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THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Synopsis of the President's Message Sent to Congress Monday.

YELLOW FEVER.

The President tells briefly the history of the pestilence. Its introduction, spread and the measures taken to control it and to relieve those who suffered. The great and drift of what the President has to say on this subject is toward the assistance of a national quarantine law; but having directed the attention of Congress to the subject, and urged that some action be taken, the President leaves Congress to devise means of protection or to provide for such an official inquiry as will lead to future legislation.

CONDITION OF THE SOUTH.

The President believes that, on the whole, the condition of the South is better now, but better than it has been in former years. Peace has prevailed except in a few localities, and the result of the late election has not been effected except by about half a dozen Congressional districts, by anything which occurred either just before or during election day. The investments in South Carolina and Louisiana are entirely set forth, and the determination of the Executive to enforce the law of the United States in those States is announced. No new legislation on this subject is asked for, but the opinion is expressed that under the present law, and with the present judicial machinery, offenders against Federal law can be punished, if Congress will only make a sufficient appropriation to pay the expenses of investigation and prosecution. There is in this part of the message no attempt to excite party or sectional strife, or to arouse or to alarm any class of people of the United States, but a calm, straightforward recital of facts and of what the policy of the administration is. Of course, there is the threat of military interference if the remedies proposed are civil and judicial.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Having disposed of the Southern question, the President takes up in the order he adopts the subjects discussed by heads of the several departments, beginning with the foreign relations of the United States. The history of the relations and of the part the diplomatic correspondence which grew out of it, and out of the provision added by Congress of its last session for the appropriation for the payment of the award, is briefly told, and the payment of money to Great Britain is reported. No legislation on the subject is recommended.

MEXICAN TROUBLES.

The only other specially interesting portion of this part of the message is that relating to the Mexican border troubles. The President congratulates the country upon having escaped serious trouble with our Southern neighbors, and reports that the condition of affairs upon the Rio Grande border is better than it has been for many years. President Diaz seems to be making an honest effort to prevent the Territory of Mexico being made the base of operations for thieves and raiders across the border, and the military force on the border has been so far successful that no complaints have been received from American residents along the Rio Grande for more than six months.

THE FINANCES—RECEIPTS.

The President discusses at length what in his message is chiefly confined to the resumption of specie payments, which he has already universally known, that the Government is ready, on the 1st of January next, to redeem its notes in specie, is announced, and that no legislation is needed or desired to enable it to do this. Affirming that a sound currency and the best attainment money, gold, standard silver dollars, and legal tender notes, will be treated as on a par, and that the United States will be paid in either which they may prefer.

THE SOUTH'S DEBTS.

The President does not think that any legislation in regard to the silver dollar is necessary now, and does not recommend any.

INDUSTRIAL.

The President expresses the opinion that the industrial condition of the country is improving.

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

The Indian question is briefly discussed, but no recommendation is made. The President is understood to have somewhat enlarged view in regard to the management of the Indians, which he may submit to Congress at some future day, but no legislation would be required to make them effective, and no such legislation is to be hoped for this winter, his plan is not now advanced.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Among the miscellaneous recommendations, the most important are those relating to an increased appropriation for the Congressional library building, and for a building for botanical and agricultural purposes now possessed by the National Museum.

Reference is made to offices in the District of Columbia, and especially to evidence in the adoption of measures for promoting the health of the city.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The most important portions of Secretary Sherman's report are those relating to the resumption of specie payments and the silver dollar. The latter question is fully detailed. In regard to the silver dollar, Mr. Sherman recommends the issue of three things to-wit: First, that the weight of the silver dollar be increased, so as to make it equal in value to a gold dollar; second, that the amount of silver dollars of standard weight be limited; third, that the silver dollar be made a legal tender for only a limited sum. Of these three plans, the Secretary favors the last.

A Southern Editor's Forebodings.

Editor Herald, New Orleans (R.), To-day's news of Wade Hampton—who is trusted to be the solid Gibraltar in the world of a Washington, and a Lee," and who, as prompted in his own victory, "where the "clashes of rather causes harm than good"—that "Reed's medicinal tea and bucku invaluable services until the grand jubilee of 1880 is right and sure." Hampton's election, opposes Governor Hampton's candidacy, and the result of the late election, the Radical Republican party elects Upson & Grimes Presiding and Associate Judges of the United States Senate.

Hilton Republican party elects Upson & Grimes Presiding and Associate Judges of the United States Senate.

The carpet-baggers' party elects Upson & Grimes Presiding and Associate Judges of the United States Senate.

The entire constitutional ticket of the Hilton Republican