco, retail value 50c.
____25c pkg. No. 4. Popular plug chewing tobacco, value 50c.

(Your Name) ____________
(Street Address) ____________
(City and State) ____________