NOW DIFFICULT TO CONVICT

UNDER EXISTING LAW BRIBE GIVER AND BRIBE TAKER CAN GO UNPUNISHED.

IF PRUDENT AND DISCREET

Peculiar Legislation Makes It Almost Impossible to Get Conviction Says Judge on Giving Reason.

(Special Frankfort Correspondence.)

Frankfort, Ky.—"Until the legislature some proper to change the existing law, the bribe giver and the bribe taker, if they are prudent and discreet, may go unpunished," said Judge Carpenter in the opinion of the court of appeals, reversing the Pike circuit court in the case of W. T. Romes, who had been convicted of selling his vote in the 1915 election for $4, and was fined $150 and disfranchised. The law requires that where there is a single witness to election bribery there must be "strong corroborative evidence." In this case Jim Rainey testified that he was present when Romes has pledged to vote "the whole Republican ticket." Romes denied it.

It was an circumstantial evidence because "circumstantial evidence is that which tends to connect the accused with the particular crime under investigation. When the accused is put on trial, charged with the commission of one distinct offense, having no immediate or circumstantial connection with any other offense or any other person or thing, is well settled that evidence of the commission of other like offenses is not admissable. Now, the court said, was it conducing to show Romes' general reputation as a bribe taker. The court continued: "that this legislation makes it extremely difficult to secure the conviction of guilty persons is plain, for bribery is a secret crime, and only the participation of the bribe giver and the bribe taker to complete it, and it seldom occurs that these evil doers commit the offense in public or in the presence of other persons, or under conditions that would permit corroborative evidence of their guilt."

Unable to Address Club Women.

Governor James B. McCreary will be unable to address the State Federation of Women's Clubs here next month, as had been planned, because he had accepted a previous invitation in connection with the reunion of the Confederate veterans at Richmond, Va., and was, therefore, unable to comply with the request of the clubs to deliver an address at the club meeting. Governor McCreary will be a guest of Confederate veterans at that time, General Bennett H. Young, of Louisville, who went to Frankfort to see Judge and Governor Henry C. Stuart, of Virginia, who write him an urgent request to attend, urged him to attend this meeting of the veterans under the Stars and Bars and the Governor could not refuse.

Revising Payment of Bonds.

Suit over $39,000 in bonds issued in 1910 by Estill county to aid in the construction of a road from Irvine to Ravenna, twelve miles, has been filed here now the Louisville & Nashville has argued in the court of appeals here. The bonds are held by J. C. Stone, of Louisville, and J. C. Stone, of Lexington, Estill county, in the name of J. D. Wise, a taxpayer, is resisting payment of the bonds on the ground that the conditions were not fulfilled by the contractor of the road through which Beatrytown. The bonds were issued in amount to more than $50,000. John E. Todd and A. E. Purnell appeared for the bondholders and Judge J. P. Hobson for the Estill county taxpayers.

State Seeks to Collect Penalty.

Suit has been filed in the Franklin circuit court by Commonwealth's Attorney Vernon Bradley against the Short Cut Junction & Cincinnati street railway for $10,250 alleged to be fines of $50 the day for the delay incident to its road to replace the equipment taken on the amount its franchise agreement was raised by the board of valuation and assessment for 1912. The suit was filed on May 1, 1914, and the company paid its tax of $2,190 but the commonwealth's attorney seeks to collect its penalty.

Great Affaffa Growing Possibilities.

M. G. Hughes, Carlisle county, the demonstration work in Western Kentucky, and Prof. J. H. Cornett, state horticulturist, made a trip through Hickman county with County Agent Gale to determine the possibilities of alfalfa in this county. They found the soil especially adapted to alfalfa and say that it can be made a highly profitable crop here.

Kentucky Quarantine.

The state board of agriculture and the live stock sanitary board will meet in Louisville for the purpose of modifying the restrictions of the quarantine of the state on account of the foot and mouth disease." It is likely that the board will adopt a order revoking the bulletin prohibiting "county court days and other public gatherings" and has stock in the state for breeding purposes. It is believed the board will release from quarantine all of that territory in the state that is now known as the Danville district.

No Change Made in Tax Rate.

The rate for Frankfort for the ensuing year will be $1.70, the same as heretofore. Of this 16 cents is for the public schools. The city council adopted a recommendation fixing the rate. D. B. Richardson was elected tax collector.

Revenue Collections.

Collections in the local office of the collector of internal revenue have reached a total of $7,146.67, an 170 per rate of winky taken from the bonded warehouses.

