Important News Events of the World Summarized

U.S.—Teutonic War News

The American steamer Rockingham has been sunk by a German submarine. Thirteen men are missing. The vessel was constructed of 31 men were picked up, one by a patrol vessel. One boat containing 13 men was not found. The American steamship Rockingham, formerly the steamship Nebraskan, was of 4,408 tons gross.

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The French commissioners were told at Washington that the American people are ready and willing to send troops to France—as of course the report recommendations they brought to this country—when the allies believe they can afford to spare the necessary ships for transporting an army and its supplies across the Atlantic. Marshal Joffre held a long conference with President Wilson on the question of sending American troops to France.

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"We might as well wake up to the fact that the situation is serious." Thus spoke Secretary of State Lansing at Washington in the course of a discussion of the plight of the allies, whose security is menaced at sea by German submarines and on land by shortage of fighting men. Lansing said that the United States is "facing one of the gravest crises in its history."

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"If we don't fight the war on the other side," Secretary Lane said, "we shall have to fight it on this side of the Atlantic." Lane, speaking before the defense council of governors and state representatives at Washington, said that the great distraction of allege was threatening the existence of Great Britain and France and menacing the United States.

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The movement to have an American step toward peace in Europe at the earliest possible moment took one more step toward accomplishment when it developed that the civilian officials of the government at Washington are in agreement in a body in favor of the plan, while military advisers of the war department stand solidly against sending any soldiers to France until they have been thoroughly trained here.

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It was announced at Washington that the Hamburg-American liner Amerika, Tentonia and Clara Mennig at New York had been turned over by the American government for use of the entente allies. One ship will go to France and the other to Italy.

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That at least a brigade of American troops will be in the fighting line in France by mid-June is the confident prediction being made at Washington.

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The American oil tank steamer Varnes has been sunk. The captain and part of the crew and the naval force on board and nine American gunners are missing. The Varnes was sunk by a German submarine while it was on the way to the United States, says a statement issued at London.

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The first American contingent to carry the flag overseas will be a mission of mercy. This was officially announced at the war department at Washington in the statement that a large group of Red Cross doctors and nurses would be sent immediately to Europe.

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Henry Pabst, nephew of the Milwaukee brewer, was accepted by the recruiting office as the marine corps at Salt Lake City.

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A two-pound bomb was hidden under the floor of the east wing of the capitol at Washington, where the senate and house of representatives meet, but was discovered in time to prevent explosion.

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It was announced at Washington that Berne, Switzerland, published a note before stating that official reports from the German government to the German legation there showed that 1,000 persons had been killed and 2,000 injured in the week ending on Sunday last by the German submarine campaign against neutral ships.

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The British official announcement at London of the number of vessels sunk in the week ending on Sunday last by the German submarine campaign against neutral ships, but the total was more than 1,000 tons each were sunk. Three vessels of less than 1,600 tons unidentified and 8 fishing vessels were sent to the bottom by submarine attacks.

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Secretary Houston and high naval officers at Washington made their annual visit to the tomb of John Paul Jones on the anniversary of the battle of Manila bay. Secretary of State Lansing and Secretary Daniels also were present. Wreaths were placed on the tomb of the famous fighter by the Navy League and the Daughters of the American Revolution.

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The Peninsular and Oriental steamship Ballarat (11,120 tons), carrying troops; the American schooner Wanderer (744 tons) and the Uruguayan steamer Gottria (1,246 tons), are reported by Lloyd's shipping agent to London in 24 hours. All were sunk without warning. There was no loss of life.

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The evacuation by the Russians of Erzerum, Turkish Armenia, has been announced by the Constantinople war office. The town has been occupied by the Turks.

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In a powerful attack in the Champagne district the French troops captured several fortified line trenches on a front extending for a distance of 1,500 yards to the depth of a mile, according to the war office report issued at Paris.

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Twenty-one members of the crews of two French fishing boats, who took to the water in dories when their craft were sunk by shells fired by a submarine off the Spanish coast, were cast to the land too, according to a Nantes dispatch to Paris.

SEASONABLE WORK

Plant your trees and shrubs and hardy flowers as early as possible while vegetation is inactive. Evergreen trees can be planted later than deciduous ones, but the earlier all the work is done the better.

Do not expose the roots of the trees or shrubs to be planted. Keep them covered with cool, damp earth until ready to plant.

