Under Fire

By Richard Parker

Based on the drama of Roi Cooper Megrue

Author of "UNDER COVER" and Co-Author of "IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE"

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SYNOPSIS.

The chief characters are Ethel Wilson Beasley, Henry Grosshaus and Capt. Von Bernstorff. Ethel is the daughter of Dr. Beasley, dispenser of the British electricity and Charles Brower, a New York broker. Grosshaus is a German who is a nephew of Dr. Beasley's wife and recently married to Stresalman, a German spy. Von Bernstorff is a German officer who had charge of the aid loaned Belgium, France, Russia and Servia. Grosshaus, Stresalman and Von Bernstorff have betrayed her simply to learn naval secrets. Ethel, who is in love with Brower, is also in love with a French aviator.

In this instalment you got an unusually interesting picture of how the German troops took possession of Belgium's cities, towns and farms and industries. You get a picture to make you hate war and its perpetrators more than ever your finest sympathy. And the picture is moving picture plot allegation goes forward with speed.

CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

A peasant, half-mad, has stopped at the inn to warn its people that the enemy is approaching.

"Hurt?" he cried. "Hurt? You don't know 'em. They come into my house and, nasty as you please, wanted food. My old woman started to argue with 'em. She wasn't scared them, and one of 'em took hold of her by the arm. Maybe he didn't mean anything, but she didn't understand, and she threw a dipper of cold water in his face like any decent woman as would—and they shot her. They shot her for that! Civilian assaulting an officer, they called it. . . . I was out in the fields. The neighbors came and told me. And I hurried home to find her dead—her that hadn't done nothing—dead! . . . And I lugged out of the window—and I shot two of 'em—and then I run. How I ran! . . . And I couldn't get me—and they won't get me!" The half-crazed peasant looked about him suspiciously, right and left, wherever he saw a head stick out of a window, or a figure turn in the way. "They're coming! They're coming! The Germans are coming!" And after him poured the scurrying rout, all crying the same dread warning.

Charlie Brown was getting all the color the most sanitizers reporter could have coveted. He turned a no her face to old Christophe.

"This is going to be fun, old man!" he said.

"It's like some hideous nightmare," Ethel exclaimed.

"Yes, madame—and this is not the beginning," Christophe informed her gravely.

Charlie Brown remembered then that Madame de Lorde, as she wished to be known, still lingered there. And he did not like the thought of her facing that oncoming German horde.

"If you'll go with me, I'll come to you if you want me—if there's any danger," he said.

"Yes—yes! And oh! those poor, poor children!"

"Hadn't you better close the doors?" Charlie suggested, indicating.

"Why, no—I think it is only have to open them," Christophe replied. "It is not at all a house to fasten."

"I wish I had your nerve," Charlie told him. "I'll be back directly with my gent. It's the truth."

Christophe, in a quick, subdued sound, emptied caution.

"M'sieu', they are here!" he warned him.

He had scarcely spoken when the first of the gray-clad invaders was no mentarily fronted in the open window

"You Are Quite Safe, My Child."

He rode a bicycle—that forerunner of destruction, and a fine, cross-looking youngster he was, one of the pick of the German army. He peered into the room, suspiciously, he pedaled deliberately to the door, he dismounted, he took his time about his coming. After he had passed the inn he turned his machine and threw on that he might seize a quick but comprehensive glance at its interior. Contented with full fighting kit, as he was, he showed none of the fatigue that had all but overcome Charlie Brown before he arrived at the Lion d'Or. On the contrary, he looked fit as a priefighter, trained to the minute. He looked his sole assistant as he put on a second pair out of the window.

Charlie found great of them much lonely. He was conscious of a mighty admiration for those two lubricators who rugs in the great German military machine. The thing might happen any moment.

Perhaps they are not afraid, are they? Anyone might put them from a window. The thing might happen any moment.

Perhaps they are not afraid because they know if they are killed they will be well avenged," Christophe answered. And then he said, "Really, m'sieu, do not speak English. I ask you to go. It may be easier for me. . . . Please, m'sieu, speak French."

The American reluctantly left the window. He did not want to make a single detail of that amazing spectacle. He had looked out of the window for one big innkeeper to say needless trouble to the other big innkeeper.

"I don't know where to find you," he said. A band was playing outside. Every moment the sound were growing more distinct. And Mr. Brown had hardly disappeared to regions above when a German corporal led a squad of eight men briskly into the Lion d'Or.

CHAPTER XIV.

Ethel Makes an Impression.

Those German lufantrymen were a formidable-looking company to descend upon a peace-loving innkeeper such as Henri Christophe. It was, indeed, no wonder that he viewed them with apprehension, as they stood there at attention and stared sullenly into his startled face. It seemed to him that wherever he looked he met the determined, unsmiling gaze of some broadshouldered eye of one of those formidable men. Christophe was not a coward by any means. In the very way there was in his bosetery. Henri Christophe could not help feeling that even as they would crowd every house in Belgium. To him and to every other innkeeper they were a disguised God to swarm over and left, wherever he saw a head stick out of a window, or a figure turn in the way. "They're coming! They're coming! The Germans are coming!" And after him poured the scurrying rout, all crying the same dread warning.