Low Salaries For Teachers.

Salaries paid to schoolteachers in the mountain region of Kentucky are very small, according to a report just issued by the Federal Bureau of Education. The compiler of the report is Norman Frost, whose experience in connection with Berea College at Berla, Ky., has given him recognition as an authority on education in the mountains. The average salary for teachers that in one mountain county of Kentucky the average salaries paid to teachers are from $220 to $280 a year. In seven counties the average is $240 to $280. In ten counties the average is $280 to $300, in seven, $300 to $320; in three, $320 to $350, and in one, $360 to $380, this being the high-water mark.

The average value of school buildings in the Kentucky mountain region is correspondingly low. In one county the average value of school buildings is less than $100. In eight it is from $100 to $200; in seven, from $200 to $400; in six, from $400 to $600; in five, from $600 to $800; in two, from $800 to $900, and in one, from $900 to $1000. There are still many school buildings of the log cabin type, without glass in the windows and with home-made benches. The annual expenditure per child in ten of the Kentucky mountain counties is less than $5, and in 17 other counties is over between $5 and $6.

Kentucky Enrollment Lower.

So rapid is the progress being made in educational matters in Kentucky that Barksdale Hamlett, state superintendent of public instruction, announced that there are 8,140 rural school buildings in Kentucky. Practically every one of these buildings is equipped with modern improvements and many of them are modern schoolhouses. The total number of school children reported is 586,218, as against 598,213 reported for the preceding school year. This number is divided into 272,115 males and 266,003 females among the white children, and 27,196 males and 26,904 females among the negro children. There are 20,000 children in 122,222, as against 129,810 the previous year and 5,000 more children, as against 56,541 for the previous year.

National Guard at Owensboro.

The annual encampment of the Kentucky National Guard will be held for ten days at Owensboro, beginning July 15. Adj. Gen. J. Tandy Ellis made a trip to Owensboro and reported to Governor McCreary that the fair grounds would be put in fine condition for the encampment. All requirements were met by the city of Owensboro, and the report Governor McCreary and Adj. Gen. Ellis announced that the encampment site has been selected. The regiment consists of the three regiments of infantry, with their bands and two field corps.

Signs Name on Unique Tablecloth.

Governor McCreary affixed his signature to a unique tablecloth, which was designed by Miss Elizabeth Grange, N. J., which he will exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition. The governor is the great seal of the United States in gold leaf, with the signature of President Woodrow Wilson, and surrounded it are the seals of the forty-eight states in gold leaf and all bearing the governors have signed their names on the blocks.

"It's All a Mistake," Says Governor.

Governor McCreary was the guest of honor at the meeting of the Kentucky Association of Women Clubs in Louisville March 18 and 21 and deliver an address on the day. He was misquoted in the newspapers that I will speak to the Woman's Club to be held in Lexington in a month. I have not received an invitation to speak at the meeting and I do not know if I will accept or even being present."

Rules on Road Tax.

In computing taxes the year the value tax of 5 cents on the $100 value on the property for road purposes is to be added to the regular tax rate, and not to be computed by itself, is the Attorney General Garrett has given as his opinion to County Attorney Bryant, of Jefferson county, to the effect that this is the proper procedure.

Farm Land Increased.

The state board of equalization fixed the assessment of farm land in Martin county tax per cent and in Knott county tax, and raised the assessment of Grant county 10 per cent on the ground that it was too low. The assessment of Graves county was lowered 10 cents an acre.

Death Sentence Affirmed.

The court of appeals affirmed the death sentence of Turner Grain, Jr., convicted in the Harlan circuit court of the murder of Robert Bowling, who was waiting to arrest his Decoration Day, shooting James Wood, deputy marshal of Upton.

Fire Protection Association Formed.

The Interstate Forest Fire association was organized at Jenkins with 150, the men represented from Letcher, Knott, Pike and Floyd counties, Kentucky, and Wise and Dickerson counties, Virginia. The Consolidation Coal company, of Jenkins, gave the meeting quarters, and it is expected that it soon will have 200,000 members. Another meeting will be held at Jenkins May 15 to hear addresses by Governor Stuart, of Virginia, and Governor McCreary, of Kentucky. It is expected that 5,000 will be established in Eastern Kentucky under the auspices of the organization.

Right To Levy Road Tax Stated.