Incomerable trees die every year for lack of care when they are received. Continued reports of marked by decrease in the acreage devoted to food crops and scarcity of farm help, as well as seed, came from all parts of the country to the department of agriculture at Washington in the weekly digest of weather and crop conditions.

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Nearly 8000 is already engaged to start a fund to buy Marshal Joffre a small golden miniature of the Statue of Liberty when he comes to New York with the French commission.

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A tornado swept through western Kentucky, damaging residences and small buildings in several towns and injuring crops.

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Gen. J. Franklin Bell, successor to Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, takes up his duties as commander of the department of the East, with headquarters at Governor's Island, N. Y.

Foreign

It was announced at Rome that the special mission to America will be composed of Prince Udine, Senator Mercosi, Mercosi Borsarelli, undersecretary for foreign affairs, and Deputies Carbelli and Nini, both foreign militia men.

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The speech which was to have been delivered in Berlin on Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor, on peace and international relations, has been postponed to a more favorable time, according to word received at Copenhagen.

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A brief Berlin dispatch to Amsterdam believed in Berlin officially inspired stated the general strike failed to materialize, no crowds were seen and reported, no parades were held and no disturbances occurred. From neutral frontier sources in Holland, Switzerland and Scandinavia came practically reports of a different story. One million men workers are reported to be on strike.

Washington

The food situation precipitated another crisis discussion in the senate at Washington, during which Senator Lodge announced that he believes that high food prices could be cured by a "conservation" of food speculators and hardy lump posts, and Senator Wadsworth declared that the "German occupation food" might have figured in the calculations and scare that controlled the soaring prices.

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General Joffre, the grizzled marshal of France, who is the guest of honor at Washington, was spoken in a soft voice literally took the United States senate and house by storm. These were the words of the aged soldier: "I'm French, I'm American." Chest after chest greeted him and cheered over when the hero of the Marne had left the senate chamber.

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State aid in the federal trade commission's investigation of high food prices was sought at Washington at a conference of representatives of organizations with the commission at Washington in the statement that a large group of Red Cross doctors and nurses would be sent immediately to Europe.

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By unanimous vote, the senate at Washington passed a resolution providing for the transfer by the federal government of title and possession of the Alaska railroad to private interests, after their use in commerce under direction of the shipping board.

European War News

Tuberculosis Commission Acts.

The State Tuberculosis Commission has been called upon by the Pennsylvania Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis to suggest practical solutions to examine Kentuckians called for military service, and the commission at a meeting here undertook the task. Dr. W. D. Hopkins, for many years of the national association, explained the purpose of the commission. Pennsylvania did not have time to weed out the tuberculosis and, as a result, more than 300 infected with the disease have been taken out of the trenches. The plan will be avoided in this country. Dr. W. D. Hopkins, secretary of the commission, said that the list will be made up of physicians in all sections. The list will be transmitted to the Council of National Defense through the National association. Their particular work will be to discover men afflicted with the colors who are infected with tuberculosis.

Bankers To Aid Farmers.

The bankers of Kentucky have agreed to finance the farmers of the state to increase the food crop this year. They will organize county associations and get to their customers notifying them that they stand ready to finance the food crop. The letters are being prepared by Mat S. Cohen, Commissioner of Agriculture, and George G. Speer, secretary of the bankers association, a copy of the bankers. Bankers from all parts of the state were here at a meeting.

Racetrack Tax Effective.

The Schneider bill, taxing racetracks, has been signed by Gov. Stanley. It has an emergency clause and is now operative. It taxes the Latonia, Churchill Downs and Douglas Park tracks $500 and the Lexington track $250 daily during racing seasons. This bill was introduced by Dr. Cox in the senate. He approved the Tax Commission bill and the Radcliffe bill, permitting counties to vote on extra road tax levies for each $100 valuation for ten years.

First Aid.

If an artery is cut, the blood is a bright red color and comes in spurts; if a vein is severed, the blood is dark red and flows in a steady stream. Send for a doctor at once, treat as for cuts out, exercising great care wound and hold tight with bandages. Compress artery by tight bandages over wound, but between heart and wound.

Warned Against Over-Restraint.

Boy—"It's hard to keep from kissing you." She—"You must be careful not to overtaxt yourself."

Benefits Miners and Operators.

Not only has the average cost of living increased, but the wage scale has been reduced under the workmen's compensation law in Kentucky, according to the report of the reinspection of risks by the association of casualty and surety companies, which has been filed with the state insurance department. Frankfort, by W. H. Cunningham, secretary of the Kentucky casualty and surety association.

