MOST IMPORTANT NEWS OF WORLD

BIG HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK CUT TO LAST ANALYSIS.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN ITEMS

Kernels Culled From Events of Moment in All Parts of the World—Of Interest to All the People Everywhere.

U. S.—Teutonic War News

Students of Hamilton college at Clinton, N. Y., of their own volition, decided by a vote to give up athletic sports for military training.

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Twenty-five hundred applications were tentatively accepted by the central army department at Chicago for training in the six camps now being established to supply 10,000 officers for the new army.

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Illinois is leading the country in recruiting for the army. Figures issued at Washington show 2,240 men enlisted for the period of the war on April 18. The navy reported 909 net gain for the previous 24 hours.

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It was officially announced at the Boston navy yard that no credence was placed in reports from three coast guard stations on Cape Cod that heavy gunfire had been heard off the coast. The positive statement was made that there had been no naval engagement.

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Assurances reached Washington that under no conditions now conceivable will the provisional government of Russia yield to the overtures from German and Austrian Socialistic representatives to negotiate a separate peace.

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The American Bankers' association asked congress at Washington to amend the federal reserve act, so as to make friends with the country banks of the nation in an effort to make it easier for the government to float the forthcoming $7,000,000,000 worth of war securities.

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Major General Wood, speaking at a meeting of the American Cotton Waste exchange at Boston, said that the United States would not fulfill its duty in this war until it had sent men to the front.

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It was announced officially at Washington that a German submarine fired on the destroyer Smith about 100 miles south of New York. The torpedo missed the destroyer by 30 yards.

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European War News

A dispatch from Madrid says that the Spanish steamship Tom, 2,413 tons, has been sunk by a German submarine with the loss of 18 lives.

Count von Raventlow, writing in the Berlin Tages Zeitung, asserts that victory is necessary if the German monarchy is to endure.

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Since the beginning of the great French drive on the southern end of the battle line the French have captured 17,000 unwounded prisoners, together with 75 cannon, according to the official statement issued by the Paris war office.

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Italy may be starting an offensive to co-ordinate with the great Franco-British push. Advices to Rome from Switzerland reported a large number of Austrians taken prisoners and heavy enemy losses were said to have been sustained by concentrated Italian gunfire.

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It was announced at Paris that in Monday's battle Germany suffered a crushing blow when 40 miles of the strongest part of her line were wrested from her by the French, with an estimated loss of nearly 100,000 killed, wounded and prisoners. All France hails the victory as a brilliant demonstration of the skill of her generals and the courage of her troops.

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The British tank steamship Narragansett, 9,196 tons, one of the largest carriers of bulk oil in the world, has been torpedoed and sunk off the Irish coast, according to word brought to the United States by officers of a British ship.

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Domestic

Chicago retail grocers voluntarily established limitations on certain foodstuffs beyond which individual purchasers will not be permitted to buy. The purpose of the order is to foil hoarding of foodstuffs.

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Canada's order putting wheat and wheat products on the free list will be decidedly to the advantage of Dominion producers, officials at Washington said. The American duty on imports of Canadian wheat will disappear automatically.

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James D. Craighead, millionaire stock broker of New York city, was stricken with a slight fever at a San Francisco hotel. Miss Vivian J. Hoflliger, a trained nurse, was called in attendance. On Monday Craighead married Miss Hoflinger.

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It became known at New York that Marshall Field III of Chicago, grandson of the founder of Marshall Field & Co., and himself the possessor of one of the greatest fortunes in America, is going to enlist as a private in the First Illinois cavalry.

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One of two men detected by militiamen in the act of placing a bomb on an Oregon Short Line bridge near Portland, Ore., was seen to plunge off into the water when the guards opened fire. The guards threw the bomb into the river.

American farmers are starting under a handicap in their efforts to carry out President Wilson's appeal for increased production of foodstuffs. Almost everywhere throughout the country during the last week temperatures were unfavorable and the season is generally backward, according to the weekly review of the national weather and crop bulletin of the weather bureau at Washington.

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Forty persons were hurt when the left-field bleachers' rail gave way shortly before the Louisville-Columbus game at Columbus, O.

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The heads of the Chicago meat packing establishments promised the president at Washington their co-operation in increasing and conserving the meat supply and in controlling prices.

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Washington

The Webb bill to permit foreign governments at war with Germany to recruit their citizens in this country for their armies passed both houses of congress at Washington without roll call.

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The location of citizens' training camps at which America's new gigantic army will be trained, was announced by the war department at Washington. They embrace every section of the country. On May 1 they will be ready for the reception of reserve officers and candidates for commissions.

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The senate military affairs committee at Washington rejected all amendments to the measure advocated by the president and decided to favorably recommend it for passage. But the house committee, by a vote of 12 to 8, rejected the compulsory plan and decided that it should recommend a bill that will provide for the volunteer system in raising the army. The action of the house committee greatly displeased the president.

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Republican senators wish congress to adjourn the first of June. Senator Gallinger, the Republican senate leader, said after his party's caucus, that the Republicans had agreed that it would be best to pass only war legislation at this session.

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Congress is asked to enact immediately legislation empowering the government to regulate food prices, and exercise such other authority as the president deems necessary to control the production, distribution and marketing of foodstuffs to meet war demands, in a report completed by Secretary of Agriculture Houston of Washington.

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President Wilson used the power of his great office to induce the house of representatives at Washington to pass substantially unamended the administration's military conscription bill.

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All persons in the United States, citizens and aliens, are warned in a proclamation issued at Washington by President Wilson that treasonable acts or attempts to shield those committing such acts will be vigorously prosecuted by the government. In most cases the death penalty will be inflicted.

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Secretary of Agriculture Houston announced at Washington that he would seek legislation empowering the council of national defense to fix maximum and minimum prices for foodstuffs. The secretary proposed that the operations of middlemen be controlled by the licensing of food distributing agencies by the department of agriculture.

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Secretary of the Interior Lane appealed to congress at Washington to force the utilization of more than 700,000 acres of land in reclamation projects and intensive cultivation of private lands throughout the country.

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Personal

Prof. Herbert William Conn, B. A., Ph. B. M. A., one of the foremost bacteriologists in the United States, died suddenly at Middletown, Conn.

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William Cobb Thorne, for years general manager of Montgomery Ward & Co. and until recently its president, died of pneumonia at his residence in Chicago. He was fifty-two years old.

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Frank Rockefeller, brother of John D., died at Cleveland, O. Death followed an operation performed several months ago. Mrs. Rockefeller and daughters were at the bedside. Frank Rockefeller's life was punctuated by an intense hatred for his multimillionaire brother, John D. He was born in Rockford, N. Y., in 1845.

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Foreign

A message to The Hague from Berlin says that 125,000 workers are now on strike in Berlin. The Tageblatt admits that a considerable number of these are munition workers.

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Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says that, according to a Brussels dispatch General von Bissing, German governor general in Belgium, died Wednesday evening. General von Zwehl has been named as his temporary successor.

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The German legation and consulate at Buenos Aires, Argentina, have been attacked by a mob, as have the newspapers Deutsche La Plata Zeitung and La Union. The windows of the buildings were broken.

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The reduced bread ration in Germany has now gone into effect. Judging from the tone of the press and the news items in German newspapers it appears that the reduction caused great discontent among workmen and even threats to retaliate by strikes.

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The note of the Bolivia government to the German minister announcing the severance of diplomatic relations with Germany denounces the attacks of German submarines on neutral vessels as violations of international law.

PRESIDENT URGES UNITED ACTION IN WAR FOR LIBERTY

Wilson Issues Personal Appeal to the Nation.

ASKS THE FARMERS TO AID

Chief Executive Tells Them That They Hold the Fate of Nations and Asks Every Effort to Supply Food—Says the Supreme Test Has Arrived.

Washington, April 17.—In a personal appeal addressed on Sunday night to his fellow countrymen President Wilson calls upon every American citizen—man, woman and child—to join together to make the nation a unit for the preservation of its ideals and for triumph of democracy in the world war.

"The supreme test of the nation has come," says the address. "We must all speak, act and serve together."

Putting the navy on a war footing and raising a great army are the simplest parts of the great task ahead, the president declares, and he urges all the people, with particular emphasis on his words to the farmers, to concentrate their energies, practice economy, prove unselfishness and demonstrate efficiency.

Text of Address.