The rights of a fiscal court to levy a road tax, regardless of whether the road is to be improved under contract or under the supervision of county officers, was not affected by the repeal of the old law and the enactment of the good roads law of 1914, the court of appeals said, affirming the Breathitt circuit court in the case of Russell county against County Judge A. Hogg Hill, Judge Hurt writing the opinion. The old law provided a limit on the amount that could be levies for road purposes.

CHINA FACING WAR

ULTIMATUM SENT BY JAPAN—GIVES 48 HOURS TO COMPLY WITH DEMANDS.

MAY END EUROPE'S WAR

If Mikado's Government Enforces Threat Germany and Great Britain, as Well as Russia, Will be Seriously Affected.

London, May 4.—A Japanese ultimatum to China, issued the day before, grants a delay of forty-eight hours. **War Seems Certain.**

Washington, May 4.—China has given her final reply to Japan. She has accepted some demands in principle and will reject it. Japan then must make good her threat to use force or back down.

This is a matrioit, in the situation in the far East. It has aroused the tremost concern in Washington and London. It is greatly to Berlin, because if Japan and China become involved in war the former can no longer render any assistance to Russia. Cut off from the Japanese supply, Russia will not be able to continue a vigorous offensive against the Germans and Austrians and the allies will be weakened. Note is taken of the fact that the relations between the British and Japanese governments are not the closest and certainly not such as to allay a fear of aggression against China.

Capture of Tsingtau.

At the moment when Japan is looking to a greater foothold of the far East it has looked out that Paul M. Neill, the American consul at Tsingtau, China, will come home the latter part of the month. There are reports that the minister has been recalled and will also come home.

Some diplomats go so far as to be that the Japanese ultimatum to China would lead to a settlement of the European war. Germany, it is said, may be in a position to take care of their outside interests in the Far East.

Sea Deadlock in Europe.

In Europe there same diplomats say, a deadlock has been reached in northern France and Belgium. This is due to the fact that there is a heavy cost in men and money. Germany is willing to withdraw from Belgium and northern France and to compensate the country for damage by reviving in return colonies in Africa. Lord Lansdowne has stated that Great Britain is the far East. It is said that Germany is willing to stopping the European strife is in her give attention to them.

The United States has been using its good offices with Japan in order to not to go to war with China, but on the present developments indicate the result has been nill. Either the Tokyo government has determined by force to obtain compliance with its demands or it has decided to let it make the threat and then postpone action. The government here is inclined to believe that the Japanese are engaged in a game of bluff. It is familiar with Japanese diplomacy and knows that it is accompanied by the Tokyo government.

China Will Face War.

Everybody is on tenterhooks characterized that has come from Peking as "a crisis." Yuan Shi Kai, President that has decided to accept war rather than submit to the ultimatum of Japan. It demands which destroy the sovereignty of China. The Chinese have backed up practically all of the people of China, and they are ready and necessarily resist the Japanese is of course impossible. The Chinese army and navy are not in a position to fight, but it is short of ammunition and is still pressed for arms and cartridge factories are at work night and day in the government of war. It is believed in Peking, however, that the Japanese will be backed in arousing the people and that the government will be able to continue to cause them to intervene. Japan has months of the Chinese territory.

REJECTS TEUTON SUGGESTION

Text of American Note to German Foreign Office on Sinking of Lusitania.

Washington, May 4.—The state department made public the text of the American note of August 28 to the German foreign office on the sinking of the Lusitania by William P. Frye by the raider Prize Eitel Friedrich. The United States demands prompt reparation for the German aggression and the punishment of the officer responsible for the sinking and the destruction of the ship and the question of the payment of the amount of indemnity be submitted to a prize court. Germany's proposal that the matter be settled by diplomatic negotiations, pointing out that the sinking of the Lusitania was part of Germany already has been adopted and that the status of the claimants and the amount of the indemnity are the only questions remaining to be settled.

AIRSHIP SINKS SUBMARINE

Berlin Says British Undersea Vessels Were Driven Off and One Destroyed.

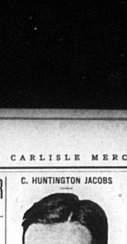
Berlin (wireless to London), May 4.—A British submarine was sunk by a German airship dropped bombs on several British submarines in the North sea. One submarine was sunk.

Unhandy Coins.

Among the strangest coins in the world are those used in certain out-of-the-way towns and villages in Algeria, French Algeria, on the west coast of Africa, and called the "manillas." Every one of these coins is made of brass and has two extremities flattened out like a pair of ears, with the edges of each of the ears, forming slights of an inch thick, the rest of the coin being circular. Such a "manillas" seven of these queer coins are equivalent to one quarter, so that a dollar's worth would be an uncomfortably heavy load!