The cause is the act the rate for nonmilitual insurance was $1.50, limited to $5,000 damages for injuries sustained to any one individual, and $10,000 for any accident. The present rate covers all cases. The basic rate for mines, including medical aid, is $4.24, and for clusive of medical aid, where the occupation employs their own physicians, $1.57, both subject to reductions for the adoption of safeguards and other standards. At the extent the basic rate, including medical aid, actually averaged $1.94, and excluding it, $1.65. Chairman Cunningham and Secretary Swaney of the insurance association.

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PROSPERITY SEEN OVER KENTUCKY

AS RESULT OF REFORMATION OF TAXATION SYSTEM BY EXTRA-ORDINARY LEGISLATURE.

SREENE AND SCOTT CHOSEN

To Supervise Assessors Under New Statute—Kentucky's Debt Soon To Be Extinguished, The Salaried—States Become Effective September 1.

(Special.)—Frankfort.

However much they may be of the opinion that the work could have been accomplished in fewer than 60 legislative days, and at less cost, the people feel that the General Assembly's reformation of the tax laws at the extraordinary session, which recently adjourned, marks the beginning of an era of great industrial, educational and commercial progress, prosperity and contentment in Kentucky.

To put it briefly, Kentucky has started an honest and intelligible system of taxation, assessment and taxation of all classes of property with which she was shackled by the constitution of 1891, and has, under a new slate of the people in the form of a constitutional amendment, at the call of Governor A. O. Stanley for an extraordinary session of the General Assembly and the enactments of that body, adopted the more modern methods of a wide classific—in tax.

The work of the assessors and tax collectors is to be under the direct supervision of a State Tax Commission, to be first composed of Auditor Robert L. Greene, Democrat, who did not no doubt as to his sincerity of purpose in behalf of the people; Charles P. Scott, Republican, who has made a splendid impression at Frankfort as Assistant Secretary of State, and who will be possess strong qualifications in the line requirements of the office, and Ben Ethe, a Democrat, yet to be appointed by Governor Stanley.

This commission is to have a secretary and a number of clerks, all of whom are yet to be selected. Much of the success or failure of the new laws will rest to a large degree with the efficiency of the Tax Commission and the employees there in the opinion of many, they will make good, and that the state will be the gainer to the extent of $2 or $3 on the $100 and likewise for a local purposes at the local rate. The rate on all other property is 40 cents on the $100. The property exempt from local taxation, that is for state and county purposes, either or both, and taxable only for the state purposes, are bonds (except United States, state, county, district, city and town, which are exempt from all taxation), stocks of corporations having less than 25 per cent of their taxable property in this state, mortgages held and notes in cases running over five years (registration tax of 30 cents additional on each $100), accounts, cash on hand, agricultural implements owned and used by the farmers and in actual use on the farms, machinery in use in the factories, raw material on hand for purposes of manufacture and goods in the course of manufacture. All property, except including franchises of public service corporations, is taxable for local purposes. Franchises of public service corporations is taxable for state purposes. Household goods and furniture is subject to exemption on $250 worth of property.

500 Bankers Confer.

More than 500 bankers responded to the call of State Banking Commissioner Stanley and attended the meeting of the executive committee of the Council of National Defense of Kentucky, and attended the meeting in the senate chamber. The committee approves that the banks are ready to do their part in financing the food crop and live stock enterprises of the farmers and will co-operate with them and they will have already notified the farmers of their action.

Scott Resigns From Office.

James A. Scott, of Pikeville, regarded as the most influential Republican leader by Gov. Stanley as Republican member of the State Tax Commission, has resigned as Assistant Secretary of State to accept the position. Scott lives at Lexington, who has been a clerk in the office of Secretary of State Thomas B. Lewis. Mr. Kerr's appointment is expected to be announced by Gov. Stanley said he is not ready to announce Mr. Kerr's appointment.

Decision Reserved.

The Jefferson circuit court was reserved decision in the case from the court of appeals. In the case of the Louisville & Nashville Railway Co. vs. Foster, the latter was awarded $1251.16 damages for injuries sustained when she fell from a car, but the court of appeals, in an opinion by Judge Settle, said no negligence on the part of the railroad company was shown and reversed the judgment. Foster was a passenger, passenger instructions alone should be given for the defendant.