The address follows:

"My fellow countrymen:

"The entrance of our own beloved country into the grim and terrible war for democracy and human rights which has shaken the world creates so many problems of national life and action which call for immediate consideration and settlement that I hope you will permit me to address to you a few words of earnest counsel and appeal with regard to them.

"We are rapidly putting our navy upon an effective war footing and are about to create and equip a great army, but these are the simplest parts of the great task to which we have addressed ourselves.

"There is not a single selfish element, so far as I can see, in the cause we are fighting for. We are fighting for what we believe and wish to be the rights of mankind and for the future peace and security of the world.

Devote Selves to Service.

"To do this great thing worthily and successfully we must devote ourselves to the service without regard to profit or material advantage and with an energy and intelligence that will rise to the level of the enterprise itself.

"These, then, are the things we must do and do well, besides fighting—the things without which mere fighting would be fruitless:

"We must supply abundant food for ourselves and for our armies and our seamen not only, but also for a large part of the nations with whom we have now made common cause, in whose support and by whose sides we shall be fighting.

Must Supply Ships.

"We must supply ships by the hundreds out of our shipyards to carry to the other side of the sea, submarines or no submarines, what will every day be needed there, and abundant materials out of our fields and our mines and our factories with which not only to clothe and equip our own forces on land and sea but also to clothe and support our people for whom the gallant fellows under arms can no longer work, to help clothe and equip the armies with which we are co-operating in Europe, and to keep the looms and manufactories there in raw materials; coal to keep the fires going in ships at sea and in the furnaces across the sea; steel out of which to make arms and ammunition both here and there; rails for worn-out railroads back of the fighting fronts; locomotives and rolling stock to take the place of those every day going to pieces; mules, horses, cattle for labor and for military service; everything with which the people of England and France and Italy and Russia have usually supplied themselves, but cannot now afford the men, the materials or the machinery to make.

Need Greater Efficiency.

"It is evident to every thinking man that our industries, in farms, in shipyards, in the mines, in the factories, must be made more prolific and more efficient than ever, and that they must be more economically managed and better adapted to the particular requirements of our task than they have been; and what I want to say is that the men and the women who devote their thought and their energy to these things will be serving the country and conducting the fight for peace and freedom just as truly and just as effectively as the men on the battlefield or in the trenches.

Appeal to Farmers.

"Thousands, nay, hundreds of thousands of men otherwise liable to military service, will of right and of necessity be excused from that service and assigned to the fundamental, sustaining work of the fields and factories, and mines, and they will be as much part of the great patriotic forces of the nation as the men under fire.

"I take the liberty, therefore, of addressing this word to the farmers of the country and to all who work on the farms: The supreme need of our own nation and of the nations with which we are co-operating is an abundance of supplies, and especially of foodstuffs. The importance of an adequate food supply, especially for the present year, is superlative.

"Without abundant food, alike for the armies and the peoples now at war, the whole great enterprise upon which we have embarked will break down and fail.

Hold Fate of Nations.

"The world's food reserves are low. Not only during the present emergency but for some time after peace shall have come both our own people and a large proportion of the people of Europe must rely on the harvests in America.

"Upon the farmers of this country, therefore, in large measure, rests the fate of the war and the fate of the nations. May the nation not count upon them to omit no step that will increase the production of their land or that will bring about the most effectual co-operation in the sale and distribution of their products?

"The time is short. It is of the most imperative importance that everything possible be done and done immediately to make sure of large harvests. I call upon young men and old alike and upon the able-bodied boys of the land to accept and act upon this duty—to turn in hosts to the farms and make certain that no pains and no labor is lacking in this great matter.

Special Appeal to South.

"I particularly appeal to the farmers of the South to plant abundant foodstuffs as well as cotton.

"The government of the United States and the governments of the several states stand ready to co-operate. They will do everything possible to assist farmers in securing an adequate supply of seed, an adequate force of laborers when they are most needed at harvest time, and the means of expediting shipments of fertilizers and farm machinery as well as of the crops themselves when harvested.

"The course of trade shall be as unhampered as it is possible to make it, and there shall be no unwarranted manipulation of the nation's food supply by those who handle it on its way to the consumer.

"This let me say to the middlemen of every sort, whether they are handling our foodstuffs or our raw materials of manufacture or the products of our mills and factories: The eyes of the country will be especially upon you. This is your opportunity for signal service, efficient and disinterested. The country expects you, as it expects all others, to forego unusual profits, to organize and expedite shipments of supplies of every kind, but especially of food, with an eye to the service you are rendering and in the spirit of those who enlist in the ranks, for their people, not for themselves.

"I shall confidently expect you to deserve and win the confidence of people of every sort and station.

Efficiency on Railroads.

"To the men who run the railways of the country, whether they be managers or operative employees, let me say that the railways are the arteries of the nation's life, and that upon them rests the immense responsibility of seeing to it that those arteries suffer no obstruction of any kind, no inefficiency or slackened power.

"To the merchant let me suggest the motto, 'Small profits and quick service,' and to the shipbuilder the thought that the life of the war depends upon him. The food and the war supplies must be carried across the seas no matter how many ships are sent to the bottom. The places of those that go down must be supplied at once.

"To the miner let me say that he stands where the farmer does: The work of the world waits on him. If he slackens or fails, armies and statesmen are helpless. He also is enlisted in the great Service army.

"The manufacturer does not need to be told, I hope, that the nation looks to him to speed and perfect every process; and I want only to remind his employees that their service is absolutely indispensable and is counted on by every man who loves the country and its liberties.

Every Garden Helps.

"Let me suggest also that every one who creates or cultivates a garden helps, and helps greatly, to solve the problem of the feeding of the nations; and that every housewife who practices strict economy puts herself in the ranks of those who serve the nation.

"This is the time for America to correct her unpardonable fault of wastefulness and extravagance. Let every man and every woman assume the duty of careful, provident use and expenditure as a public duty, as a dictate of patriotism which no one can now expect ever to be excused or forgiven for ignoring.

"In the hope that this statement of the needs of the nation and of the world in this hour of supreme crisis may stimulate those to whom it comes and remind all who need reminder of the solemn duties of a time such as the world has never seen before, I beg that all editors and publishers everywhere will give as prominent publication and as wide circulation as possible to this appeal.

Supreme Test Has Come.

"I venture to suggest also to all advertising agencies that they would perhaps render a very substantial and timely service to the country if they would give it widespread repetition. And I hope that clergymen will not think the theme of it an unworthy or inappropriate subject of comment and homily from their pulpits.

"The supreme test of the nation has come. We must all speak, act and serve together.

"WOODROW WILSON."

WIFE DIVORCES JACK SPRATT

Like Two Famous Characters of Nursery Fame, Husband Was Too Fat and Wife Too Lean.

Chicago.—Like Jack Spratt and Joan Spratt of nursery fame, Charles W. Lasher, Jr., was too fat and Mrs. Lasher too thin. He weighed 226 pounds, she weighed 119. Naturally, Lasher's side of the bed sagged considerably, and Mrs. Lasher's side sloped gently down toward his recumbent figure. Lasher protested strongly when his better half dropped off to sleep and rolled down upon him.

"We will get twin beds and both can sleep in comfort," said the thin Mrs. Lasher.

"We will not," said the portly Mr. Lasher.

And the rolling down hill and the bringing up with a bump against Mr. Lasher continued nightly. Mrs. Lasher said each bump was the signal for a verbal onslaught. The court granted her a decree of divorce.

"MOVIE" CENSORS IN THIS STATE

HOBBS' BILL EMBODYING CENSORSHIP BOARD PROVISION REPORTED FAVORABLY.

THEATRE MEN GET HEARING

House Refuses to Table Measure Which Would Abolish Office of Supervisor of Revenue Agents—First Reading of License-Tax Bills.

—Frankfort.

The house of representatives by a vote of 38 to 26 refused to table the bill of Representative Hobbs to abolish the office of supervisor of revenue agents. The motion to table the bill was made by Representative Meyers, of Covington, the administration floor leader of the house.

The committee on revenue and taxation reported, without an expression of opinion, the bill of Representative Hobbs creating a board of censors for moving pictures. Representative Spahn moved to recommit the bill. He said the picture-show operators were coming to Frankfort for a hearing. The bill, by a vote of 50 to 14, had its first reading, and was placed in the calendar.

Other bills which had first reading follow:

Providing for a license tax of $10 on soda fountains dispensing soft drinks, and $25 for dispensing drinks containing alcohol, caffeine and alkalodial ingredients, and license for soft drink stands not connected with soda fountains, and providing for a license of $20 on pool and billiard tables; $10 for selling petroleum or lublicating oil, exempting grocers and paint and oil stores; $10 on horse-drawn passenger and freight hacks and $25 on auto hacks.

