THE EDGE OF HAZARD

PICTURES BY A. WEIL — BY GEORGE HORTON

COPYRIGHT 1906 THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY

SYNOPSIS.

Frederick Hardy, a fashionable Boston society man, lost his wealth, was disowned by his father and went to a friend's in Idaho. Hardy's father died and he returned home to Boston, on his journey through Chicago he met Hughston, Neville, supposedly a Russian nobleman, who was an engineer in Russia. Because of suspicious circumstances they were arrested and taken to the police station, where they were searched and found upon his person some papers showing maps of Jap forts. Hardy was released, but Neville was held for not having his passport in his possession. In Neville's stateroom Jap bomb was found and he was sentenced to Siberia for Hardy engaged passage on a steamer, which was wrecked by a Russian torpedo. He was saved by a Russian officer, who was in love with a woman he was well known. He started for Petersburg meeting Princess Romanorna on the train. Hardy boarded a vessel for Amoor, where he had a hair raising experience in a rifle duel. The steamer was wrecked. The princess and her father were saved by Hardy and Hughston and found upon his person Hardy's father. The princess thanked Hardy for his rescue. Manchurians were massacred by Russian troops. Hardy, Hughston and the princess were rescued upon the Pushkin's decks. An attempt was made to poison the princess. Hughston's Chinese were imprisoned accused at Hardy's solicitude for the princess. Hughston received a message, sent for help was refused, swam to shore to the aid. To put an end to the attempt on the princess life the Russian out of the winner, taking with her the princess. Hardy's father died. Hardy was left a fortune. Hughston's Chinese were released. Hughston's Chinese were released. Hardy's father died. Hardy received a letter from Hughston, who was in jail for his rescue