Will Hereford Farms.

About seventy-five registrars of automobiles will be here in session at Lexington, were guests of Col. H. H. Polk at his Walnut Hall farm in Woodford county. They were accompanied there by Secretary Duckett.

Two Doctors Commissioned.

Drs. Charles B. Lanahan and Ibelia H. Lanahan, of Louisville, have been commissioned First Lieutenants in the Medical Reserve Corps, to be known as First Ambulance Company.

Temper Not In Sure.

To imagine that you were born with a hasty temper is a mistake. The spirit was fostered in you from infancy. Parents often think a display of "peppery spirit" in their offspring is "cute," and the thought of curbing such tendencies seldom enters their minds. Parents would only realize that they are storing up trouble and sorrow for themselves when they allow their children to indulge in these evil tempers. They would undoubtedly prevent, peremptory instruction alone should be given for the defendant.

PRESIDENT TO FIX THE FOOD PRICES

DRASTIC AUTHORITY TO BE VESTED IN WILSON DURING WAR REGULATING SITUATION.

SWEEPING FOOD LEGISLATION

President To Show Hand Only When Demands It—Legislation Seen To Embrace Business Not To Be Interfered With Unless Necessary To Relieve Prices.

(Special.)—Washington.

Nearon Newspaper Union News Service.

Ottawa—Announcement was made in Parliament by Sir Thomas White, minister of finance, that a special loan for war purposes to the extent of $100,000,000 will be floated.

Washington—Absolute authority to regulate the entire business of production, distribution and prices of food products and fuel is sought by President Wilson in legislation which he will submit to congress at the special session called for April 16.

To prevent profiteering in every branch of the production of these commodities, and to remove all difficulty in manufacturing factories, mines or other establishments.

To compel holders of necessities to sell their products at reasonable, fair and equitable distribution.

To regulate exchanges in such a way as to eliminate market manipulation.

To compel railroads to give preference to carriage of necessities.

To levy such importation duties as may be necessary to prevent unfair trade "dumping" of foreign products.

To impose limitations and restrictions upon the use of gain in the manufacture of liquors.

In addition the secretary of Agriculture would be given authority to establish standard food grades to facilitate and control the purchase, sale, transportation and distribution of foodstuffs, and the secretary of the interior would be given power, also, to regulate the leasing of wheat flour with other flour in the grades of flour little children.

In a statement Mr Lever declared that the country is facing the greatest and gravest legitimate business, because it is confronted by the more lamentable of the more extreme new powers will be necessary to enable the government effectively to exercise them."

"It is a time for the calm of the executive branches of the government hold the reins of war," he said. "It is a time for the people to rally to such effective weapons in their possession as will overcome difficulty in lining up on the side of the public interest every human activity all rivalry and trivial private agencies.

British Transport Arcadian Sunk.

London.—The British transport Arcadian, was sunk by a submarine April 9, with the loss of 15 lives, according to a statement issued by the admiralty. The vessel was torpedoed. The text of the official statement follows: "The British transport Arcadian, with the British transport Arcadian, was sunk by a submarine April 9. Fifteen lives were lost. The vessel was torpedoed. The text of the official statement follows: "The British transport Arcadian, with the British transport Arcadian, was sunk by a submarine April 9. Fifteen lives were lost. The vessel was torpedoed.

Lace Crochet in Night Gowns

However much he admire and wear the lace of the present day, he cannot adapte mentioner to lace making, and however pretty machine-made lace may be, they can never hold the same charm for us as the hand-made, that hand-made laces hold. This is the reason that everyone is so industriously crocheting and knitting and making netting in their spare days. Even business women, on elevated trains or cars, are to be seen busily engaged at their lace-making to reading, and probably have about as much definite knowledge of current events as those who devote themselves entirely to the consideration of all events they have something to show for their time.

Hand-made laces are more durable than those made by machinery, and also—and they make the most acceptable gifts. For instance, a dear friend now pukes for gowns, or corset covers, or combinations, or those who do not call the attention of those who know how to the fact that a little lace or embroidery would be well invested for they will wear it and be a lifetime at least and strong mercerized cotton thread. Even those who do not crochet can knit lace.

The photograph shown here is for a knitted lace for combinations, nightdress made of white Japonica silk. Needles 4 poke and sleeves open. The lace is knitted in one piece, the yoke and sleeves. Narrow, light blue satin ribbon is run through the beading and knotted loops of the ribbon form the pretty rosettes that set off the sleeves and yoke. A little edge, in the same shade of blue as the ribbon is crocheted to the scallops.