The bill of Senator Huntsman giving sheriffs 6 per cent on the first $10,000 for collecting taxes and 4 per cent on all above that sum was recommended to the revenue and taxation committee, with leave to report at any time.

An official investigation into the high cost of living in Kentucky is provided for in a resolution introduced by Senator Huntsman. The senate will pass the Pickett bill providing for a tax on bank deposits.

An official investigation to determine whether illegal conspiracies are in any way to blame for the high cost of living in Kentucky, is called for in a joint resolution that Senator Bishop Huntsman, of Bowling Green, has introduced in the senate. The resolution asks that the attorney general, commonwealth's attorneys and county attorneys co-operate in conducting the investigation at once. Senator Huntsman believes that natural conditions are not entirely to blame for the high cost of living and that the present state statutes could be used to punish anyone who may have been guilty of illegal manipulation of prices and food supplies. The anti-trust law, passed in 1916, might apply, believes Senator Huntsman.

Promise of Compensation.

A promise or an agreement to pay for services or compensation to a child for taking care of a parent must be stated in the petition in order for the child to recover the amount alleged to be due. If this promise or agreement is not stated then the petition asking for the compensation will be dismissed. The court of appeals so held in reversing the case of E. H. Jeffries, executor, against Addie N. Ferree, appealed from the LaRue circuit court. Mrs. Ferree is a daughter of Jeffries, and claimed he had promised to pay her $500 for services rendered to him during his last illness, but made no such allegations in her petition. The court directed a new trial.

Liquor Men Object.

The liquor men appeared before the committeemen and declared the proposed tax is confiscatory, in so far as 80 per cent of the distilleries in Kentucky are concerned. They declared they were working on an amendment to the whisky bill, providing for a storage tax rather than a flat production tax, and asked that the senate committee give them another hearing before reporting the bill to the senate.

Corporation Tax Opposed.

The senate committee on revenue and taxation decided to report unfavorably the Hutchcraft corporation tax bill imposing a fifty-cent tax on each $1,000 of authorized capital stock of corporations. The liquor men will propose a storage tax instead of a license tax on distilled spirits. The hearing was postponed.

Vocational Training.

Kentucky now is ready to take advantage of the act of congress appropriating funds for co-operative action with the state governments in promoting vocational training. Governor Stanley appointed as a commission to represent the state in the management of the fund State Superintendent V. O. Gilbert, Attorney General M. M. Logan and Secretary of State James P. Lewis, member of the State Board of Education, Superintendent O. L. Reid, of Louisville, and C. H. Ellis, banker and former educator of Sturgis.

Requisition Issued.

A requisition was issued by Governor Stanley on the governor of Tennessee for the extradition of W. H. Hollifield, wanted in Lexington on a charge of passing a fraudulent check on a bank for $15.

Takes Out First Papers.

Henry John Tunstall, 27 years old, an Englishman, attending Transylvania College, Lexington, has taken out his first naturalization papers here. He intends to join the army.

Another Extra Session, Rumor.

Despite assurances from the Governor's office that "there's nothing in it," predictions that the General Assembly will be recalled in extraordinary session, for the purpose of appropriating war funds, refuse to be silenced. "If there is to be an extra session, consideration of two things, other than an appropriation with which to meet the war situation, probably would be included in the call. One is a special appropriation to the Department of Agriculture with which a "more-food" campaign would be waged, and the other an amendment to and re-enactment of state statutes in such a way as to allow Kentucky to take full advantage of Federal aid in the building of good roads.

Kentucky's brigade of National Guardsmen is recruited up to only about one-third of its war strength of approximately 10,000 men. The Government has instructed the various states to bring their guard units up to full strength and Kentucky has no specific appropriation with which to carry on the whirlwind recruiting. The Legislature alone can provide emergency funds and, therefore, unofficial reports of another special session.

In addition to the heavy expense attendant upon increasing the number of Kentucky's guardsmen 200 per cent, the troops already ordered out for guard duty are costing the state several thousand dollars daily. The expense will continue, of course, and grow larger proportionately with increased enlistments. In the face of such an apparent emergency, Gov. Stanley is positive in the statement that he "has no idea" of recalling the General Assembly in extraordinary session. As the Governor is commander-in-chief of the Kentucky troops, however, he may at any time received from the War Department emergency orders that would force him to take action necessary to meet an extraordinary situation.

If all Kentucky troops were ordered from the state, it is believed by many, some steps would have to be taken in order to raise troops for duty within Kentucky's borders.

Speculation regarding the possibilities of another special session is on the lips of hundreds in and about the capital. A rumor that the call for an extra session will be announced at midnight, April 25, the limit of the present session, is heard on all sides. The speculators are predicting that the "war" session will continue ten days.

Kentucky's army of National Guardsmen is "in the field" at the present time, guarding public buildings, bridges, etc. The brigade numbers less than 2,000. Ranking officers say war strength is approximately 10,000. In order to build up to such a figure, the 36 companies of the three regiments of infantry, which now average about 60 men each, would have to be recruited to 150 men each.

In addition, it would be necessary to organize a squadron of cavalry, composed of four troops; three battalions of artillery and a corps of engineers. Allied units, such as the Signal Corps, Field Hospital, Ambulance Company, etc., would have to be recruited up. And it takes money to carry on such work. In addition to talk of an extraordinary session, the capital also has food for speculation in the question, "Who is going to be appointed on the Tax Commission?" And the question is just as unanswerable as it was when Gov. Stanley signed the Oliver bill, creating the commission Thursday.

Defeat Tax on Coal.

A tonnage tax will not be put on coal at this session of the legislature. The house of representatives defeated the bill of Representative Howard, of Woodford county, proposing a tax of two cents on each ton of coal mined in Kentucky. The bill was tabled by a vote of 47 to 42, on the motion of Representative Meyers, of Covington, the administration floor leader in the house.

The first roll call on the bill would have resulted in a failure to table it, but there were changes sufficient to beat the bill.

Senator Brock, of Harlan, representing the great coal district of Eastern Kentucky, addressed the house as a committee of the whole and urged the defeat of the bill. He insisted the passage of the measure would destroy the coal industry in Kentucky.

Patriotism at Capital.

Representatives from all parts of Kentucky met at the capitol and participated in a patriotic demonstration. Between 1,500 and 1,800 persons were packed into the House of Representatives to hear patriotic speeches, songs and music. Representative Greene presided, declaring that there are no dissensions, but "all are loyal to the flag." Gov. Stanley said: "We fight only that we may hasten the dawn of day:

"'When man to man united,
And every wrong thing righted,
The whole world shall be lighted
As Eden was of old.'"

Assembly on Last Lap.

The General Assembly has started on the last lap of its extraordinary session. It is believed no more bills will be introduced as they hardly could be acted upon before adjournment sine die. The house must act at once on all measures it hopes to have passed in the senate, due to the fact that a bill must be in the senate three days before it can be placed upon its passage.

Special license bills will hold sway upon the legislative stage during the remainder of the session.

Assessments Are Raised.

The State Board of Equalization, after hearings held, finally raised the assessments of Scott and Allen counties 5 per cent on farm lands; Adair, 5 per cent on land and lots, and Ballard 20 per cent on land and 10 per cent on lots.

Wants Reports on Banks.

State Bank Commissioner George G. Speer has issued a call for a report on the condition of state banks at the close of business April 10.

PRESENT SYSTEM UNSATISFACTORY

IN AUGMENTING ARMY BY VOLUNTEER RESPONSE—REPORT CALLS PLAN INADEQUATE.

Urges Selective Draft as the Only Solution—Previous Wars Have Proved the Folly of Present Method of Recruiting, 'Tis Said.

Western Newspaper Union News Service

Washington.—The volunteer system was assailed as uncertain and inadequate and the selective draft was declared to be in recognition of just principles in the majority report written by Chairman Chamberlain, of the Military Committee, and submitted to the Senate on the Administration bill. "This is no time to tolerate uncertainty in the raising and the maintenance of the large number of men which the present emergency is likely to require, nor uncertainty in the methods to be adopted for the establishment of an adequate, efficient military service," says the report. "The bill makes certain the raising and maintenance of the required forces with the utmost expedition.