Not His Preference.

Little Johnny's mother was late in a hotel, and the hostess served roast beef. He had brought Clara Bright home with him to supper and was anxious to show the hostess that he knew what he was about. He asked her how she liked her roast beef. He had brought Clara Bright home with him to supper and was anxious to show the hostess that he knew what he was about. He asked her how she liked her roast beef. "I don't like it very much," she said, "I prefer a horse."



C. Huntington Jacobs of Los Angeles, who is the author of the poem "Good Mis Lies" which won the prize in a recent literary competition conducted by the incident causing Prof. Kuno Meyer to resign as exchange professor at that university.

GERMANS RUSH TROOPS AND GUNS TO BELGIUM

Preparations Are Being Made for Grand Assault Against the Allies in West Flanders.

By HERBERT TEMPLE.

London, May 4.—Preparations are being made by the Germans for a grand assault against the British and French troops defending Ypres in West Flanders. The German general staff is pouring troops into the region by railways, north of Dunkirk, in Belgium, and by the roads from Lille and Roubaix. Ten thousand troops have been moved westward to ward the Ypres-Dixmude front.

Railway lines running from Germany into Belgium are glutted with troop trains and endless processions of cars bearing artillery, ammunition and provisions.

Reliable advices are that the Germans have decided on to try for another drive against the French coast, first delivering a series of smashing blows against the Ypres and Dixmude fronts. The Germans are said to have massed an idea of trying to retake their lost position in West Flanders and drive northeast of Ypres, to drive by the allies. The Germans are said to have been re-formed westward of the Antwerp-Brussels line, forming the new British line, which now lies west of Malines and is being strongly fortified. The importance of the capture of Zeebrugge and four other minor positions in West Flanders by the British is underscored by British military experts.

Berlin reports further gains in Flanders. The British are said to be in retreat and suffering heavily.

Sir John French, in his message to the British war office, admits that the Germans gained a foothold on Hill No. 60, southeast of Ypres, under cover of poisonous gases, the use of which was not known to the allies.

WILL AFFECT "SLAVE" CASES

Judge Geiger of Federal Court of Mobile Holds Recent Marriage Nullifies Government's Case.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 4.—A decision involving important cases which arose in all parts of the United States and which will be an important precedent, was rendered by United States Judge Geiger here today. The case when he ruled that marriage nullifies the government's case against white slavers. The decision was handed down in the case of two Italian actors, Eugene Kusmiere and Edward Kiuprosnel, accused of taking Gertrude Lange to Milwaukee. The Lange girl testified that she had destroyed $750,000 worth of her property on Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

First "Savings Chips."

One of the best ways of cooking potatoes was accidentally discovered through the unpopularity of a strain. When the line from Paris to St. Germain was opened, the first train carried an official party, for whom lunch was ordered. The meal was light but soon, and shortly after the train had gone some potatoes were put on a large dish and the passengers were made aware that the train would probably be delayed for an hour, so the potatoes were taken off the fire, but left in the pan. Then came a second message. "Train just arriving," and the potatoes were hurriedly put back to fry again. When the party sat down to lunch the potatoes were brought on with a steak. To the delight of the guests, each chip was then found to be blown out like a small, crisp golden balloon. The cook had unconsciously invented pommes soufflees—Lyon-Cuisine Chronicle.

RUSS LOSE 30,000

AUSTRO-GERMAN FORCES REPORT BIG VICTORIES IN GALICIAN DISTRICT.

MANY OF CZAR'S GUNS TAKEN

Prisoners Are in Retreat After Being Surprised by Enemy Under Ammunition—Large Amount of War Material Captured.

Vienna, Austria, May 4 (via London).—Thirty thousand Russian soldiers, 22 cannon and 64 machine guns were captured in the battle of Warsaw, according to an official statement given out in Vienna.

Capture 25,000 Russians.

Berlin, Germany, May 1 (via London).—The Russians lost 25,000 prisoners to the Germans and Austrians in Galicia in one day's heavy fighting in the Dunajec region, according to an official statement given out in Berlin.

The Austro-German army in which the Germans and the Austrians claim a notable victory. In addition to the 25,000 captured the Teutonic allies took 16 pieces of artillery, 47 machine guns and a large quantity of war material.

Capture 4,000 in Russia.