A yoke of this kind is likely to outwear the rest of the garment, and if it is to wear at the final party of her acquaintance she will be considerate enough to make a gauze-winged butterfly to perch upon her shoulder or her cosy—and it is exactly suited to the gauzy fabrics and crepe de chines and her pretty frothwear dancing frocks. Many remember the glory of this frock and the painstaking work that accomplished it, and make it such a one for themselves.

The frock is made of swiss organdie in the form of a coat, very white and very wide. The edge of the flounding is scalloped, and each scallop framed in a wreath of dainty embroidery, made of small leaves and a single blossom. Above this edge there are small, widely scattered dots and above them a narrow border of little embroidered blossoms and leaves. The scalloped edge appears only on the skirt, for the distinguishing touch of Nancy's modiste teaches her that much decoration is out of place in the dress of little children.

The skirt is laid in shallow, even plaits at the top and the band is a plain "baby" waist in which the embroidered border appears just above the waistline. The sleeves are merely short, pointed flounces, edged with fine lace, and the collar is a deep, square one, but edged with lace and finished with a little frill of the lace. A little cape hanging in points from the shoulders, and edged with lace and back, veils the embroidery in the back of the waist. A wide sash of white Dutch neck is cut square and finished with a hem and edged with lace.

The model, which edits so well the daintiness of the little frock, is made of fine nainsook, the bodice Nancy's baby wears is of white, and with insertion and lace, gown. Just why this particular frock is the favorite of Nancy's mother is the best possible choice for a gown, for dress, is not to be fashionable, she says.

The yoke, petticoats, joined to a single body to make them hang even, are worn under the frock and they are made of organdie edged with val lace. The ruffles on the petticoats are like little hearts sing at the party, nothing can shine down the beauty of Nancy's dress.

Vogue for Beads.

The vogue for beads has invaded the sweater world. Belts and sashes of beads are also fashionable for the waists of the comfortable sports coat.

NOTICE TO SICK WOMEN

Positive Proof That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves

Bridgeton, N.J.—"I cannot speak too highly of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for inflammation and female weakness. I was very irregular and would have terrible pains but I would only get relief by using a hot bag. Sometimes I would faint away. I was so nervous I could not sleep. I was all run down and had no strength to do my housework. I was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash and I took it until I was in good healthy condition. I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women as I am sure it will help them." —Mrs. Joseph T. Cone, 222 Harmony St., Penn's Grove, N. J.

Such testimony should be accepted by women as convincing evidence of the merits of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy for all forms of female ills, such as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, backache, painful periods, nervousness and kindred ailments.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY

for the prompt relief of Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis and Kindred Diseases. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Dr. J. D. Kellogg Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S REMEDY

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D. C. Books free. Highest references. Best results. Promptness Assured.

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When Nancy Dances

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Fads And Fancies Of Fashion

A Twilight Proposal

By Virginia Lee

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Was ever a fair young girl in the radiant bloom of her innocent, trustful, with a cherished glowing ideal as she was when we Madge Willat! And until it all she was waiting for a proposal—a proposal of the sweet or passing token of remembrance, but a regular, full-fledged offer—a husband!

She stood in the doorway of the cabin set just back from the river on the Texas border. Her father, gruff and Reuben Willis, had been a land speculator in the days earlier for seventy years. As the saying went, he had made his pile and was about to retire to his former home in the North. Madge expected his return from Fort Worth, where he had gone to close up his business affairs. She was to go with him.

Robert T., was hired by Robert Hamilton, who had been a cowboy on the Willis ranch, and also helped in the house. Robert was a handsome young fellow, with a good figure, curly hair and eyes, and a fine, manly face. He was a favorite with Madge, and she had always been kind to him.

Robert T. was seated by the kitchen door, with a checkered glowing sheet of paper on his knee. He looked up as Madge appeared, and his face flushed.

"I'm writing a letter to my mother," he explained, "and I'm not much used to it. I'm afraid I'm making a mess of it."

"Let me see it," said Madge. "I'm a good hand at writing letters."

"I'll bet you are," said Robert T. "You're a regular lady, and I'm only a—"

"Don't say that," said Madge, with a little frown. "I'm not a lady, and I don't like to hear you say it. Let me see your letter."