"It establishes the principle that all arms-bearing citizens owe to the nation the duty of defending it. It selects only those who by reason of their age and physical capacity are the best fitted to receive the training and withstand the actual hardship of a campaign, and who happily can be taken with least disturbance of normal economic and industrial conditions."

After calling attention to the fact that the selective draft has been recognized by "a world in arms" as the "only adequate and effectual" method of raising an army, the report says the bill provides thorough means of recruiting the regular army and the national guard for absorbing more than 600,000 volunteers.

Rioting in Porto Alegre.

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—Serious rioting occurred in Porto Alegre, where manifestations against the German colony have been in progress for several days. As a street car, crowded with passengers, passed a German hotel, several shots were fired from the building. Several persons were wounded. This angered the people, and there was a renewed outbreak of violence directed against the Germans. The authorities took measures to restore quiet. Several Germans were arrested.

Increase of Premium Hits Recruiting.

Des Moines, Iowa.—In an effort to stimulate enlistment through the eastern states a committee of the National Association of State Insurance Commissioners started work on plans for a uniform provision to be affixed to all insurance policies issued to persons of military age. It was said the 10 per cent increase of the premium on policies issued on persons enlisted or about to enlist in any military organization was proving a serious handicap to recruiting.

Lifebelts and Strips of Wood Cover Sea

Philadelphia.—A foreign steamer which passed in the Delaware Capes reported that 36 miles east by south, one-half south, from Winter Quarter Lightship, she passed through for a distance of 15 miles a quantity of oranges, grapefruit, bananas, lifebelts and strips of wood. Winter Quarter Lightship is anchored about 40 miles south of the Delaware Capes and about 10 miles off shore, in Latitude 37.55, Longitude 74.56.

Ministers Hand in Resignations.

Madrid.—Marquis Manuel Garcia Prieto, president of the Senate, formed a new cabinet to take the place of Count de Romanones, which had tendered its resignation. Marquis Prieto at various times had the portfolio of minister of foreign affairs, minister of justice and minister of public works.

Struck By Two Tornadoes.

Snyder, Okla.—Two women are reported to have lost their lives, and 45 persons were injured in two tornadoes which swept through Jackson, Tillman and Kiowa counties. Nearly 100 buildings were demolished here. Farm houses and growing crops were damaged over a wide section.

Guardsmen Take Prisoner.

Ronceverte, W. Va.—William L. Ryan, of Connecticut, was held by national guardsmen at White Sulphur tunnel, near this city. When accosted by the guard, Ryan said he desired to get a complete diagram of the tunnel. He is in the county jail awaiting investigation.

Will Not Escape Their Obligation.

Washington.—Men of military age who have married since a state of war against Germany was declared, will not escape their obligation of military service under a War Department policy announced formally.

Return Fire of Mexican Snipers.

El Paso, Texas.—Snipers fired on American border patrols in the western part of El Paso; the fire was returned by a detachment of the Twentieth United States Infantry; one Carranza soldier was killed. Brigadier General George Bell, Jr., in command at El Paso, immediately sent a strong protest to the Mexican military authorities, through Mexican Consul Soriano Bravo; at the same time orders were issued to the American troops to shoot to kill when attacked by Mexican troops.

Naval Collier Beached After Collision.

Washington.—A naval collier, the name of which was not disclosed by the authorities, was beached in Hampton Roads to prevent her from sinking, after being rammed by another vessel. Navy officials say, however, that she can be floated and repaired quickly.

Gun Firing Is Heard Off Coast.

New Bedford, Mass.—Gun firing was heard off the coast by residents of Smith's Neck, South Dartmouth. No explanation of the firing was available here.

Makes Hard Work Harder

A bad back makes a day's work twice as hard. Backache usually comes from weak kidneys, and if headaches, dizziness or urinary disorders are added, don't wait—get help before the kidney disease takes a grip—before dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease sets in. Doan's Kidney Pills have brought new life and new strength to thousands of working men and women. Used and recommended the world over.

An Ohio Case

C. O. Moorhead, 203 S. Washington St., Greenfield, Ohio, says: "I had rheumatic pains and suffered from backache. The kidney secretions were scanty at times. Doan's Kidney Pills made my kidneys act normal and removed the trouble from my back. I gained in weight and felt better in every way. When I catch cold on my kidneys now, Doan's Kidney Pills never fail to give me relief."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Nothing Larger Than a V.

"Since mathematics was invented by the early Phoenicians," began the boarder with the fund of useless information, "X has represented the unknown quantity."

"Well, it is unknown to me, all right," stated the fellow with the sliding scalp, as he tried to catch the eye of the girl across the table. "I haven't had a whole one this winter."

Why buy many bottles of other Vermifuges, when one single bottle of Dr. Peery's Vermifuge "Dead Shot" will act surely and promptly? Adv.

Important Distinction.

"You must understand that the precise use of words is very important," said the patient instructor.

"I surely does," replied Mr. Erastus Pinckley. "I'll never forget de trouble I started when my uncle said he was raisin' chickens an' I went out an' said he was liftin' 'em."

GIRLS! GIRLS! TRY IT, BEAUTIFY YOUR HAIR

Make It Thick, Glossy, Wavy, Luxuriant and Remove Dandruff—Real Surprise for You.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it, surely get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store and just try it. Adv.

Why Danny Didn't Start.

Danny Clements was captain of a schooner that plied between New York and Haverstraw. One day his craft was loaded with brick, ready to start for New York, but Danny gave no sign of any intention to get under way. Instead he sat on deck smoking a pipe.

The owner of a brickyard, also owner of the schooner, who had reasons for wishing the brick in New York at the earliest possible moment, came hurrying on board and demanded to know why Danny didn't sail.

"There's no wind," said Danny.

"No wind! What's the matter with you? There's Morgan's schooner under sail going down the river now."

"Yis, Oi've been watching her, but it's no use my gettin' under way," replied Danny. "She's got the wind now, and, to me mind, there ain't enough of it for two."

Bank of England Cramped.

The work of the Bank of England has increased so enormously since the war that several fresh premises have had to be engaged to carry on the work and house the additional staff, which includes a large proportion of women. The pay office, national debt department, printing department, and loan departments have all had to be separately housed, and in addition a spacious new building will shortly be taken as a restaurant for the many additional workers engaged on governmental and public banking work.

There are 880 varieties of pears grown in America and 100 kinds of grapes.

Ohio reports serious farm labor shortage.

HEALTH POSTUM FIRST

Scientific facts prove the drug, caffeine, in coffee is harmful to many, while the pure food-drink—

POSTUM

is not only free from drugs, but is economical, delicious and nourishing.

Made of wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, Postum is highly recommended by physicians for those with whom coffee disagrees.

Postum is especially suitable for children.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers.

Elements of True Teaching.

First, to teach the people to avoid exaggerated and violent speech, and to cultivate moderate and rational modes of expression.

Second, to resist the tendencies which dementalize democracy, and which substitute the mob mind for the deliberate habit.

Third, to hold the popular judgment firmly to the truth that character and manhood and not money and popularity are the central values of human existence.

Fourth, to turn the thoughts of men more and more from the negative virtue of detecting and exposing the evil to the positive virtue of discerning and praising the good.—Washington Gladden.

Expanding Formalities.

"So, Crimson Gulch has reformed!" "Yep," replied Three Finger Sam; "nobody plays cards or horse races any more. If you want to gamble you put your money in an envelop and send it on to Wall street."

Value of Liquid Voidings.

The liquid voidings of animals contain about 50 per cent of the fertilizing value, having two-thirds of the nitrogen and four-fifths of the potash.

Keep a Few Bees.

Bees will pay for their keep in honey, aside from their services in fruit production.

Test All Seeds.

Test all seeds. It does not pay to plant untested seed.

Milk Is Cheap Food.

As the solids in milk are highly nutritious and easily digested, milk is a cheap food at ordinary retail prices.

Unfitted for Farm.

There is no place on the farm for the hapless man nor the slovenly woman.

Loss to the Farmer.

The seeds of rust and decay bring a harvest of loss to the farmer.

Soils and Crops.

A close study of soils and crops shows that the relation is purely natural, in that crops showing preference for a certain soil is due entirely to the demands of these crops for a definite amount of water and warmth. Plantfood is a secondary consideration, and as this can easily be supplied by man the problem is solved.

Meaning of "How."

Most white people think that the Indian word of greeting, "How," is merely the abbreviation of the question, "How are you?" but that is not so. The word is really "sou," which means "brother" or "friend." So when he comes up and growls out his seemingly inquisitive "How," he is not asking after your health, but telling you that he is a friend.—Youth's Companion.