The same announcement sets forth that in the German invasion of the Baltic provinces of Russia the Germans have captured 4,000 of the fleeing retreating Russians.

The announcement given out by the war office says:

"The soldiers of Russians captured during the pursuit of the retreating enemy in the region of Mitau have been increased to more than 4,000. A large number of cannon, 16 locomotives, 2 railways, north of Suwalki, in Russian Poland, has been captured. Two took 170 prisoners. Russian attacks were repulsed with considerable loss. Failure with heavy losses to the enemy in the vicinity of Ilow, Poland, killed, the disastrous in this engagement. The Russian losses in Poland then were captured by us.

"Near Jedwabne, southeast of Lomza, a Russian night attack was repulsed."

Booty of a Day 21,500 Prisoners.

"In the southern area of the war the offensive movement between Dunajec and the upper of Tarnow and the upper Vistula is progressing well. The booty in the day has 21,500 prisoners, 16 pieces of artillery, 64 machine guns and a quantity of war material of all kinds, the exact amount of which has not yet been ascertained."

Germans Drive Out Slave.

The Lokal Anzeiger's correspondent, describing the German operations to ward Mitau, Russian Courland, says:

"The Germans have driven the Russians out to go to war with China, but on a present developments indicate the result has been nill. Either the Tokyo government has determined by force to obtain compliance with its demands or it has decided to let it make the threat and then postpone action. The government here is inclined to believe that the Japanese are engaged in a game of bluff. It is familiar with Japanese diplomacy and knows that it is accompanied by the Tokyo government.

China Will Face War.

Everybody is on tenterhooks characterized that has come from Peking as "a crisis." Yuan Shi Kai, President that has decided to accept war rather than submit to the ultimatum of Japan. It demands which destroy the sovereignty of China. The Chinese have backed up practically all of the people of China, and they are ready and necessarily resist the Japanese is of course impossible. The Chinese army and navy are not in a position to fight, but it is short of ammunition and is still pressed for arms and cartridge factories are at work night and day in the government of war. It is believed in Peking, however, that the Japanese will be backed in arousing the people and that the government will be able to continue to cause them to intervene. Japan has months of the Chinese territory.

LINCOLN SAYS PAY IS SMALL

"Absolutely Not," He Explains When Asked if $27.50 is Decent Wage for Pullman Porters.

Washington, May 4.—Robert T. Lincoln, chairman of the board of the Pullman company, testified on the condition of sleeping car porters and the wages they receive, before a committee of the United States industrial relations commission here today.

The readjustment of rural service in Germany, which will be completed for Twenty-eight daily routes ceased, and 1,000 rural routes, each average of 63.2 miles, an average of 27.5 per route.

GOSHEN, IND., IS VOTED DRY

Majority in 521 and Saloons Between Will Cease Business on July 31.

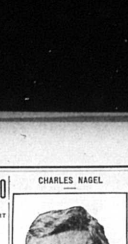
Goshen, May 5.—By a majority of 521 Goshen was carried by the dry in the third local option election in the history of the city. In 1911 it was carried by the wets by 148, and in the wet was by 21 The total vote polled was 2,303 as against 2,303 in 1911 and 2,187 in 1913. Mr. Beckel, chairman of the Thirteenth county committee, who waged the fight for the wets. Eleven saloons will cease business July 31.

U-14 SINKS NINE TRAWLERS

Submarine Which Has Been So Busy Recently Identified—Destroyed $75,000 Worth of Shipping.

Hull, England, May 4.—The German submarine which sank nine British trawlers in the Dogger banks, has been identified as the U-14. The captain said the crew of the U-14 stated that he had destroyed $750,000 worth of shipping on Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

CHARLES NAGEL



Congressional investigation of the appointment of Charles Nagel as a member of the board of arbitration which made the aviation military wage award is demanded by the officials of the labor brotherhoods concerned on the ground that Nagel is not a member.

ALLIED FORCES ADVANCE ON THE GALLIPOLI PENINSULA

Vali of Smyrna Reported to Be Negotiating With Enemy for Surrender of City.

London, May 4.—British troops are advancing into the interior of the Gallipoli peninsula according to an official statement issued in London.

The statement is as follows:

"During the night of May 1 and 2 and the night of May 2 and 3 the enemy launched strong and determined attacks to make against our positions, constantly bringing fresh troops.

"Not only did the allies repulse every attack, inflicting enormous losses on the enemy, but we assumed the offensive, drove the enemy out of their positions and are now advancing into the interior of the peninsula."