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LOSS IN GRAIN STRAW AND CORN STOVER

HAY IN COMPETITION WITH STANDING FORAGE.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The waste in the United States of a vast quantity of feed materials that could be in one of the important factors in causing high meat prices, according to Part IV of a comprehensive survey of the meat situation in this country, recently completed by the department of agriculture. The figures to make use of this wasted material, says the report, has diminished profits from cattle feeding, has unnecessarily increased the cost of meat production, and has discouraged many farmers from growing crops that would add to the cultural activities in carrying on cattle raising.

According to the report the loss in the form of straw and corn stover alone is more than $100,000,000 annually. Much of this waste could be prevented economically when fed to cattle. Conservation of this class of concentrated feed, straw is especially valuable in carrying the breeding herd through the winter, fattening stockers, and as a supplement to hay rougage for fattening cattle. Stover, too, is an excellent feed for wintering cattle, especially mature breeding cows. Nevertheless, in many sections of the country where these products are abundant, little attempt is made to feed them, and in fact, straw is in good demand in Europe.

The value of these feeds is far better known to the farmer than here. For example, feeds annually 25 pounds of the value—each of her mature cattle, the United States approximately 24 pounds. Furthermore, the European feeder is aware of the fact that the high protein meat feeds are more expensive to buy, is more scarce, and that the feeding value of straw is seldom sold on the domestic market because the difference between the two is not learned its value. Cottonseed and linseed cake, for example, are well known of the oil meals, but there are many kinds of by-product feeds equally for profitably extended. Both peanut and soy bean meal and cake, for instance, are in good demand in Europe.

The feeding value of these and other feeds discussed in the report is of the same general character as the common feeds usually fed to animals, because the digestibility of the nutrients is practically the same. The chief difference between these feeds and the common feeds is in the ways in which they are fed and in the ways in the selection of enormous waste.

MAKE HIGH-COLORED BUTTER

Green Grass Richer in Carotin Than Any Other Dairy Feed.

Green grass is probably richer in carotin than any other dairy feed. Cows fed on it produce butter high-colored, and the milk from cows fed on alfalfa, bleached clover hay and timothy hay is also high-colored. The cream from cows fed on the milk from cows fed upon it is also high-colored. It is of course, indisputably true that the breed has some influence the color of the milk fat; but very the ration and there will be a corresponding change in the color of the milk fat in each breed.

"Is the butter of this 'ere 'ere 'ow's' Lowdo, ⓑ bodyfat is frequently of such a deep yellow color that the butchers and consumers look with distrust upon it. Ignorance and prejudice are this prejudice there is absolutely no foundation. The yellowness of the fat springs from the same causes as the yellowness of the skin. Therefore there is no reason for objecting in one case to the very thing that is prized in the other.

GOOD DEMAND FOR DRAFTERS

Every Farmer Should Have as Many Mares as Can Be Profitably Kept by Buying Weanlings.

Raising draft horses on the farm is found to be a profitable industry for many years to come. Every farmer should have as many draft mares as he can afford to keep.

The best way to start is by buying weanlings or yearling fillies. There is always a ready market for good drafters at $250 to $300 per head and they can be raised on more than a horse they would sell for $100.

CARING FOR LITTLE CHICKS

Something Wrong With Feed When Youngsters Are Making Poor Growth—Send Will Help.

Poor growth and lack of thrift among young chicks usually indicate something wrong with the feeding. A few grains of sugar added from time to time to the drinking water will help to keep the chick in still living on the yolk of the egg taken into the body just before hatching.

TIME FOR CUTTING ALFALFA

Postpone Task When There Is Moisture on It in Form of Dew or Rain—It Spoils Hay.

If possible, cut alfalfa when there is no moisture on it in the form of dew or rain. Outside moisture is much harder to get rid of than inside moisture and the grass and the grass is more apt to mold. Alfalfa cut when there was dew or rain in the morning seldom can climb up and down, but the stems are too stout for washing and heading of ore. Aerial rapeseed are used to keep the down to a place where water for concentration is available.

Paradoxical Dining.

"I expected a square meal today," said Mr. Dimpsey, after dining one.

"That's like a woman's logic. How can you give a man a square meal with a round of beef?"

Inappropriate Industrial fatalities in August numbered 346.

By-Product Coke Oven.

The iron industry of this country has been responsible for the development of a marvelous rate. There are produced by the by-product ovens plants in the United States, which do not recover ammonia, tar and light oil (crude benzol).

In the vast majority of the plants also surplus gas is recovered and utilized either at the plant itself or by distribution to consumers in pipelines. There are possibly two or three very large by-product coke plants at which tar and ammonia are not recovered for disposal to the outside markets, but these would certainly represent considerably less than 1 per cent of the total by-product coking capacity of the country that is now equipped with beehive-recovery plants, and the by-product coking plants now under construction have either contracted for the necessary equipment or indicated a strong probability that such provision will be made.—Philadelphia Record Chemical Engineering.

Their Merits.