Sage Advice.

Save the todays and the tomorrows will take care of themselves.—Boston Transcript.

Mixed Fruit Ice Cream.

Take the juice of three oranges, three lemons, three bananas, and a cupful of cooked apricots, three cupfuls of sugar, and three cupfuls of rich milk; put the apricots and bananas through a sieve and mix the other ingredients until the sugar is dissolved. Freeze as usual.

When Whipping Cream.

To keep the cream from spattering out, place a piece of stiff white paper over the top of the bowl with a small slot in the center for the Dover beater.

What Well Dressed Women Will Wear

New Features in Taffeta Frocks.

Just a glance at the chic two-piece frock of taffeta, shown in the picture above, might lead to the conclusion that there is nothing unusual about it. It conforms to the straight silhouette and the vaguely defined waistline that are characteristic of the smartest frocks. But the practiced eyes of the critic of clothes will never dismiss this dress with a glance. It abounds with well-executed new touches that arrest the attention and the design succeeds in placing itself as one of the most unusual and satisfactory of the season's showings.

It is made of chiffon taffeta with sleeves of georgette which is a familiar enough combination, practical and cool. Added to these fabrics, satin furnishes the collar and cuffs and emplacements on the sash ends.

The skirt is plain, with the fullness about the waist gathered in at the sides and the back. It is belted with a broad girdle at the front and two narrow ones across the back. They button at the side. The belt is of the taffeta and the skirt is practical for wear with thin blouses in the warmest weather.

The jacket is designed to have the effect of smart slip-over coats and blouses with a shallow split at the front of the neck. Here it is finished with three pearl buttons at each side and three loops of silk cord simulating a fastening. The real fastening is accomplished by buttons and buttonholes at the left side along the underarm seam. This mode of fastening makes it necessary to set the sleeves in a light underbodice. The sleeves are full and their fullness is gathered into deep, pointed cuffs of taffeta at the wrist. The turn-back cuffs of wash satin are detachable like the collar, and they are trimmed in points to correspond with the cuffs of taffeta. Corresponding points at the front of the collar improve its shape and make an adequate position for the button fastening which is placed there.

The girdle is a doubled strip of silk long enough to loop over and fall in sash ends at the front. The pointed ends of the sash are emphasized and brought into harmony with the jacket by a finish of the wash satin. Almost any of the season's fashionable shades might be chosen for this dress with the wash satin in white, sand or chamois color. As pictured, it is in blue and white.

Collars of Various Sorts.

Our varied collars are of many sorts and inspirations, and we can trace them to widely separated places and times. If one has beauty, or the right style, oddities in collars may be worn, but they are not for everybody. The Chinese collar and the Medici fashion are only for the few who can carry them off. But the cape collar and the sailor collar seem to fit in with every style, and they have been presented in mending variety of designs. Along with round, turnover collars and jabots they keep the makers of neckwear busy.

Collars and collar-and-cuff sets of organdie find themselves important items in the make-up of midsummer frocks and blouses. Whether of silk or cotton, but more especially when made of silk, these dresses are hardly considered complete without the introduction of organdie at throat and waist. Blouses of other cotton fabrics rely upon the crispness of organdie to complete their daintiness and appropriate collars and cuffs of it.

Two of the new collars are shown in the accompanying picture. One of them is trimmed into points at the back and finished at the edge with a very narrow edge of cluny. Tatting or fine crochet edgings make the prettiest sort of trimming for collars of this kind. Each point is weighted with a pair of small prudent balls in crochet and a medallion of lace about the size of a half-dollar is set in the material above each point. Home-made medallions and edgings and handwork in making the collars add much to their elegance.

A very deep cape collar with wide hemstitched hem is shown in the second picture. It is narrow at the front, but falls to the waistline at the back. In each corner, eyelet work is introduced in the three small circles grouped together.

The advantage of organdie in collars is its sheerness and crispness and the success with which it stands up under-ing. It's better for jabots than cheap laces, but perhaps not quite so pretty as fine nets.

Julia Bottomly

Scalp Tonic.

When the scalp is hard and tight and the hair brittle and lusterless, one of the most valuable aids in restoring the healthy tone of the scalp is made by blending carefully beef marrow with a tablespoonful of good olive oil. This tonic will not be found any more greasy or objectionable than any similar preparation containing oils or grease. Small partings of the hair should be made all over the scalp, then anoint the finger tips and apply directly to the scalp, rubbing it in thoroughly.

Brazilian coconut palms are believed to live from 600 to 700 years, and the date from 20 to 300 years.

Many Two-Toned Dresses.

A marked feature of the new collections in Paris is two-toned dresses in exquisite colors, says a fashion correspondent. Yellow and blue, orange and "tete de negre," beige and blue, and, of course, black and white, are the favorite combinations. A model of "tete de negre" charmeuse has a yellow crepe blouse. A broad yellow belt embroidered in "tete de negre" shows a little below the short jacket of charmeuse. These broad belts are another novel feature. They are about six or seven inches wide in front and slope to a narrow width in the back, where they tie in a big bow.

A delightful model in black charmeuse, plaited in fine knife plaits from an ecru Irish lace shoulder yoke, has a long-waisted belt of Irish lace, which ties on the side and is finished by tassels. Big ball tassels are used extensively and are most effective.

Manufacturers of that country are planning to establish the first paper plant in Argentina.

WITH THE LOVED "AUTOCRAT"

Life of Oliver Wendell Holmes an Inspiration to All Who Have Read His Writings.

His readers always talk of their "intimacy" with Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes; they know what kind of person he was as well as what he taught. They know that he loved rowing and horses and great trees; that he was full of sentiment for his childhood; that he liked men to be strong and sanguine, and abhorred the weakness of women; that he loathed all gloom and unhealthiness; that charity and tolerance were the virtues he loved, and if one could combine them with wit it was so much to the good.

Above all, one must enjoy life and live to the utmost of one's powers.

It reads something like a medical prescription, and one does not want health alone. Nevertheless, when the obvious objections are made, we need not doubt that it will benefit thousands in the future, and they will love the man who lived as he wrote.

REAL AMERICANS IN SENATE

Several Members of Upper House of Congress Can Trace Ancestry Back to Red Men.

The original Americans of them all, the only ones whose forefathers never were immigrants, within the modern meaning of the term, the Indians, have their representatives in congress. Not all are full-blooded, perhaps, but a number of congressmen can trace their ancestry back to the red men and all are proud of it.

One such has been Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota, who has just been succeeded by Frank B. Kellogg, who won a reputation as the trust buster of the department of justice. Mr. Clapp was one of the best known senators in congress, having entered that body in 1901. He was one of three senators serving in the upper house of congress who have Indian blood in their veins.

Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas is a Kaw Indian and his descent is readily shown by his coal black hair and swarthy complexion. As a boy Curtis was a jockey and later drove a cab in Topeka. One of his customers was A. H. Case, a prominent lawyer of that city, who noticed the studious habits of young Curtis and frequently saw him reading by his cab lights while waiting for a fare. Case became interested in the young fellow and took him into his office to study law. Curtis accepted the opportunity, qualified for the bar and became a well-known member of the profession. In politics he was very successful and his ability is recognized among his colleagues in the senate.

Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma also is of Indian origin. His mother was a Cherokee and Owen was educated at Washington and Lee university in Virginia. After graduating in law he went to Muskogee to begin practice and there became recognized as a leader of the [illegible]. Owen has represented his tribe [illegible] in litigation and at one time [illegible] made an argument before the United States Supreme court which won for him the praise of the chief justice. Owen concluded his argument with a peroration on the Indian which not only did much to win the case for him, but which the chief justice afterward said was one of the most effective arguments ever made before the court.

Talked Like a Foreigner.

President Wilson has a foreigner in his cabinet.

Or at least some Bostonian thought so when he met Secretary of War Baker in that city of erudition last fall.

"I was in Boston last fall, and had five speeches to make in one day," said Secretary Baker, in telling of his accusation. "I thought that I might get some inspiration from the statues of the old Pilgrim fathers, so I wandered about there gazing at the celebrated pioneers.

"I asked a stranger for a match, and this request seemed to establish friendly relations between us. For soon afterward, he queried: 'Do you think that the Red Sox or Phillies will win?'

"Not being conversant with what he was speaking of, I later learned that the Red Sox were baseball players—I replied that I didn't know anything about it, and, therefore, could not venture a prediction that would be at all trustworthy.