In a dispatch from Athens received by the London Exchange Telegraph company the declaration is made that the vali of Smyrna has entered into negotiations with the allies for the surrender of the town.

A Tenedos dispatch to the Daily Mail says:

"Fierce fighting continues day and night. The enemy's losses are enormous. Our losses are small. Our ammunition is increasing. In spite of desperate resistance, we have made steady progress, both on land and sea. The most vital points of the enemy's defenses now are strong by invested."

A dispatch from Athens, filed August, to the Daily News says it has been learned from reliable sources that 5,000 wounded Turks have been sent from Gallipoli to Constantinople, while four large transports loaded with German reinforcements have been sent to the Dardanelles.

CHINA REFUSES JAP DEMAND

Declines to Accede to Kaiser's Ruling Most Important of Concessions.

Peking, May 4.—China has replied to the Japanese demands in a note which accedes only to a few of the demands, definitely refuses to accede to others, modifies the demands in part, and embodied in what is known as the "Kaiser's ruling." China also has informed the Japanese minister, Eki Hioki, a copy of the reply and has asked if he is willing to great, but after persuading the note and the last M. Hioki declared that it was far from complying with the 24 demands as presented by his government. The Chinese plenipotentiaries are the Japanese plenipotentiaries by arrangement at the foreign office and presented China's reply, which, in substance, refused the wounded government demands.

THREE BRITISH BOATS SUNK

German Submarine Makes Raid on Fishing Fleet—Is Chased Away by Patrol Boats.

Aberdeen, Scotland, May 4.—Trawlers making port report that a German submarine sank three British boats within 15 miles of Aberdeen Sunday. The crews of the boats were saved. It would appear that the submarine made a raid among the Aberdeen fishing fleet. In addition to sending two to the bottom, it chased three trawlers for 12 miles. A patrol boat was then seen approaching. Thereupon the submarine was submerged.

North Shields, England, May 4.—The British trawler Sun Ray was sunk by a German submarine off the northeast of the Tyne on Sunday. The crew was saved.

FOUR SHIPS SUNK IN BATTLE

Two German Torpedo Boats Destroyed by British—Two English Vessels Lost.

London, May 4.—In a small naval engagement in the North sea on Saturday two British torpedo boats destroyed and an English trawler were sunk and the British lost two vessels which went to the bottom after a running fight, according to an announcement made by the Admiralty.

RUSSIAN ARMY IS FACING ANNIHILATION

AS THEY FALL BACK BEFORE A TERRIFIC ONSLAUGHT BY GERMANS AND AUSTRIANS.

Teutons Push Forward Forty-Two Miles in Two Weeks' Fight of the War.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

London.—From Pokowina to the Bilica the Germans and Austrians are engaged in the greatest offensive movement yet attempted in this great war of all wars. Battling desperately, but retreating steadily, the Russians in Western Galicia have fallen back their second line of defensive positions. "The American soldiers with the Russian forces in Galicia, writes a Vienna bulletin. The Russians are now retreating toward the Lupkow Pass. An official communication is issued at Vienna by the war office, says: "The last Russian positions on the heights east of the Dunajec and the Biala rivers are gained by our troops. Tarnow was captured by us."

In the meanwhile, according to claims from both Vienna and Berlin, great Russian forces in the Baltic are menaced on the flank by a German force, which, if it succeeds, co-operating with a strong Austro-Hungarian force, will cut off the retreat of the Russians, according to the Austrian war office, penetrated into the Dubla and Jaslo regions.

The battered fighting is proceeding in the region east of Tarnow and in the Carpathians, where the heights of the Teutons and Muscovites are at grips. Berlin says that the Russians are trapped in Western Galicia the Germans are trying to cut off the retreat. Vienna claims that the Russians have taken 40,000 prisoners. Vienna asserts that the Russians have lost 80,000 and 40,000, and that the Third Russian army is in disorder.

In the Western Galician battle the Austrians claim to have captured the Wislaka river, well to the west of the Dunajec, which marks a new advance from a point of the Russian front.

MUST ARM THEMSELVES.

Washington.—Charges that the Pennsylvania railroad Constabulary is used to break strikes and to create reigns of terror in the coal and metallurgical disputes were made to the United States industrial relations commission by James H. Maurer, President of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor and member of the board, who said that in "numerous specific instances of cases in which he said the state police acted against the miners, Maurer asserted that he would advise the union men of Pennsylvania to have dummy guns and how to shoot in order to protect themselves.