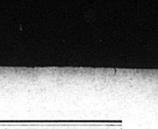
"I like the dog as a reliable animal; he's always ready to stand pat."

"And as to the cat, all so much purr-

It's all that the name suggests!

Wrigley quality—made where chewing gum making is a science.

Now three flavors:



Have a package of each always in reach

Don't forget WRIGLEY'S after every meal

645

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00 shoes for Men, Women and Boys.

Over One Million Wearers of W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers.

Why W. L. Douglas Shoes Are the Best Values for the Money

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes. The value is guaranteed by over 40 years' experience in making fine shoes. The prices are the same everywhere. They are no more in San Francisco than they are in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than any other manufacturer. The smaller profits of W. L. Douglas shoes are possible because of the enormous production of the largest factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest mail order shoe business in the world, and the direct distribution from factory to wearer through 107 stores and agencies. Their great buying power, the best leathers, the most skilful workmen, and the perfect organization and methods of manufacturing, and the determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your retail dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he can not supply you with the kind you desire, send direct to factory, enclosing price and size wanted. Shoes sent everywhere. Catalog free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 149 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

FIND VOLCANO IN MINDANAO

Recent Eruption Was Apparent, Lieutenant Donnelly Says of the Discovery.

Mindanao has a new volcano, according to the Mindanao Herald. Lieutenant Donnelly, while on a hike into the interior of Lanao province, discovered an active volcano in the Pagayungan range of mountains, which heretofore was not known to exist. Lieutenant Donnelly says of his discovery in the following report:

"June 5, 1916, the undersigned, in charge of a combined detachment of the First Cotabato company, and the Fourth Moroland provisional company, on reconnaissance patrol from Kiguad northwest through the Pagayungan mountain range, came in sight of an active volcano which from all indications has recently erupted a discharge of ashes and which emits steam and gases.

"Owing the fact that foliage to the forest on the mountain sides three miles away from the volcano has not been damaged through its flame, but smoke or light ashes, I am inclined to believe that the eruption occurred and had been partially destroyed, leaving the whole interior and the sides and leaves retaining their form, it was thought that the eruption had been recent. At all events, no recent that the eruption had been recent. At all events, no recent that the eruption had been recent. At all events, no recent that stripped the fragile remnants of the burned foliage."

The Darker Side.

"Does the possession of a car help you to make friends?"

"Only to a limited extent," replied Mr. Cumrox. "When I occasionally make a friend of a stranger by giving him a lift in town, I nearly always lose our the enmity of numerous pedestrians by trying to show him how fast my car can go."

Hidden Compartment.

"You'll like this refrigerator, sir." "Why so?"

"It has a secret drawer for a pint bottle."

A new typewriter attachment automatically feeds envelopes or cards into a machine to save an operator's time.

Florida and New Mexico are thunderstorm centers. The Pacific coast is freest from them.

Adds to the Joy of Living—

It isn't alone the deliciously sweet nut-like taste of Grape-Nuts that has made the food famous though taste makes first appeal, and goes a long way.

But with the zestful flavor there is in Grape-Nuts the entire nourishment of finest wheat and barley. And this includes the rich mineral elements of the grain, necessary for vigorous health—the greatest joy of life.

Every table should have its daily ration of

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum Cereal Co., Limited, Windsor, Ont.

HAD NO USE FOR MAHOGANY

When First Introduced Into England Workmen Complained of the Hardness of the Wood.

Like the use of a great many of the factors connected with the arts and sciences, the introduction of mahogany of the grain of mahogany for furniture purposes is a matter of comparatively modern contemporary. The story goes that a certain Dr. Gibbons had some wood brought back to England some planks of which were given to his brother, a London cabinet maker building a house on King street, Covent Garden. But the carpenters found the wood too hard and tore objected, and the plan for using it was dropped.

Some time later Mrs. Gibbons wanted a candle box and the doctor sent out the mahogany to a cabinetmaker, in his turn the cabinetmaker objected to the hardness of the wood, but the doctor insisted so much in the end that the order was finally carried out.

The cabinetmaker had polished so nicely that the owner could see his face in it, and was delighted with the result. The cabinetmaker displayed that in his workmanship he had overcome the difficulty. The Duchess of Buckingham saw it and begged enough of the wood to make a bureau and table, and mahogany furniture soon came after into fashion.

Electricity Vs. Courtship.

A prominent resident at Seal Rock this week had a narrow escape from the repeated thefts of electric light bulbs from his premises. He had kept watch and caught a well-known young man unscrewing the bulb from its socket.

The young man begged for mercy and said the light interfered with his courting in the vestibule of the house on the street. The prosecutor replied that the vestibule had no electric light, and he was rewarded soon by the announcement of an engagement, followed by a June wedding.—Indianapolis Star.

In a Sure Place.

First Undergraduate—Have you taken anything to the old man for money?

Second Undergraduate—Yes.

"Not an answer?"

"Yes. I telegraphed the governor 'Where is that company I wrote for?' and he wrote 'Casia, in my pocket.'"

Sleeping in England.

Several hundred persons are totally born each year in England. Many of these are born in the streets, and the newspapers now and then sign in merry Christmas to the effect that the baby was