"He eyed me a bit and then remarked: 'Oh, yes, I see you're a foreigner.'"

Military Dentist Is a Necessity.

Until the Canadian troops reached England with their well-equipped base hospitals and dental units, the British looked upon the military dentist as a luxury. Now the military dentist is put on a par with the veterinary surgeon. Even in Australia, where the military authorities were slowest to appreciate the value of dental hygiene, army dentists are now doing a splendid work. According to a Melbourne paper, operations numbering 25,000 have been performed, and more than 10,000 teeth have been saved.

His Mission.

"The convict who was engineering an escape for his companions was really performing a public service."

"How do you make that out?"

"Wasn't he trying to bring about a free delivery of the males?"

Exactly.

Cholly—I am in great demand among the girls at Atlantic City to take them out in the breakers. They say they feel so safe with me.

Polly—Your head floats so nicely, you know.

Circumstances Alter Cases.

Singleton—Looks like a horse on you, old man. You used to say that every man should be boss in his own house—but it strikes me your wife is boss here.

Wedderly—Well, er—that's all right. She owns the house.

New Gas Heater.

A gas heater has been designed which needs no outlet for the unpleasant fumes. It is so arranged that all unburned gases are remixed with air and directed again to the flame.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Flour, Hay and Grain.

Flour—Winter patents $11.50@12, winter fancy $11@11.50, winter family $10.50@11, winter extras $9.50@10, low grade $9@9.50, hard patent $11.50@12.

Corn—No. 3 white $1.62, No. 3 yellow $1.57, No. 3 mixed $1.57, white ear $1.58@1.60.

Hay—No. 1 timothy $20@20.50, No. 2 $19.50@20, No. 3 $18.50@19, No. 1 clover mixed $19.50@20, No. 2 $19@19.50, No. 1 clover $19.50@20.

Oats—No. 2 white 75c, standard white 74½c, No. 3 white 74c, No. 2 mixed 72½@73c, No. 3 mixed 71@72c.

Wheat—No. 2 red $2.83@2.85, No. 3 red $2.78@2.82, No. 4 red $2.60@2.75.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Butter—Whole milk creamery extras 49c, centralized creamery extras 46c, firsts 44c, seconds 42c, dairy fancy 41c.

Eggs—Prime firsts 34c, firsts 33½c, ordinary 33c, seconds 32c.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 1¼ lb and under, 43@45c; fryers, 1½ lb, 30c; 5 lbs and over, 20½c; under 5 lbs, 20½c; roosters, 16c.

Live Stock.

Cattle—Shippers $9@11.50; butcher steers, extra $10.50@11, good to choice $10@10.50, common to fair $7@9.50; heifers, extra $10.25@10.50, good to choice $9.50@10.25, common to fair $7@9.25.

Bulls—Bologna $8@9, fat bulls $9.25@9.75.

Calves—Extra $12.50@12.75, fair to good $11@12.50, common and large $6@10.

Hogs—Good to choice packers and butchers $15.75@15.80, mixed and medium $15.50@15.80, stags $8@12.25, common to choice heavy fat sows $9@15.

Sheep—Extra $11.50@12, good to choice $10.50@11.50, common to fair $5@10, sheared $7@10.

The High-Bred Saddle Stallion

NICHOLAS KING

The great all-purpose sire. Registered as King Scott 3506 will make the season of 1917 at the stable of Joseph Whaley, Moorefield, AT $8 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

NICHOLAS KING 3506 is a beautiful chestnut sorrel, 15¾ hands high, nice head and neck, good bone and tail, and in fact a splendid shaped animal. He is a stallion of splendid disposition and all of his colts are likewise of a good disposition and can be used at two and three years old. He is a great all purpose producer.

He was sired by Wilson's King 2196.

NICHOLAS KING'S dam was Nellie 3644, by Clark Chief 2475.

The Young Draft Stallion

CLINT

three years old, weight 1,650 pounds, a perfect type of the draft stock and eligible to register, will be offered to the stock breeders

At $10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

CLINT is a dark gray, sired by Confarea 18206, better known as the Fuller & Burton horse; he by Confidence 3647; he by Brilliant 1271.

CLINT'S first dam was Maude 17012; she by Radis 15860; he by Jules 37987. Second dam Mabel 9855; she by Cebastan 5401, out of Virginia 6089; she by Dillon 2155.

We consider this to be one of the best draft horses ever offered to the public, and when you see him you will want to breed to him.

At the same time and place

ROBERT T., NO. 1854

a black jack with white points, 15¼ hands high, will serve MARES at $10 and JENNETS at $20 to insure a living colt.

ROBERT T. was sired by Yelberton Jr., he by Yelberton, he by Alvarado. Robert T. was formerly kept by Henry Bros. and is better known as the Throckmorton jack.

First dam by Sanders Brothers' Jennet Jack.

ROBERT T. sired the three-year-old jack that sold in April 1915 for $1250. He is the greatest Jennet jack anywhere in this section.

Yelberton Jr. sired Dr. Hartman that won at St. Louis in yearling ring of twenty, and sold for $1450 at Lexington at 2-year-old, the Berry jack that sold at $1740, and the jack, Bourbon King, that sold at $1450.

Ben Henry says that he considers Robert T. to be one of the best breeding jacks that everleft his farm.

RUBE HENRY

sired by Robert T. No. 1854, and raised by Henry Bros., black jack with white points, 15 hands high. Has biggest foot and biggest bone, more length, and in fact the biggest jack of his inches that we have ever seen. A few colts were dropped last season; some of them sold for $85 and $100. Will make season at

$8 FOR HORSE MULE and $10 FOR MARE MULE.

BIG DAN

Big three-year-old, 15 hands high and will develop into one of the largest jacks in the county. Sired by Black Dan, better known as the Millard Fuller jack. His dam is the biggest jennet in the county. Will make the season at

$8 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Care taken to prevent accidents but not responsible should any occur.

Lien retained on the produce of the above stock until season money is paid, mare parted with or bred to other stock without our consent.

Stone, Whaley & Co.

MOOREFIELD, KY.

WE WILL STAND AT THE HOME OF E. P. WAGONER NEAR

Black Cross Roads,

The Registered Percheron Stallion

PAT CABESTAN

16641

AT $10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

A rich bay, weighing 1,600 pounds; a grand individual, a sire of Show Horses in his class.

2 Jacks 2

Two Extra Good Jacks

WE DON'T BELIEVE THAT THERE ARE TWO AS GOOD IN THE BLUE GRASS BELT, both 16 hands high, weighing 1,100 pounds. Both are extra good big heavy boned Jacks; BOTH SHOW ANIMALS.

Above stock will make season, one at $10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT, other at $12.50 to insure living colt.

Money due when colt comes, mare is sold, bred to another horse or parted with. Lien retained on all colts until season money is paid. Mares kept at 10 cents per day. Will not be responsible for accidents or escapes.

McINTYRE & WAGONER,

E. T. 38—Bourbon Home 18. Millersburg Exchange.

PARIS, KENTUCKY, R. R. No. 3.

Advertising a Sale!

YOU don't leave your rig in the middle of the road and go to a fence-post to read a sale bill do you? Then don't expect the other fellow to do it.

Put an ad in this paper, then, regardless of the weather, the fellow you want to reach reads your announcements while seated at his fireside.

If he is a prospective buyer you'll have him at your sale. One extra buyer often pays the entire expense of the ad, and it's a poor ad that won't pull that buyer.

An ad in this paper reaches the people you are after.

Bills may be a necessity, but the ad is the thing that does the business

Don't think of having a special sale without using advertising space in this paper.

One Extra Buyer

at a sale often pays the entire expense of the ad.

Get That Buyer

The Fashionable Bred Three Gaited Stallion

Red Cloud, Jr.

will make the season of 1917 at our barn at Jackstown, six miles south of Carlisle, at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

RED CLOUD, JR., is by Old Red Cloud, the greatest son of Indian Chief.

1st dam by Time Onward; 2nd dam by Nathan; 3rd dam Abdallah Bruce; 4th dam, Pacing Abdallah.

TIME ONWARD by Onward, 1st dam Nettie Time, the greatest brood mare that ever lived.

RED CLOUD, JR., is 16 years old this spring; 16 hands high; brown; two white feet; star and snip. He is a natural high acting horse and is a road horse proper. His dam out of the dam of Whirligig, record 2:10. Old Red Cloud was conceded the best son of Indian Chief and Red Cloud, Jr., is the best son of Old Red Cloud.