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Wheat—No. 2 red $1.00@1.01; No. 3 red, $1.00@1.01; No. 4 red $1.00@1.01.

Corn—No. 2 white 80c; No. 2 white 79c; No. 3 white 78c; No. 4 white 77c; No. 2 yellow, 79c; No. 3 yellow, 78c; No. 4 yellow 77c; No. 2 mixed 79c; No. 3 mixed 78c; No. 4 mixed 77c.

Oats—No. 2 white 34c; standard 33c; No. 3 white 32c; No. 4 white 31c; No. 2 mixed 34c; No. 3 mixed 32c; No. 4 mixed 31c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy $21; No. 2 timothy $19; No. 3 timothy $17; No. 1 mixed $19.50; No. 2 mixed mixed $17; No. 1 clover $19.50; No. 2 clover $17.

Eggs—Prime fresh 17½c, fresh firsts 16½c, ordinary firsts 15½c.

Poultry—Broilers, 1 to 1½ lb, 40@45c; fryers, 2 to 3 lbs, 18@20c; fowls, 16c; roosters, 11c; ducks, 14@15c; geese, 12@14c; turkeys, 8 lbs and over, 18c; turkeys, 8 lbs and over, 20c; turkeys, 10 lbs and over, 18c; turkeys, 10 lbs and over, 20c; turkeys, 12 lbs and over, 18c; turkeys, 12 lbs and over, 20c.

Cattle—Shippers $6.15@7.50; extra $7.75@8.25; butchers, $5.50@7.50; cows $3.50@7.50; heifers, $5.25@8.25; bulls, $5.25@7.50; calves, light $8.25@9.25, good to choice $7@7.75, common $4@6; milk cows $35@75.

Hogs—Selected $7.60@7.70; good to choice packers and butchers $7.45@7.60; mixed $7.35@7.45; pigs $7.60@7.75; stags $4.50@5; roughs $6.75@7.25; heavy $7.25@7.50; light $7.40@7.60; pigs $7.60@7.75; common to fair $5.50@6.50; yorkers $7.60@7.70.

Sheep—Extra $7.25@7.50; choice $6.75@6.75, common to fair $5.50@6.50; lambs $8@8.50.

Veal—Extra $9@9.50; fair to good $8@9, common and large $5@8.50.

Cattle—Receipts 8,000; steady; steers, $5.75@8.25; heifers, $3.50@7.75; cows, $3@7.50; calves, $7.50@9.75.

Hogs—Receipts 21,000; 5c higher; heavy, 7 to 8 lbs, 18@20c; fowls, 16c; roosters, 11c; ducks, white, 6 lbs and over, 14@15c; geese, 12@14c; turkeys, 8 lbs and over, 18c; turkeys, 8 lbs and over, 20c; turkeys, 10 lbs and over, 18c; turkeys, 10 lbs and over, 20c; turkeys, 12 lbs and over, 18c; turkeys, 12 lbs and over, 20c.

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RUSSIAN SPY DISGUISED AS PEASANT

German infantrymen bringing in a Russian spy disguised as a peasant who was caught telephoning to the Russian troops. It will be noted that he is wearing a false nose; also that he is bandaged.

TYPHUS TAKES TOLL

American Doctors in Serbia Stricken by Scourge.

Only Austrian Officers in Prison Seem Able to Resist Ever Spread-Breaking Epidemic—Thousands of Victims.

By BASSETT DIGBY.

(Copyright, 1915, by Chicago Daily News.)

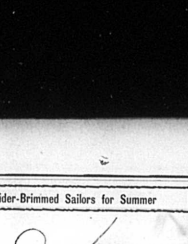
London.—Apparently the typhus fever is not to be stamped out as effectively in Nish as the considerable scourge which prevailed there last year, writes Simon Sunday. She was built at Cam Ha, N. J., in August, 1913, and is one of the company state that her crew at Nish, including the captain, Arthur Ambrosen of least thirty-five men.

Typhus Rages in Prisons.

Flyleaves, England, May 4.—The Germans have captured the fancy of women whose approval spells success in any style this year, it is said.

But sailors of a conservative width in bells are, of all hats, the most satisfactory for summer wear. They fit the head and shape to any dress variations in the size and shape and are so well adapted to wear, the crown brimmed but to different faces. Odd-lose and novelties of trimming make a new and attractive chapter in the story of the sailor.