From the same blood that produced $10,000 Glorious, Lou Chief $3,500, Montgomery Chief, $5,000, and Lady De Jarnet came Red Cloud, Jr. He has proven himself a sire of merit, producing horses of the three-gaited type that are so much in demand.

Also at the same time and place

RUBE 7513

the fine premium jack, coming seven years old, will make the season at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

$15.00 FOR JENNETS

RUBE is a fine black jack, with white points, 16 hands high, good style and action with good heavy bone, has been shown in two show rings, each time wearing a ribbon.

Also at the same time and place

SCOOP

SCOOP is 15 hands high, extra heavy bone, good head and ear, coming 4 years old. Will make the season at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Lien retained on all colts got by the above stock. Money due when colt comes, mare parted with or bred to other stock without our consent. Care taken to prevent accidents but not responsible should any occur.

Nicholas Home Telephone.

McConnaughhay & Son,

R. F. D. No. 1 CARLISLE, KY.

J. M. Berry offers for season of 1917

BERRY'S PRIDE

a shire Draft Stallion, who is conceded to be the best draft horse ever offered for service in this community. Not only a perfect individual in every respect, but has proven himself a sire of the greatest merit: a sire of the most uniform set of colts ever produced here and a sure foal getter, scoring live foals 80 per cent. of mares served. We have refused several tempting offers for this horse, as we believe he is without a peer as a producer, standing 16.1 hands high, of perfect coloring, a dark dappled bay, star and blaze, two hind feet white, whose dam and sire's combined weights were 4100 lbs. He himself weighing in his 4-year-old form 1800 lbs.

BERRY'S PRIDE is by King Albert IV, 8685; he by Intake Alberh, 20596, he by Loching's Alberh 15695.

1st dam by Imported Hickson Blase.

2nd dam by Imported Reeseller.

TERMS $10.00

Regulator 3420

This jack is the only living son of the jack that Mr. Sam Ralls, of Bath county, says was the greatest sire of show mules he ever showed. This jack sired the Crockett mule which we showed at Paris, Ky. winning the sweepstakes in her class. This mule was out of a medium sized mare and at the age of 8 months measured 56 inches and weighed 700 pounds. We know him to be a great sire and a sure foal getter.

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING FOAL.

We have proven to our community that Scientific Breeding is the surest and safest way and will use this method this season. We can breed as many as six mares at one service, so call us and we can take care of you. Breeding hours 8:00 a. m. and 4 p. m.

Care taken to prevent accidents or escapes, but not responsible should any occur. Lien retained on colts got by above stock. Money due in all cases when colt comes or mare is parted with.

J. M. Berry,

MOOREFIELD, KENTUCKY

Postoffice address, Carlisle, Ky., R. 2.

The Full-blooded Percheron Stallion

PRINCE

will make the season of 1917, at my barn at Burktown, about one mile southwest of Carlisle on the lower Jackstown pike, at the low price of

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

Prince is a beautiful sorrel, 5 years old and weighs about 1,650 pounds; he is eligible for register and is one of Mehery's finest colts. You want to see him before going elsewhere for the draft stock. Prince was purchased from John Burns of Ohio, some weeks past, who claimed him to be a fine breeder. Prince was much admired by interested stock breeders at the exhibit of stallions on the streets of Carlisle on horse show day.

Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible should any occur. Lien taken on the produce of the above stock until the season money is paid.

At the same time and place will offer the services of the fine young jack

BUSTER

At $8 for horse mule and $10 for mare mule.

Buster is coming 4 years old, 15.3 hands high, with large head and ears, heavy bone and a half brother to the jack I sold to U. G. Saunders and which he sold later for $887.50. Buster was sired by old Dr. McCord, a better jack the county never owned, and is out of my old jennet which has always proven to be a large breeder.

ALSO

BLACK DAN

AT $6 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

Four years old, 14¾ hands high with good head and heavy bone; sired by a jack owned by Gus Curtis of Robertson county, and out of a large jennet owned by me.

W. T. BARLOW,

CARLISLE, KY.

Legal Blanks for Sale at This Office

The Imported Percheron Stallion

MEHERY

No. 43498

imported from France by J. J. Crouch & Son of Lafayette, Ind., and will make the season of 1917 at the farm known as the Valley View Stock Farm, half mile east of Carlisle on Carlisle and Sharpsburg pike, at

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

MEHERY is solid black, with star in forehead, 16¾ hands high, weight 1,850 pounds, and is a fine specimen of his breed.

This horse possesses the six most prominent points which constitute a good horse, viz: style, size, action, bone, muscle and color.

The colts of this breed of stock are today bringing more money than any other breed of horses.

At the same time and place the fine young jack

BOB

will make the season at

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

Bob is coming five years old, and a fine individual, having large bone, size, head and ear and color. He is by Nicholas Duke, premium jack formerly owned by B. T. Henry, that sold for $1,600, and out of a dam by Van Deren's jack, he by Tibb's jack.

Also coming four-year-old jack

ERNEST

with practically same breeding as Bob, and will make season at

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible should any occur. Lien taken on the produce of the above stock until the season money is paid or bred to other stock without our consent.

MATHERS & DUNCAN

Carlisle, Ky.

The Fine Young Percheron Stallion

SALA

will make the season of 1917 at my stable, two miles west of Carlisle, on the Pleasant Spring pike, at

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

SALA is six years old, solid black with star in forehead and weighed 1800 pounds as a four-year-old. He is the most perfect type of the Percheron breed and all who have seen him claim him to be the finest they ever saw. He is in excellent condition this spring and we anticipate a good season for him.

This stallion has fine style and action, with heavy bone and muscle, fine mane and tail and is one of the finest six-year-old Percheron stallions in the state of Kentucky.

SALA is one of the finest sons of Mehery No. 43498 who was imported from France.

His dam, Mollie, is by the fine bay draft horse stood by W. P. Shrout, a black mare and fine individual.

Money due when colt comes, mare parted with or bred to other stock. Lien retained on all colts until season money is paid. Care taken to prevent accidents, but not responsible should any occur.

John M. Hamilton,

Carlisle, Ky., R. 4. Home Phone.

The Pure bred percheron Stallion.

JIM

Better known as the Will Young horse. Jim has good weight, gray of color and one of the best breeders of the country. His colts are always large and sell at high prices. If you are looking for stock for general farm service you will make no mistake in procuring his services. He will make the season of 1917 at

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

BEN

Ben is a black jack fifteen hands high, coming 4-years-old, with white points, good ears and heavy bone. He is a full brother to McConnaughhay's premium jack Rube. Terms:

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Lien retained on all colts got by the above stock until season money is paid. Money due when colt comes, mare parted with or bred to other stock witout my consent. Care taken to prevent accidents but not responsible should any occur. This stock will make the season at my barn known as the Wake Young place 6 miles south of Carlisle, on the Upper Jackstown pike. Nicholas Home 'phone.

RAY. S. HAMILTON,

CARLISLE, KY., R. R. NO. 1.

Collingwood Connor

Will make the season of 1917 at my stable on the Harbett farm, one-half mile from Ishmael Chapel at

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

Collingwood Connor was sired by Neddie Connor, 2:09; his dam was Collingwood, 2:15¾, his dam, Sarah C., registered. Neddie Connor was the greatest show horse ever shown in this section and this horse is said by those who know him to be a pure type of his sire. He is a dark bay with black mane and tail, 16 hands high, plenty of speed and style and will weigh 1250 pounds in breeding condition. He is 8 years old this spring.

At the same time and place, the FINE JACK

Big John

Will make the season at

$8 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

John is 15 hands high, with big ear, heavy bone and plenty of length. Sired by Black Ralls and out of a Rhode Island Jennet.

COMMENDATIONS

Sylvandell, Ky., Mar. 21, 1917.

To whom it may concern:

In regard to the grey jack Elgie Whitaker sold at Carlisle, I never saw grey or sorrel mule from him. Gets more mare mules than any jack.

Geo. B. Whitaker.

I have known this jack for seven years. He has sired $100 mules from mares that were very common.

Sidney Florence.

Money due when colt comes, mare parted with or bred to another animal. Lien retained on colt until season money is paid. Care taken to prevent accidents, but not responsible should any occur.

T. B. Vaughn & Flora Brothers

MYERS, KY.