Three examples of the most successful trims are shown here. They are representative and destined to



The sailor hat made its entrance into the wardrobe of many prominent milliinery with a straight and narrow brim and many novel adaptations of trimming. So much enthusiasm was displayed for this favorite form in the broadway that many variations in its theme were immediate and the public soon showed a preference for the wider brimmed hats. It would be hard to predict just where the limit will end in width of brim, for already big "cartwheel" sailors of black have appeared, to the fancy of women whose approval spells success in any style this year.

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NOW DRINK COLOGNE

Russian Government Still Faces a Serious Problem.

Methylated Spirits, Furniture Polish and Other Deadly Liquors Are Sold in Place of Substitute for Vodka.

By BASSETT DIGBY.

(Copyright, 1915, by Chicago Daily News.)

London.—Apparently the problem of how to stop drinking on a scientific basis is as considerable now as it was when Nicholas Romanoff, the Russian Sunday. She was built at Cam Ha, N. J., in August, 1913, and is one of the company state that her crew at least thirty-five men.

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U. S. SHIP TORPEDOED

GERMAN SUBMARINE'S ATTACK KILLS THREE AMERICANS—DISASTER OFF SCILLY.

CAPTAIN KILLED BY SHOCK

Oil Steamer Gulflight Bound From Port Arthur, Tex., to Rouen With Cargo of Naphtha—Vessel Towed to Port by British Craft.

London, May 3.—The American oil steamer Gulflight was torpedoed in the English channel on Friday by a German submarine, it was learned today. She was built at Cam Ha, N. J., in August, 1913, and is one of the company state that her crew at least thirty-five men.

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There are lots of dogs that are belonging to children.

Always use Red Cross Ball Blue. Delights the housekeeper. At all good grocers. Adv.

A Funny Joke.

"I bought a phonograph yesterday." "What's a good second investment."—Boston Evening Transcript.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry For Fletcher's Castoria

Beauty for the Gander.

The game had been called on account of darkness at the end of the eighteenth inning, and consequently Bishby was very late for dinner.

His wife greeted him with a smile, but not the kind she turns on when she wants a new gown. There are times when a smile means a row may have noticed.

"Is afraid you'll have to be satisfied with cold steak and potatoes," she remarked, as he handed the hat rack the room. "You look positively refreshed to play extra innings."

Dramatic Criticism.

The final curtain had fallen and the audience was fastening its coats out of the playhouse. In the lobby was a group of the leaders of the town, a personage with an abundant beard and a long frock coat, which under bewilling brows—in short, the well-known Mapleshade Dramatic Club, George Dersant Shaw.

"He has a curious form," said one fluttering lady to another fluttering lady, as they passed out into the cold.

Had Been it Done.

"Let us play we are married," said little Gladys to her little brother my daddy and me. Shes baby, papa?"

"Why, I don't know exactly," I will say. Don't bother me now, I want to be alone with my paper."

Modicrity Expresses Itself in Variety.

Modicrity expresses itself in variety, but the variety is not the way of those who possess it is to write a popular song.

IN A SHADOW

Ten Drinker Feared Paralysis.

Steady use of either tea or coffee affects delicate nerve centers, especially the pneumo (ineffective) contained in the brain, causing a weak, nervous system, but when it is considered that tea and coffee are the only drugs that when the coal is removed, it is realized that they should be secondary of their kind.

The woman who can direct a nervous or who nervous herself, can make herself, can make herself, can make herself very narrow heading, with an edge of narrow val lace, tiny ribbon, and a baby ribbon run through the heading adjusted the bodice to the figure.

A val insertion is let in the bodice about the top and in a lattice pattern with a little ribbon run through the lattice and in the lower edge, with a little ribbon run through the lattice. The bodice is gathered in at the shoulder and also to the band of insertion which confines it at the lower edge of the sleeve. A small pattern in embroidery adorns the front of the bodice at each side of the fastening, and a strip of those attractive little alphabets, numbers and buttonholes. Like nearly all the new models the sleeve is gathered to the waist line, and is finished there with heading and band and adjusted with baby ribbon.

The use of crepe de chine in sleeves and commends itself to the

Dresden Bird Cages.

Among the new and novel things offered for the home are the dresden bird cages. They are of white enamel, gardanded with delicately colored flowers of the same material and are so practical as they are beautiful, for they can be washed with soap and water and so kept fresh and clean. They are in attractive shapes, some of them are beautiful in themselves and are so adornment to any room they will occupy.

Acrimonious.

"I'll never lend you another cent of money as long as I live," said Mrs. Gadsby.