The Fine Percheron Stallion

Black Sam

Registered No. 23891.

foaled May 1st, 1910, bred by J. Clinton McGovney, West Union Ohio; weighs 1750 pounds; 16 hands high; black as a raven. He is a sure breeder and is claimed by many to be the best type of a Percheron stallion they have ever seen. I consider myself to be a good judge of the heavy draft horse, and Black Sam is the best that I have ever seen. He will make the season of 1917, at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

BLACK SAM is by Padis 13860 (46698); he by Jules (37987) out of Poule (28217) she by Vulcain (472). Jules (37987); he by Villiers (8061); he by Briard (1630); he by Brilliant (755) he by Brilliant (756); he by Coco II (714); he by Vieux-Chaslin (713); he by Coco (712); by Mignon (715); he by Jean-La-Blanc (739).

BLACK SAM'S dam was Suze 9854; she by Cabestan 5401 (10752) out of Virginia 6098; she by Dillion 2155. Cabestan 5401 (10752); he by Romulus (4443); he by Sansonnet.

Also at the same time and place, the Fine Young Saddle Stallion,

Blue Diomed

No. 5915

will make the season at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

—ALSO—

Kentucky Star, Jr.

No. 704

a fine young Jack six years old, large bone, good head and ear and has white points.

KENTUCKY STAR, JR. was sired by Kentucky Star and his dam was Mary Belle; his grandsire was Day Star No. 22. This fine individual was purchased of John Burns of Manchester, Ohio, and will make the season at $8.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

Money due when colt comes or mare is parted with. Lien retained on colts until season money is paid. Not responsible for accidents should any occur.

L. B. Barton

MYERS, Ky. HOME PHONE

The Beautiful Combined Stallion

Emerald Cloud

No. 3745, A. S. H. R.

will make the season of 1917, at the I. C. Taylor barn, Bartervilie, Ky., at

$10 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT

EMERALD CLOUD is a beautiful bay stallion eleven years old, has star and snip, with left hind ankle white, 16 hands high perfectly sound, with fine disposition, exquisite conformation, grand style, action that is high and natural, can show a fast gait at the trot or rack. Sired by Emerald Chief, 2132, by Bourbon Chief 976, by Harrison Chief 1606.

First dam Maude Cloud 5760, by Red Cloud 2197, by Indian Chief 1718, by Blood's Black Hawk. 2nd dam Bird, by Billy Means, by Carlisle Chief 2575, by Stums' Clark Chief. 3rd dam Bradshaw's Black Hawk.

EMERALD CLOUD is a splendid harness horse, has all the points of a stallion for breeding purposes. After two week's handling, was exhibited at the Montgomery County Fair in 1911 twice, winning one first and one second tie.

At same time and place

Nicholas Duke, Jr.

the fine six-year-old jack, 15 hands high, bred by the late G. W. Bramblett, will make the season of 1917 at

$10 MARE MULES. $8 HORSE MULE

NICHOLAS DUKE, JR., is by Old Nicholas Duke, 1441, he by Donnell's Napoleon, he by Tim Kerns' jack, he by Old Yelberton, he by Alvarado. First dam, Ella Ralls 906. 2nd dam, Ralls' Cora. 3rd dam Eliza Henry.

First dam of Nicholas Duke, Jr., by Handsome Duke 383. 2nd dam by Kentucky Star.

Money due when colt comes, mare parted with or bred to other stock without our consent. Not responsible for accidents or escapes should any occur. Lien retained on all colts until season money is paid.

Taylor & Brierly

Bartervilie, Ky. Phone I. C. Taylor

THE FINE PERCHERON HORSE

BIG JIM

has all the splendid qualities of the Percheron type that should make his services in demand in cases where stock breeders are looking for the heavy draft animal. He stands 16 hands and weighs 1700 pounds. He was sired in Ohio by Big Mammoth, possibly one of the most noted Percheron stallions of that State. This splendid individual will make the season of 1917 at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

At the same time and place THE FINE BLACK JACK

Dr. Yelberton

5537

a black Jack with white points, 16 hands high, weighs 1200 pounds, will serve MARES at $10 and JENNETS at $25 to insure a living colt.

DR. YELBERTON was sired by Robert T. 1854, he by Yelberton Jr., Jr., he by Alvarado. Robert T's first dam by Saunders Brothers Jennet Jack. Ben Henry says this is the best bred jack in the State, and we would like to call your attention to the fact that there are only a few, if any, in the State, that have the height, weight and fine breeding qualities of this jack.

DR. YELBERTON'S first dam was Violet, registered 821, bred by W. L. Caldwell, Danville, Ky., and sired by Caldwell's Brigiolle.

The above stock will make the season of 1917 at G. W. Bramblett's stable, Millersburg, Ky., better known as the Horace Linville property.

Lien retained on the produce of the above stock until season money is paid, mare parted with or bred to other stock without our consent.

RALLS & BRAMBLETT,

MILLERSBURG, KY.

BLACK CHAMPION

Black Champion is a fine Percheron stallion, six years old, weight 1,675 pounds. He has fine style and action. $10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Sired by Brown Henry, he by Stephon, (registered). Brown Henry, 1st dam, was sired by Old Davy, imported stallion. Black Champion's 1st dam Maud, weight 2,000 pounds. Full blooded Percheron, imported stock.

HOLLAR'S PRIDE.

Coming four. Sired by Nicholas Duke, Henry Brothers' fine jack. 1st dam sired by the Old Burns jack. $10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

DUKE.

Coming five.

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT. Duke is a full brother to Hollar's Pride.

GUY.

Coming four.

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

This jack was sired by Dr. McCord, Jr., a well-known jack. Guy's 1st dam a large black jennet, owned by Nathan Linville.

The above jacks are all black, with white points, large heads, ears and bones. We invite all breeders to look at our stock and we think they will be more than pleased with them.

We will not be responsible for accidents or escapes.

Lien retained on all colts for season money. Money due when colt comes or mare parted with, or bred to other stock without our consent.

E. S. HOLLAR & SON,

Carlisle, Ky., Route 3.

CHARLEY

a beautiful black, coming 12-year-old stallion, will make the season of 1917 at the farm of D. W. Booth, 2 miles north of Carlisle on the White Chimney Pike, at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Charley has fine style and action, strong bone and well muscled, weighs 1450 pounds. His dam was a red Norman, bay in color, without any white. His dam and grand dam were sired by imported horses. Charley's sire was the imported Percheron horse Radius, at West Union, Ohio, weight 2150 pounds. This horse is a sure breeder and his colts are fine.

Dr. McCord III

We are proud to announce to the stock breeders of this county that we have one of Dr. McCord's colts, being a living image of him. He is now six years old, carries all the fine qualities possessed by his illustrious sire. He is 15¾ hands high, white points, fine style and good weight.

DR. McCORD, III, was sired by Dr. McCord, II; he by Dr. McCord; he by Gov. Wood 33. The dam of Dr. McCord, III, was a large jennet owned by H. C. Throckmorton; 2nd dam, Miss McElroy; 3rd dam by Gladstone.

Dr. McCORD will make the season of 1917 at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Nicholas Lad

a coming 7-year-old jack, eligible to register, is one of the finest specimens of jack stock to be seen anywhere. He stands 15½ hands high, with heavy body and large bone and has fine style. To appreciate this animal, interested stock breeders should see him. Of the many jacks we have owned we doubt if we have ever had a better, Dr. McCord included. He is sure to make his mark in the county as the leading jack. We will offer his services to a limited number of mares at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Casey Jones

a coming 7-year-old jack, 15½ hands high, black with white points, will serve a limited number of mares at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Possibly more $100 mule colts sold from these jacks than from any other jacks in the county.

Care will be taken to prevent accidents, but will not be responsible should any occur. Lien taken on the produce of the above stock until the season money is paid or bred to other stock without our consent.

Booth & Fanning

Carlisle, Ky., R3.

THE DRAFT STALLION

Brack Davis

is a full blooded Percheron and will make the season of 1917 at my stable 2½ miles north of Carlisle on the farm known as the Parker place at

$10.00 TO INSURE A LIVING COLT.

Money due when colt comes, mare parted with or bred to other stock.

Lien retained on colt until season money is paid.

BRACK DAVIS is 10 years old, fine color, sorrel, 16¾ hands high, has fine mane and tail and good form, weighs 1550 pounds.

BRACK DAVIS was sired by Mehery, owned by L. B. Barton, of Myers. 1st dam by Old Davy, a fine imported horse.

All mares bred to other stock after trial made by Brack Davis the charge is 50 cents.

W. S. DRAY,

Rfd 3, Carlisle, Ky.

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